JOSEPH MARSH,

" BEHOLD, I COME QUICKLY: AND MY REWARD IS WITH ME, TO GIVE EVERY MAN ACCORDING AS HIS WORK SHALL BE."

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## Poetry.

adi the

Original.

Our Reward is of Grace, not Merit.

BY F. WRIGHT.

Gracious Lord! whose fond compassion Tender love, and gentle care Long have borne with our transgression.
Sinful creatures as we are;
Were it not that pity linger'd Prostrate, pleading at thy feet, And when frowning justice thunder'd, Wet with tears, thy mercy seat!

Surely, we were cleft in twain, May this thought our hearts embolden To return to thee again; 'ho' we thoughtlessly have squandered Time we ought to have improved, And in paths forbidden wander'd Far from thee, whom once we loved!

Yet, once more, in mercy wake us— Rouse these drowsy hearts of ours Thine obedient children make us. Free to use our ransom'd powers; In thy service, who hath called us Thro' redemption and by grace, And as heirs with Christ, ine Fit us-gird us-for the race!

Onward o'er the path of trial May we tread our fearless way
Exercising self-denial— Faith our anchor—love our stay; Oft rehearsing o'er the story Of our promised joy's delight, Till the table lands of glory

(From the English Literalist.)

"The Kingdom of Israel."

Each succeeding dispensation has added somebefore; and this, which is the last, the most dignified and most glorious, seems to have been progressively represented by ALL. The paradisaithe legal by the evangelical; which, as to its present form, will, it should seem, give place at last to that which may be termed THE REGAL DISPEN- complishment of prophecy (and so of typical repriest to bless the people, after the acceptance of enumerate the particulars in which this signifiagain from Jerusalem; till Christ, who is 'not second appearance of the Son of Man. entered (like Aaron) into the holy places made the second time, without sin, unto salvation.

'The Law made nothing perfect,' being only 'a shadow of good things to come;' and yet, under the Gospel, 'we know in part (only), and we prophecy in part; but when that which is PER- the other, by Divine appointment, had no supe-FECT is come, that which is in part shall be done rior on earth. 'The first man' was placed in a away.' 'Now we see through a glass darkly (in an enigmatical manner), but then face to face.' 'When Christ shall appear, we shall appear with him in glory:' we shall see him as he nature tributary: the last was destitute of the reis:' 'we shall know as we are known.' Till fuge of the animal world, a place whereon to lay then, it is 'given' to his true disciples only 'to his head; and acknowledged his dependence in know the mysteries of the kingdom; to others, his civil relation, by condescending to pay tribute

prophecy, or adumbrated by typical institutions, events, and persons; the most remarkable of which will now be briefly considered.

TYPICAL PERSONS.

The first representative of Christ was Adamosesti tupos toy mellontos, who is 'a TYPE of him who is to come.' Our version renders it, 'who is the figure of him who was to come.' Rom. v. 14. It may be questioned whether the word mellon, which has a future reference, can with propriety be thus retrospectively applied, where and it seems as though the Apostle were as of the leth in them; and they shall reign with him ing in the context of that life which is to be masir ifested; and that reign which is to date its commercement in the persons of the saints, rather from the second than from the first advent, when then that receive abundance of grace shall reign in life. However this may be, the Apostle has used the word mellontos, and our translation confirms the remark, in a passage where that kingdom and life are distinctly recognized and identified with the second coming: "I charge thee, therefore, before God and the Lord Jesus Christ, who shall (mellonto) judge the quick and the dead at his appearance and his kingdom.' 2 Tim.

The reader who wishes to observe the use of this word (mellon) in the N. T. may consult the following places: Matt. iii. 7-xi. 14-xii. 32. Mark x. 32. Luke iii. 7-xiii. 9-xxi. 36-xxii. 23, John xii. 4, Acts iii. 3-xiii. 34-xviii. 14-xx. 3, 7, 13-xxi. 37-xxii. 39 -xxiii. 15, 20, 27-xxiv. 25-xxvi. 2, 22xxvii. 2, 30. Rom. v. 14-viii. 18, 38. 1 Cor. what to the glory and dignity of that which came iii. 22. Gal. iii. 23. Eph. i. 21. Col. ii. 17. 1 Tim. i. 17-iv. 18-vi. 19. 2 Tim. iv. 1. 27-xi. 20-xiii. 14. James ii. 12. 1 Pet. v. cal state was succeeded by the patriarchal, and 1. 2 Pet. ii. 6. Rev. iii. 10-vi. 11-viii. 13 in the air,' when, according to his own prophecy

SATION. The prophetical office of Moses, and presentation), suggested by Lord Bacon, and the Levitical priesthood of Aaron, have already adopted by Bishop Horsley, is that which alone under such circumstances will the Son of Man found their antitypes in the 'Prophet like unto can reconcile and rightly divide those portions Moses,' and in the 'more excellent ministry' of of Scripture which speak of a double advent col-Christ; but even these, in the delivery of the Law lectively. This principle will illustrate the type from Sinai, and in the coming forth of the high of Adam. It is not to the present purpose to the sacrifice within the veil, will not receive cant outline of the Messiah's character was filled their perfect and correspondent accomplishment up by his incarnation and offices as the covenant as contemptuous a manner as a preparation for a under the Gospel, until the fulfilment of the new head of his people: all that is requisite is to notice correspondent judgment would now be regarded covenant made with the literal Israel, when the a few of the peculiar features deficient in the by the world which lieth in wickedness. The Law shall be written on their hearts, and go forth first, which remain for exemplification at the

'The first Adam' was formed at once in the with hands,' but into heaven itself, shall come perfection of manhood, and in the fulness of again, an High Priest of good things to come; strength and of stature: 'the last Adam' appeared for unto them that look for him, shall HE appear as a babe; He grew up as a tender plant, and as a root out of a dry ground.' The head of nature was gifted with all his knowledge at once: the Head of grace 'increased in wisdom.' The one was subject by natural relation to his parent: garden of delights: the 'second' was led into a wilderness, and passed through a vale of tears. To the first, all creatures were submissive, all

the second made his soul an offering unto death for sin. 'The first man was of the earth,' and had dominion over it: the 'second' refused the kingdom thereof, and descended into Hades. But when He shall appear again as the Lord deficiencies in the original type will be supplied: the Father of mankind will be fully represented in the glorious Person of his antitype, 'The Father of the age to come.' Isaiah ix. 6, pater mellontos aionos, Alex. Sept. He will quicken the In life. 'To him will be given dominion, and glory, and a kingdom, that all people and nations and languages should serve him.' Dan. vii. 14. All things (will be pu:) under his feet; all sheep and oxen; yea, and all the beasts of the field, the fowl of the air, and the fish of the sea, and whatsoever passeth through the paths of the seas.' Psalm viii. 6-8. His name will be 'excellent in all the EARTH,' for the earth itself shall be renewed. Psalm civ. 30. The wilderness shall blossom again like Eden, and the desert like the garden of the Lord: the wolf and the lamb will feed once more together; the creation cease to groan: all that fell will be restored, and every breach repaired: the natural offspring of the first, who are also found among the spiritual seed of the second Adam, will be admitted to eat of the tree of life, which is in the midst of the paradise of God,' Rev. ii. 7: when the whole mystical body shall come unto ' A PERFECT MAN, unto the measure of the stature of the fulness of Christ.' Eph. iv. 13.

ENOCH, the seventh from Adam,' walked with God: 'he pleased the Lord, and was translated;' Heb. i. 14-ii. 5-vi. 5-viii. 5-ix. 11-x. 1, and thus prefigured those who shall be falive, and remain, and be caught up to meet the Lord of the seventh age of the world, ' the Lord cometh The principle of an inchoate and complete ac- with ten thousand of his saints.

> Noah lived in a corrupt age, and under a general defection of doctrine and manners; and be revealed, according to his own testimony, Matt. xxiv. 37. Noah was a preacher of righteousness, and doubtless gave ample warning of the approaching deluge; but his preaching does not appear to have been successful. The building of a vessel upon dry land was considered in earth. church itself seems to rest contented with the figure, as representing the dangers to which the church militant is at all times exposed, without referring it at all, or, as the Scriptures do, exclusinely, to the great tribulation immediately preceding the second advent; thus inadvertently completing the parallel, and fulfilling the type themselves: 'They KNEW not, until the flood came and took them all away: so shall also the coming of the Son of Man be.' (Matt. xxiv. 39.)

ABRAHAM, as 'the heir of the world' and the father of the faithful, in his call, on the destruction of Sodom by fire: in the barreness of his wife, and his possession of the promises, is an eminent type of his posterity in the latter days. The circumstances of his two sons are declared by the Apostle to be an ALLEGORY, in Gal. iv. 24. 26: 'Agar answereth to Jerusalem, which now is, and is in bondage with her children; but 'Jerusalem which is above is free, which is the mothey are concealed in parables, announced in to Cæsar. 'The first Adam' was 'aliving soul:' ther of us all.'

Considering that Abraham died 1822 years before Christ, and the descendants of Ishmael possess the land promised to Isaac at this very day; considering that God has already fulfilled his promise to Hagar concerning her son, 'I will from heaven,' and as 'a quickening Spirit,' all make him a great nation;' we may be assured that the counterpart of the allegory will be realized on the descent of the new Jerusalem, the antitype of the old; and that the promise to Abraham, 'In thee and in thy seed shall all the nations of the earth be blessed,' will be as literally fulfilled, when the descendants of the bondwomen will be cast out of the land of promise, and the posterity of the free-woman be placed therein, and be 'plucked up no more.'

MELCHISEDEC was an eminent type of Christ. His regal and sacerdotal character has never received its full exemplification, and never will upon earth, till 'the Priest of the most high God' after the 'similitude of an unchangeable order' shall sit upon his throne, and he shall be a priest upon his throne, (Zech. vi. 13); King of Righteousness and King of Peace. AND THIS SHALL COME TO PASS. Read in succession Gen. xiv., Psa. lxxvi., Zech. xiv., Heb. vii., and Rev. xix. 'Melchisedec, king of Salem, priest of the most high God, met Abraham returning from the slaughter of the kings, and blessed him.' Heb. vii. 1. 'At Salem is his tabernacle, and his dwelling-place in Zion. There brake he the arrows of the bow, the shield, the sword, and the battle. He shall cut off the spirit of princes;and is terrible to the kings of the earth.' Psa. lxxvi. Then shall the antitype of Melchisedec be fully manifested, when the Lord of Hosts hath visited his flock, the house of Judah, and hath made him as his goodly horse in the battle.' 'And they of Ephraim shall be like a mighty man, and their heart shall rejoice as through

A priest upon his throne, is the very character which Anti-christ has assumed, and endeavored to maintain; but it belongs exclusively to Christ, on the final establishment of the regal dispensation, on the destruction of the Beast and his army, who fight against the King of kings.

Of DAVID and SOLOMON it is sufficient to remark, in general, that as the former was a type of the militant, so the latter was a type of the triumphant and peaceful state of the church on

TYPICAL INSTITUTIONS.

Of the numerous institutions of the legal economy, three only shall be touched upon, which bear directly on the dispensation in question. No substance under the Gospel has yet, in any degree, been answerable to these shadows under the Law. These are, the Sabbatical Year; the Jubilee; and the Feast of Taberna-

By the institution of the Sabbatical year, every seventh year was sanctified; it was called A SAB-BATH TO JEHOVAH. Lev. XXV. 4. Its privilege was extended to the land: 'A Sabbath of rest to the land.' (Ibid.) Every seventh year, every creditor was obliged to release his debtors: 'He shall not exact of his neighbor, or of his brother, because it is called the Lord's release.' Deut. xv. 2. All Hebrew servants were discharged from bondage: 'Six years shall he serve, and in the seventh he shall go out free for nothing.'-Ex. xxi. 1. Animals were included in the blessing: 'For thy cattle, and for thy beast that are in thy land, shall all the increase thereof be Mayer exchanges sends in tenido metro

But a time is to come, when the creature shall festival in which we [of the church of England] Man with all his saints, be delivered from the bondage of this corruption; commemorate the first advent of the Messiah and there is a Sabbatism which remaineth to will correspond with the solemnities of the third the people of God. The great trumpet shall be great feast of the Jewish year, which, according blown; and they shall come which were ready to its final constitution in the word of prophecy, to perish; and shall worship the Lord in the can not be kept at all till the literal restoration The Reply of J. B. C. on the 'Difficulty messenger' to Israel. I submit therefore, that

and come to Zion with songs, and ever- church exhibit the pattern of a city at unity with lasting joy upon their heads,' Isa. xxxv. itself, and exemplify the character of the true Rule of discussion No. 3, as laid down by the from heaven. John iii. 27. In relation to the

and of the true tabernacle, appears to have exhibited on another mount a pattern, or type, of another and future condition of the church on In the closing scene of the transfiguration, his people. Hence in chap. 45, verse 22, the earth. When 'the former things are passed 'Jesus was found alone;' and 'in the dispensation prophet says: 'and upon that day shall the prince alluding to this same personage (chap. vi. 12, with them, their God.' Rev. xxi, 3.

be evangelical, because the Gospel, which now shall only be changed, and be from that time for blessed word, the first thing due to those from mother's descent, and kingly in virtue of her only commemorates the time when the Word ever with the Lord.

be his tabernacle; 'it will be universal, for 'all bodily senses; and so the nations of the saved, service of that era (which I will presently prove.) hood which such an arrangement of the new covthe ends of the earth shall remember and turn and the heathen who come up to Jerusalem to I cannot understand the writer when he, in enant necessitates, to have a Royal and perfect unto the Lord, and all the kindreds of the na- worship the King, the King of glory, may also separating the beings of the 'future age' into high priest, officiating with and before God, with tion shall worship before him.' Psa. xxii. 27.— walk in the flesh' in the light of that state.— the two classes of in mortalized and non-immor- an everlasting sacrifice—Paul argues there must It shall be, that whose will not come up, of all The one took place on earth, and so may the talized, speaks of the first class as 'above Satan's be a new arrangement from that laid down in the families of the earth, unto Jerusalem, to other. Our Lord warned his disciples on that temptations' [so far we agree.] But of the Moses' law, seeing that law prohibited any other worship the King, the Lord of hosts, even upon occasion, 'Whosoever shall be ashamed of me second. These are the nations Satan 'shall not than a Levite from acting in this sacred capacity. them shall be no rain; Zech. xiv. 17: but the and of my words, of him shall the Son of Man be deceive. Rev. xx. Now as he makes only for Jesus was a descendant from the tribe of Lord will smite the heathen that come not up to ashamed, when he shall come in his own glory, these two classes and yet believes some beings Judah. The previous law, though good in itself, keep the feast of tabernacles; and 'all the na. and in his Father's, and of the holy angels. But must exist for this evil power to receive and was administered by a mortal and sinning priest-

been hitherto exemplified? Under the Law, no of the last days, 'Watch ye therefore, and pray uncircumcised person had any lot in the com- always, that ye may be accounted worthy to monwealth of Israel, nor communion with the escape all these things that shall come to pass, selves one head. The prophet says, Then shall re institution of Temple service with priesthood. ceremonial service of the temple at Jerusalem. and to stand before the Son of Man.' Luke the children of Judah and Israel be gathered sacrifice, &c., among the restored children of The great object of those institutions was, to xxi. 36.

meat.' Lev. xxv. 7. At the conclusion of the separate the descendants of Abraham from F year, the Feast of Tabernacles was kept; the heathen round about them, and from all the na- made use of, and that all the circumstances of class (Ezek. xxxiv. 13; xxxvi. 24; and xxxvii. Law was read; and the Jubilee year ensued, in tions of the earth. Since the substitutoin of the which the great trumpet was blown, and every Gentiles as the spiritual Israel and church of ed, the saints who attended and appeared in the heathen on every side, and I will bring man returned to his possession.' Deut. xxxi. God, no pains have been spared by Christian in- glory, the disciples being yet in their natural them into their own land.' They are to appoint terpreters to make out an almost exclusive claim state, - seeing that St. Peter expressly calls this them a head under divine sanction, to go before It is obvious that under the Gospel dispensa- to the blessings of prophecy yet unaccomplished; —Making known the power and coming of the them when a highway shall again be made out tion nothing analogous to these institutions has no dexterity has been wanted to show, if it were Lord: one event may surely be considered as of Egypt, Assyria, &c. Hosea speaks of this yet occurred. One year is not more sanctified possible, that the figures of the legal economy typical and illustrative of the other. If the apthan another; the land has no remission, and it have already received their full and ultimate appearance of three men at the tent door of Abra. land? yields its fruits relugiantly; creditors exact their plication in the spiritual ordinances, and worship ham in the plains of Mamre be recognized, as it In fact the Scriptures speak of that great and debts with unabating rigor; service has no in. of the Christian church, as already established. generally is, as a type and pledge of the future dreadful day of the Lord, the day of his coming termission; and slavery is not abolished among Christ, it is true, is 'our Passover;' and the incarnation of the Angel-Jehovah, there is, at (Malachi iv. 5, 6,) and declare that Elijah the men. The Feast of Tabernacles has no commemoration in the church; and animals derive ually transferred to the Christian Pentecost; but ifestation on the Mount of Tabor as an evangeli. Again, the prophet says Jesus shall be a stone of no benefit from Divine institutions of any kind. what authority is there for supposing that the cal type of the glorious appearing of the Son of stumbling to both houses of Israel. Isa. viii.

holy Mount of Jerusalem, Isa. xxvii. 13. of the Jews, and the local establishment of the 'The ransomed of the Lord shall return, kingdom of their Messiah? Did the Christian

when 'THE YEAR OF THE REDEEMED' is come, earth would worship before her, and walk in her zance, for I will not only assert, but demonstrate, power, and might, dominion, and every thing God will, in very deed, dwell with men upon light. Alas! 'darkness still covers the nations, his assumptions of the identity of the Prince to and gross darkness the people.' Peter asked be any thing but Bible testimony, or matters of also in that which is to come, under whose feet As Moses was admonished of God when he leave to build only three tabernacles; but three fact. was about to make the tabernacle, See that thou hundred would not suffice for the present promake all things according to the pattern, (ton fessing followers of Christ, that each might chap, to the end, the description and particulars tupon, the type) showed to thee in the Mount, glorify him after his own manner. There is of the Temple to be built consequent upon the Heb. viii. 5; so Christ, when raised up a Prophet like unto Moses, 'a minister of the sanctuary, one Lord, and his name is one;' and one table.

The restoration of Judah and Israel to their own land; David the beloved one, the Messiah, the prince of the sanctuary, one Lord, and his name is one;' and one table.

away, 'behold, the tabernacle of God is with men, and he will dwell with them; and they ed together in one in Christ; the legal, prophetical land a bullock for a sin offering.' As J. B. C. shall be his people, and God himself shall be cal, and evangelical times and persons will all has ventured upon the assumption that the iden. conterminate, center, and end in him, at his tity of the prince in question is an individual ap. bear to the world as king and priest, the fulfilwith them, their God.' Rev. xxi. 3.

Conterminate, center, and end in him, at his they of the prince in question is an individual appropriate in the conterminate, center, and end in him, at his they of the prince in question is an individual appropriate to the conterminate, center, and end in him, at his they of the prince in question is an individual appropriate to the conterminate, center, and end in him, at his they of the prince in question is an individual appropriate to the conterminate, center, and end in him, at his they of the prince in question is an individual appropriate to the conterminate, center, and end in him, at his they of the prince in question is an individual appropriate.

This is a terrestrial state, for it is in 'a new second advent as 'the Glory of his people Israel.' pointed by Israel and Judah, who may present the conterminate to the conterminate This is a terrestrial state, for it is in 'a new second advent as the Glory of his people is rael.

This is a terrestrial state, for it is in 'a new second advent as the Glory of his people is rael.

Moses and Elias appeared 'in glory,' and gave offerings—this assumption being unsupported by offerings—this assumption being unsupported by offerings—this assumption being unsupported by one 'Bible testimony'—I will endeavor to show order of Melchizedec. [Here permit a slight order of Melchizedec. [Here permit a slight digression to refer to the beautiful arrangement digression to refer to the beautiful arrangement digression to refer to the beautiful arrangement digression. that is left of the nations shall go up from year died, and the other was translated without tasting to who the prince is, and to solve the difficulty to year; and it is spiritual, because its object is of death; and this surely may be considered as fig-'to worship the King, the Lord of hosts.' It is urative of the circumstances of the glorious and reason of this PRINCE offering a bullock as a legal, because it is to keep the Feast of Taber. Epiphany; when they that sleep in Jesus shall sin offering for himself and the sinning wornacles, which was a typical as well as a com- be brought with him, and the dead in Christ be shipers. memorative institution of the Law; and it will raised; when they that are alive and remain In this and all the investigations of God's Mary's blood was Aaronic, or priestly, from her

was made flesh and dwelt in a tabernacle of clay It is sometimes asked, whether all the inhabito, and then show just cause for the issue. - offering, (Ezek. xlv. 22) to be presented by (eskenosen), will then be perfectly in the re- tants of the earth will be in this glorious state in Hence I cheerfully admit the contemporary ex- Jesus the 'Royal priest,' must of necessity be demption of the body, and the manifestation of body, as well as in soul; and if they are, how istence of immortalized saints whom Jesus has only for sinners, as the sons of the prince (xlvi. the sons of God, - when the Savior will no can glorious bodies live on such an earth as this? promised to rule over the nations, (Rev. ii. 26,) 16,) are immortalized, they also are a Royal more veil the majesty of his Divine Person, but The best answer will be taken from this typical with sinful, diseased and mortal beings, during priesthood'—the 'spirits of just men made perbe manifested in the glory of God his Father. manifestation. All were not invested with glo- the 1000 years of Messiah's glorious rule in the fect'—having forever been purged of all pollu-The dispensation will be local, because 'in rious bodies on the mount—the Apostles appear 'Age to Come.' (See Isa. lxv. 20; Rev. xx. 2.) tion,—and 'justified freely by the blood of Jesus Salem will to have witnessed the scene with their ordinary Both classes of these will officiate in the Temple economy, are we to look for the fulfilment of speaking afterwards of the kingdom of God, and from whom the great army will be selected. being endowed with the power of an endless life. this remarkable prophecy? In what stage of the Christian dispensation have these circumstances characters and great glory, he warns the disciples he has not quoted correctly: he says then Israel he has not quoted correctly: he says then Israel he has not quoted correctly: he says then Israel he has not quoted correctly:

#### Communications.

of the Prince:' Reviewed,

BY J. LUXFORD.

10. Exactors will be righteous, and violence will be heard no more; 'Holiness unto the Lord, be written on every vessel, and upon the bells of the ancient Israel of God in their converted by Evidence.' With such a judicious restriction to the first branch of the difficulty, the identity of the prince—the Revelator declared to John (Rev. i. 5) that Jesus Christ, who is the faithful witness, the first branch of the difficulty, the identity of the prince—the Revelator declared to John (Rev. i. 5) that Jesus Christ, who is the faithful witness, the first branch of the difficulty of the prince—the Revelator declared to John (Rev. i. 5) that Jesus Christ, who is the faithful witness, the first branch of the difficulty of the prince—the Revelator declared to John (Rev. i. 5) that Jesus Christ, who is the faithful witness, the first branch of the difficulty of the prince—the Revelator declared to John (Rev. i. 5) that Jesus Christ, who is the faithful witness, the first branch of the difficulty of the prince—the Revelator declared to John (Rev. i. 5) that Jesus Christ, who is the faithful witness, the first branch of the difficulty of the prince—the Revelator declared to John (Rev. i. 5) that Jesus Christ, who is the faithful witness, the first branch of the difficulty of the prince—the Revelator declared to John (Rev. i. 5) that Jesus Christ, who is the faithful witness, the first branch of the difficulty of the prince—the Revelator declared to John (Rev. i. 5) that Jesus Christ, who is the faithful witness, the first branch of the difficulty of the first branch of the difficulty of the difficulty of the first branch of the difficulty of the first branch of the difficulty of the first branch of the difficulty of the difficulty of the first branch of the difficulty of the difficulty of the first branch of the difficulty of the first of the horses:' the hallowed jubilee will be kept, state: there might be some hope that her taber- before me, I was led, on perusing J. B. C's. the first begotten from the dead, is the prince of and liberty be proclaimed throughout the land. necle would never be taken down, and none of reply to H. Heyes, to infer that that reply must the kings of the earth, described as exacted in the When the Sabbatical period shall commence, her cords be loosed; but that the families of the have obtained admission without your cogni-

mother and Mary's mother were sisters, hence whom we differ is to grant all they have a right futher's from David.] The provision of 'a sin-

tions shall be punished that come not up to keep I tell you of a truth, there be some standing here gather to battle, I would like to be informed hood; it must be put away and give place to a perwhich shall not taste death till they shall see the whence he gets them? On a perusal of Rev. fect high priest, who by the one offering of his To what period, it may be asked, of the legal kingdom of God; Luke ix. 26, 27: and when xx., it will be seen these are the tempted ones own blood could forever sanctify his people,

together and appoint themselves one head, and Israel. Isa. lxvi. 21; Jer. xxxiii. 21, 21; Ezek.

14. At the time of his advent, the house of Judah only was in Canaan, the tribes of Israel were scattered in 'all countries.' John came in the 'spirit of Elijah' to Judah, but to this time there has been no 'sent and divinely appointed appointment of priests God never has allowed man to choose for him; it must be given him all things are put, who is head over all things

and Mary were cousins. Elizabeth was the

xlviii. 11,] of a superior class of priests called sons of Zadok, whose privilege it will be to come near to the Lord, and minister unto him, with a young bullock, to offer the fat and the in an open hand.—En.] blood, and come near to the table, &c. These will officiate intermediately between the people's priests and the Prince who is then High Priest.

> the priesthood, as David is their really represent of the Good Shepherd, of setting me right on Jesus comes! Be entreated to break down at talive father in the faith. Hence in the priest this all important link in God's great plan; and once before the Lord, lest when the Bridegroom hood, the saints are the sons of Zadok, in the to him is the glory due. Amen. royalty the sons of the prince [Ezek. xlvi. Yours, learning in the school of Christ, 16-18] and in the fait, the seed or sons of Abraham. Eli and his sons were rejected as Woodstock, Ct., June 26, 1852. representative sacerdotal men, because of the wickedness of his sons. He honoring them The Psalms are a jewel cluster made up I will raise me up a faithful priest, who shall do the gems of prayer. according to that which is in my heart and in \ Work is man's appointed task.

The prophet [Jer. xxxiii. 16,] declares David and he shall walk before mine ANOINTED for shall never want a man to sit upon the throne ever. [1 Sam. ii. 29, 35.] Now under the of the house of Israel, neither shall the priests. Mosaic Covenant this 'faithful priest' was Zathe Levites, want a man to offer burnt offerings, dok, who walked before David and Solomon at WHAT is christian holiness? It is not any truth, perhaps, greater and more inspiring than

and meat offerings, and to do sacrifice continu- the time of Absolam and Israel's rebellion one duty: it is not any one trait of character: it any other truth which has ever been made to ally. From this it is incontrovertible that the against the Lord's anointed David, [Psa, lxxxix. is not faith, or love, or joy, or any other of the mortals! Ought not then our christian character perpetuity of David's throne and the perpetuity 20 ] Zadok and Abiather remained faithful christian graces, taken singly and alone—but a to correspond? our faith, our love and every of Levitical ministrations are identical. The with Jenovah and his king. But when David combination of them all together. It is being other of the graces of the spirit to be proportion. Messiah himself taught his disciples they should was about to die, Abiather [who was a descen- partakers of the Divine nature'-(2 Pet. i. 4)- ably strong? Then, beloved, let us in no wise have the pleasure again of drinking the dant from Eli] endeavored to create Adonijah becoming like him who has said, 'Be ye holy, be satisfied with but a shallow experience in the fruit of the vine [used by him then-first in the king in the place of Solomon; while Zodok con- for I am holy.' 1 Pet. i. 15, 16; 2 Cor. vii. 1; things of God: for the that soweth sparingly observance of the passover feast] in that day tinued faithful to David. Solomon ultimately Heb. xii. 14; 2 Pet. iii. 11-14; 1 Cor. xv. 58; shall reap also sparingly; and he that soweth when his Father's kingdom shall be restored to ejected Abiather from the priesthood. 1 Kings Rom. xii. 1; Matt. v. 48; Gen. xvii. 1; Isa. i. bountifully, shall reap also bountifully. Israel. The connection of that promise with ii. 27. Zadok was promoted to the high priest- 4; 2 Cor. xiii. 11. It implies that we both BE- Plainfield, Mass. the future feasts of the Temple is clearly identi- hood in his room. Verse 35. fied. Ezek. xlv. 25. Ye shall have a passover, These are representative events. Jehovah part of the truth only, or obey the truth but in

Hence it is a principle of the kingdom of God anointed forever, even before the greater than commanded. that the Levites shall be priests under the new Solomon when in the city of the Great King, Our friends of the Methodist Episcopal Church continued three days. It was well attended. covenant, as well as under the old constitution. he sits and rules upon his throne as a priest have, in my humble opinion, stopped short of The brethren from different parts came together, Ezek. xliv. and xlvi. testify, They shall bearing the glory of the Lord [Zech. vi. 12, the requirements of God in regard to holiness, desiring and expecting a good meeting, and be ministers in the Temple, having charge of 13,] as the Royal Prince of Israel for ever .- not having given heed to the inspired require. they were not disappointed. The meetings the gates of the house. They shall slay the This beloved one—the Messiah, is the older ment in Heb. vi.—'Go on unto perfection.'— commenced in the freedom of the gospel, and burnt offerings and sacrifices for the people, and brother of the order. They are joint heirs with They have believed a part of the truth, but have they shall stand before them to minister unto him of his title, honor and estate, real and stopped short of believing that truth which was not taken up with business, making laws, them. They shall not come near me, to do the office of a priest unto me, nor to come near to Zadok are resurrected men, who are to be priests of them. They shall not come near me, to do the personal. Hence it is evident that the sons of Christ; that truth of which Christ, the prophets The business of each seemed to be, to have the any of thy holy things in the most holy place. — unto God at the time of the engrafting again of and apostles, spoke and wrote, and held up as mind of the Lord, and to worship him in spirit But I will make them keepers of the charge of the Jews into their own olive, which engrafting the consummation of the christian's hope; that to and in truth. We had no laws to make, for we the house, for all the service thereof and for all is to be commemorated by a national celebration, which believers in Christ have in all ages, been were all satisfied with those made by the Savior that shall be come therein. Their mortality and called adelivering of the Covenant. Ezek. xx. 37. looking forward with joyful anticipations, ex- when he was here. The resolutions expressed, sinfulness are seen in the reason for their pro The New Covenant from Zion. Micah iv. 2. An pecting then to receive their reward; the truth evidently came from the heart—the spontaneous hibition from the office of a priest is stated amnesty is to be granted and they are to be reconbecause of their [previously] ministering before ciled to God through the blood of his Son. They scenes that earth ever witnessed are exceedingly once delivered to the saints, in meekness and idols and causing Israel to fall into iniquity.— are to have a service or order, of worship. To insignificant. All this is disbelieved. And can wisdom. No time was spent in self-justification, This is the ground of their future degredation from their former rank to that of the lowest class of the priesthood, under the new covenant.

Hence as these are not to have a service or order, of worship. To those who thus disbelieve be holy? I think not. Here, let me say, I would by no means say any thing to wound or discourage any one who has kingdom, without a service to perform. There Hence as these are not to be allowed to approach will be a service under the new as well as under not willingly rejected the present truth, but who, the altar to offer the fat and the blood of the sacthe old covenant. Its principal will be moral, on the contrary, is honestly seeking to know, in prayer and conference; preaching afternoon and rifices, nor enter the holy nor most holy place to not typical. The reconciliation of the old covstand before the Lord, [xliv. 13,] the alter and holy places are vacant. There are the nations requiring such a priesthood, [Zech. xi 16-18,] could not perfect the conscience in remitting requiring such a priesthood, [Zech. xi 16-18,] could not perfect the conscience in remitting justly regard those as inconsistent who profess in the Spirit, and continued to increase in insuch that the sins. But under the new covenant when the holiness in the Methodist church, or elsewhere, terest to the close. There was but one expressions in the Methodist church, or elsewhere, terest to the close. who officiate for the worshipers, but are pro- Prince prepares for himself, and for all the peohibited from approaching the Lord. How is this vacancy to be filled up, but by an order that may be permitted to appear before the Lord, to may be permitted to appear before the Lord, to the may be permitted to appear before the Lord, to the line of the land a bullock for a sin-offering, the sent from a portion of the truth of God, and that reconciliation will be a memorial sacrifice of his too, after having been enlightened on the subject, or becoming guilty that they are not so:

We did mish that all who burn the fat and sprinkle the blood upon the conciliation by his own blood. altar; enter the holies, and minister for the This mixed arrangement of the two priested that some, perhaps many among us, fail on love the praise of God more than the praise of world as priests to God and not to the people. - hoods with their distinct offices and sacrifices, the other hand. Remember, we must not only man, could have been present. But we hope,

High Priest, or Prince of Israel, and sixthly, be done away. Jehovah. I will now endeavor by the testimony

[Note.—Please give your proposed thoughts

#### A Confession.

priesthood after the order of Melchizedek. I have taken the position as a public proclaimer this language might not apply to you, or to me. to be set up, that when the last trumpet shall this language might not apply to you, or to me. say representatively, for Zadok means just or of the good news, that there was a certain portion of the prophecies conditional: but in this self no longer, at this critical moment, with the put on immortality. Zadok, who was contemporary, with David I have been guilty of inculcating a gross error. false idea that the mere professed belief of the and Solomon, is their representative father in Bro. F. Wright was an instrument in the hand

R. V. Lyon.

xl. to xlvi, inclusive.; Malachi iii. 4, 5. my mind, and 1 will build him a sure house; Original. Thoughts on Holiness.

HARBINGER AND ADVOCATE.

a feast of seven days; a great national commem- will not only raise up the faithful sons of Levi, part, but that we believe ALL that God has said,

with Zadok and his sons, to walk before his and to the best of our ability, no ALL that he has

while we, I say, condemn them, it is to be fear- praised be his name. We did wish that all who The charm will then be complete, connecting will continue until the end, when the kingdom believe, but also obey the truth—the whole truth, ere long, to meet all the children of God in the the people of all nations of the ends of the earth with the throne of the Eternal. There is first, with the nations; secondly, Israel; thirdly, the Leviticals; fourthly, the sons of Zadock; fifthly, the high Priest or Priest o of you, or any of your readers wish to have

If you, or any of your readers wish to have

Then you are beloved of the Lord. You have

Bro. Marsh:—We would be glad to have sel while you have an opportunity.

in his Word? Let me ask such an one, Did you ever attentively consider that passage in Rev. vince the gainsayer. We want them to come in the spirit and power of Elijah's God. They are representatively styled the sons of Beloved Brethren and Sisters in the Lord:— iii. 18, which says, 'Anoint thine eyes with eye. It is my purpose, by the grace of God assist-Zadok, and are kings as well as priests, a royal Doubtless many of you will remember that I salve, that thou mayest see? God grant that 'have not on a wedding garment,' [Matt. xxii.] yourself what you wish to be. 11,] and can gain no admittance to the marriage

light than any age of christians who have lived Episcopal Church, and a slaveholder,

before us. We have all the light and knowledge which they professed, and the great-the grand—the glorious truth of the immediate coming of our glorified Lord in addition. A

[From the Advent Watchman.]

Worcester Conference.

THE Conference held at Worcester, June 1st,

of the prophets to meet this demand for an inthe nature, order and significance of the Temple
termediate order of priesthood, between the
termediate order of priesthood, between the
service still more amplified, it will afford me
if not, how is it? Answer to youself and to God.

BRO. MARSH:—We would be give us a few lectures:
he gave us one two years ago which set some to Ezek. speaks [xl. 46; xliii. 19-21; xliv. 15; great pleasure to be your servants for the truth's O, I beseech you, turn anew to the Lord; humble yourself before him, and get oil in your ves. thinking. We want some one that can tell us Can any one doubt that this entire and con- Age to Come. We have made choice of Bro. stant consecration of our whole being to God, Wendell, because he knows where to come: but is the standard which he has marked out for us if he can not come, send some one that can con-

Yours, looking for the kingdom, PETER VAN DUESEN. Openheim, N. Y., June, 1852.

Be not angry that you cannot make others the truth in unrighteousness', (Rom. i. 18,) who as you wish them to be, since you cannot make

Death of Henry Clay!

supper of the Lamb.

Remember the words of our Savior, Unto HE died in the city of Washington, Tuesday, June above Jehovah. Therefore Jehovah declared of the gold of doctrine, the pearls of comfort, and whom much is given, of him much shall be re- 29, aged seventy-five years. He was a great statesquired.' We, as a people, have far greater man, an eloquent orator, a member of the Protestant

# The Harbinger & Advocate.

SPEAK THE TRUTH IN LOVE.'-PAUL.

ROCHESTER, SATURDAY, JULY 3, 1852.

#### A FAIR OFFER.

WE have a quantity of Hymn Books bound in lambskin, and we propose to send one of the same, to

distance, which must be pre paid by the persons who order them. Let those who wish to avail themselves of this offer, send on their names immediately. Will our agents and patrons generally, of the pleasure-sceking multitude, as to cause the ofread the Children's Friend? They need it; and we shall be brought out.

#### THE PRESENT CRISIS. (Concluded.)

gin, but in the concrete, they do not believe it .- their unequal strife, and take passage with them, They will readily admit that the Bible is the book where all is pleasure—it makes the condition of of God, enlogize it to the skies, and he filled with those who stand for the truth extremely perilons.

They will readily admit that the Bible is the book where all is pleasure—it makes the condition of the truth extremely perilons.

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They will readily admit that the Bible is the book where all is pleasure—it makes the condition of the truth extremely perilons. of God, eulogize it to the skies, and be filled with those who stand for the truth extremely perilous. Where an is pleasure—it makes the countries of month's tour in the New England States, New York, then the great battle named in Ezek. xxxviiii. and horror to hear its divine authenticity questioned, but If they tire, become careless, and cease to watch, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, gave us a call a few xxxix. and Rev. xix, will take place, at which the when its decrines are defined, and they are swept away by the never-slumbering tide; days since. He spoke very encouragingly of the quired to believe and obey them, they evade their or if they yield to the entreaties of those who float they are swept away by the never-slumbering tide; days since. He spoke very encouragingly of the Lord will be present. Rev. xix. 16.

2. To your second question, we simply say that force, give to them a mystical meaning, make them on its deep waters, they will surely be lost. Many truths of the Gospel, relative to the Life and Death the Bible is silent on the matter, hence we can give

Bible is lost in the thick fogs of mysticism that awake from their slumbers, and gird themselves partial examination, and that others have fully proves nothing about the traffic of which you speak, darken its once clear atmosphere; so that the true anew with the armor of truth.

influence over the church, it is led by other, yet and benevolent designs, in giving life to dying mormeeting is held. A two days meeting in many brought to light. counter influences. As truth has fallen, error has risen; as light has receded, darkness has advanced; as literalism has been abandoned, mysticism has his judgments, and his ways past finding out!"

meeting is neight. It too to go meeting in many places would result in much good. Shall we have several in Western New York?—and where shall they be held?

5. The several passages of Scripture on which several in Western New York?—and where shall they be held? been embraced; as true faith has diminished, infiWe, who profess to take the Bible as our book
We propose meeting the brethren in Orangeport,

Joel ii. 1. This passage we think, has long since delity has increased; in a word, as the plain doc of faith, must necessarily feel the mighty influences Niagara co, Sunday, July 11, and the Saturday pre been fulfilled. 'The day of the Lord' predicted to trines and precious promises of the Bible have been of these degenerate times; like the deadly incubus vious, if it will be agreeable to their wishes. They be at hand, was not the great and final day, but doubted, mystified, and set aside, the doctrines and commandments of men have been received, so that now they form the controlling influences of the now they imperceptibly steal over the unguarded mind, and they imperceptible steal over the unguarded mind, and they impercepti church. These doctrines though contradictory to take off the figure, many do not fully believe the surrounding country. among themselves, and in opposition to the literal Bible! Like the sects, they so mystify much of its word of God, are nevertheless by their abettors, plain teachings and literal promises as to make it | Correction.—Sr. Sarah E. Gleason's donation | verse 14, we are taught that if they will repent and called the holy doctrines of God's Bible! But few mean something entirely different from its plain, for the Worthy Minister, published in No. 441 of turn to the Lord, he will bless them and their land. stop to detect the falsehood, but take it for granted literal and common sense import. Hence the Bible the Harbinger was \$1,00, instead of \$2,00, as &c. But, that this will not take p'ace until the that the Bible is the cause of all this mischief, and is virtually set aside—is not believed. Believing a published. in their blindness reject the whole, including the miserable and silly mystical substitute of the literal Bible, as the work of designing priests. Deceived mortals, they are to be pitied; for in their blind ment that the Word in its literal signification is not zeal, they have thought to reject the Bible, but have credited. only rejected the dogmas of men. They have aimed their infidel darts at that book of truth, with- our settled conviction that unbelief lies at the very

any person who will send us the name of a new subscriber to the Harbinger accompanied with two
dollars. Or, we will give fifty cents worth of our

as given place to unbelief: he doubts many plainly pare them to stand under the most trying circum
stances. This very state of things is sure evidence on Mount Olivet, which will cleave apart, and the pamphlets entitled the 'Purpose of God, or the 24th of Matthew,' by E. R. Pinney, and the Har 24th of Matthew, by E. R. Pinney, and the Har binger for one year, to every new subscriber, who will send us two dollars.

The postage on the hymn books will be 10 cents under five hundred miles and 20 cents over that under five hundred miles and 20 cents over that distance. The postage on each pamphlet will be 2 distance with his fellow men, he will come out right in the end, the trials of the way, he is 'not fit for the kingdom.' or at any rate as well as others, especially if he "We must suffer with Christ," or for his sake, if and there is to be a great destruction, and seven

The Church has joined hands with the world, and

and benevolent purpose is not comprehended, his into every creed-has gathered such mighty strength, destruction of the wicked, and no eternal life, ex difficulty arising from the same against the view we precious promises are not appreciated nor believed, honor and power in every church, as to overbalance and his terrible threatnings are not feared. In a in the public mind, the simple truths of the Bible. fully engaged in propagating these great funda3. Your third question has been answered in our word, the saving truths of the Bible have nearly It is emphatically a day of fables, a time when mental truths of the Bible, and exposing their answer to your first. From the testimony there lost their influence in the church, to say nothing of the world. We might enter into details here, but the world; hence the gospel no longer proves the power labors. He has gone to Buffalo to spend a short antly evident that great events will transpire after they are too numerous for our purpose: they would of God unto salvation to but a humble few who befill a volume—suffice it to say that the entire foun- lieve it. That dispensation of grace has nearly formerly officiated as pastor of a Baptist church. tain of revealed truth, in all its ten thousand done its work of mercy; it will accomplish but a streams, has become polluted with the dark waters have more in the great purpose of God, in saving THE EDITOR is at liberty to hold meetings Lord and his army. Read and believe, and all seemof the great apostacy, and to analyze the whole, perishing mortals. Not, however, because it has on each Lord's day, and Saturday, if thought ading difficulties will vanish. would be a work too great for one short article: lost any of its saving power, but because men will visable, in such places as the friends may desire his 4. The field of prophecy of which you speak is we can only state the facts, leaving others to make not be saved by it. Hence the time draws near, in services, provided they will give us seasonable indeed full of riches, beauty and glory, and has the abundant mercy of God, for the introduction of notice of their wishes, to have the appointments been hardly entered by many who profess to have While the Bible in a great measure has lost its a new dispensation, to further carry out his wise appear in the Harbinger, a suitable time before the an inheritance there. Let its rich treasures be

out becoming acquainted with its contents; hence root of the primary cause of the present sad state they are inexcusable, and must meet their fearful of things among us. Many have partaken of the infidelity of the age—they do not fully credit the Work is man's appointed task.

These influences, the doctrines and on the infidelity that has grown out of explain away the clearest words and most precious and most pre them, when combined with other equally mighty promises of that book; they do not believe them.

If the Bible is true, and we know that it is, our tle? So Ezek. xxxviii. reads to me; for I conceive the rock of truth, and who are clad with the whole armor of righteousness. It is a power that is se and being deceived. This solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth should be impressed as a constraint of the solemn truth shou

#### THE CHILDRENS FRIEND.

FATHER, mother, guardian—do your children all this field of prophecy, and I hope it will be faithin erest themselves in this matter? A favorable of the cross to cease. Such has been the lowering down of the high standard of apostolic willing to see the only juvenile paper that instructs (see margin,) 9, 10, (see margin,) 21, 17, 18ii. 1-7, holiness, that despotic emperors, kings, rulers and their proud and corrupt courts, murderous warriors, which we so highly value, die for want of a little G. DILLABAUGH. together with the unsanctified, covetuous, proud and sinful of every class in high and low stations, four and five hundred dollars a year for its support. Last week we noticed some of the more remote find no difficulty in obtaining a welcome admission Is there not interest enough among us for children Dear brother: we cheerfully reply to your chriscauses which produced the sad state of things that exist in the church, and our present object is to name the more direct cause which contributes to this end; which we think is, unbelief relative to this end; which we think is, unbelief relative to the sale of the world, to a great saving fifty cents a year? Allow them to drink the contributes of the sake of the sake of saving fifty cents a year? Allow them to drink the contributes to the sake of the sake of saving fifty cents a year? Allow them to drink the contributes to the sake of saving fifty cents a year? Allow them to drink the contributes to the sake of saving fifty cents a year? Allow them to drink the contributes to the sake of saving fifty cents a year? this end; which we think is, unbelief relative to the Scriptures. This declaration by many will appear to be unfounded in the facts of the case; for there were never more supporters of the Bible than now: the entire Protestant church, and the Christian world being actively engaged in printing and circulating millions of the sacred volume in every given to be unfounded in the facts of the case; for the world, and against the simple and practical truths of the gospel is mighty—is like the overflowing flood from the mouth of the dragon, that tan world being actively engaged in printing and circulating millions of the sacred volume in every given to her order to be unfounded in the facts of the case; for the substitute of the gospel is mighty—is like the overflowing flood from the mouth of the dragon, that is; for it is abundant. Reader, will you ask yourself if you have not a duty to do in this matter, either to your own children, or, if you have none, tered by the hand of the Almighty.

non essentials, and virtually set them aside as unwho were once strong and joyful in the truth, have question. He informs us that many prominent no light on it. It is said however, of these merbeen caught in one of these fatal snares, and the men among the sects, and belonging to no sect, are chants that they will address Gog relative to the The literal import of the simple truths of the same may soon be said of many more, unless they favorably inclined to give this great subject an im objects of his invasion (Ezek. xxxviii. 13.) but this embraced it, as taught in the Bible, viz.: that man nor where they will be when they thus speak; character of its God is not understood, his wise Error, in its countless forms has found its way is mortal, the unconscious state of the dead, the hence we leave the matter as we find it, seeing no

ing that name, was, at the last advices, dying at Frankfort-on-the-Maine.

and pleasures of this life, -created a power before trials will increase, as the present dispensation draws the battle and great destruction of that chapter the which none can stand but those whose feet rest on nearer and nearer its termination. For 'evil men same as the one in Rev. xix., when the fowls of the

cret in its fatal operations, so that before the un. impressed on every mind, that it may serve to Tarshish be in the land of Palestine, or kingdom, any person who will send us the name of a new sub-

years are faithfully occupied in cleansing the land. Will all this take place after the Lord shall have been reigning in Jerusalem for some years at least?

#### ANSWER TO BRO. DILLABAUGH.

These, we fully acknowledge, are facts which it would be folly in any one to deny, and they clearly demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the aggregate, by the demonstrate that the Bible in the children's Friend. There is to those of others? Then say how much you will give to help sustain the Children's Friend. There is to those of others? Then say how much you will give to help sustain the Children's Friend. There is the children's Frien gathering of the people shall be.' (Gen. 49: 10: John

tains of Israel, where they will be destroyed by the

great and sore judgments were to fall on Israel, and the land of Palestine, as the subsequent portion of the chapter to verse 11 clearly shows. Then, to

Lord shall come, is evident from the subsequent part M. Rothschild, the head of the house bear- of the chapter, which the seeker after truth is requested carefully to consult, in connection with other parallel portions of Scripture.

Isa, xl. 1, 2, 9, 10. 'Comfort ye, comfort ye my people, saith your God. Speak ye comfortably to Death has consigned many a man to fame Jerusalem, and cry unto her, that her warfare is whom longer life would have consigned to infamy. accomplished, that her iniquity is pardoned: for she hath received of the Lord's hand double for all her

sins.' O Zion, that bringest good tidings, get thee ations will not have their fulfilment before the sim ar, for they were not-I and my Father are any of his race, must be derived as a gift, a free Behold your God.'

ther iniquity pardoned,' until the Lord shall come. gether shall drink it in the courts of my holiness.' Ezek. xxii. 27; Luke xxi. 24.

think is affirmed in the tenth verse, which reads, twelve tribes of Israel. Behold, the Lord God will come with strong hand, This testimony of Christ makes it very certain Rev. xxi. 12.

What we mean by saying this proclamation is now being made is, that it stands recorded in the Bible, foretelling what will be the happy and glorithe good tidings of his kingdom will go out not only to the 'cities' of Judah, but to every people under heaven; for after Christ and his chosen shall The Eternal Life of Man is deposited in Jesus, stand 'on the Mount Zion,' the everlasting gospel' the Prince of Life. will be sent unto them that dwell on the earth, and By the phrase the Eternal Life of Man, I mean

Isa. xli. 27. 'The first shall say to Zion, Behold, Eternal Life. This proposion is abundantly proved behold them: and I will give to Jerusalem one that by the following Scriptures: bringeth good tidings.' Read the next chapter and I. John v. 26. As the Father has life in himself, aged, till he have set judgment in the earth; and the me that ye might have life. isles shall wait for his law.' (Verse 4.) Hence III. John xvii. 35, 51. I am the bread of life,

not rest, until the righteousness thereof go forth as will give for the life of the world. brightness, and the salvation thereof, as a lamp that IV. John xi. 24. 1 am the Resurrection and

a new name, which the mouth of the Lord shall then shall ye also appear with him in glory.

Thou shalt no more be termed forsaken; neither From these passages it is clear, that, although a land shall be married.

thy sons marry thee: and as the bridegroom re- terest in the Son of God. He has the principle of

lem, which shall never hold their peace day nor to him that they may receive it. night: ye that make mention of the Lord, keep not He is the Bread of life, and it is just as necessary

he make Jerusalem a praise in the earth.

the way of my people; cast up, cast up the high- late to our intellectual and moral faculties the docway; gather out the stones; lift up a standard for trine of Eternal Life; the doctrine must sustain

of the world, Say ye to the daughter of Zion, Be- ward, that we may attain to its great recompense hold, thy salvation cometh; behold, his reward is of reward. with him, and his work before him.'

the advent of Christ; for it evidently will not have created the heaven and the earth, and that moulded its accomplishment until after that event. It is the dust into the form of a man, and animated him a precious promise of blessings to be given under by the breath of heaven. It was the same lifethe reign of Christ, with a strong assurance given imparting word that 'prepared a body'-an animal in the eleventh verse, that it will be most graciously body, and dwelt essentially or substantially in it, fulfilled. That it will be fulfilled subsequent to the and thus became flesh, which was manifested to Isadvent of Christ is certain from the following ex- rael by the Baptism of John, as the Son of God, and pressions found in it. Thou shalt be termed no therefore, the equal with God; for the grand difmore forsaken; neither shall thy land any more be ference between the Word by whom all things were termed desolate—thy land shall be married.' We created, and the Word which sojourned among the

up into the h gh mountain; O Jerusalem that bring- coming of the Lord, but will be most faithfully ac- One-but in the Life-Word-Creator, assuming or and gracious gift from Him, who alone has it to lift it up, be not afraid; say unto the cities of Judah, This conclusion is made invulnerable by the 8th and 9th verses.

If we understand your views on this prophecy, Isa. xlii. 8, 9. 'The Lord hath sworn by his you think it must be literally fulfilled by some per right hand, and by the arm of his strength: Surely son or persons at Jerusalem, by giving just such a I will no more give thy corn to be meat for thine proclamation there before the Lord shall come; but enemies; and the sons of the stranger shall not we are confident that it teaches no such views; for drink thy wine for the which thou hast labored. Jerusalem and her dispersed people receive no abid- But they that have gathered it shall eat it, and ing 'comfort,' 'her warfare' does not 'end,' neither is praise the Lord; and they that have brought it to-

Eating the corn or bread, and drinking wine in Instead of this glorious prophecy predicting that the courts of holiness,' we think is referred to by a proclamation of comfort shall be made to Jerusa- Christ in Luke xxxii. 18, 29, 30. 'For I say unto lem, it is that very proclamation which has long you, I will not drink of the fruit of the vine, until since been, is now being, and will continue to be the kingdom of God shall come-and I appoint made, until it shall be fulfilled: until the Lord shall unto you a kingdom, as my Father hath appointed in me the fulness, the grace, and the truth are income and end the warfare of Jerusalem, and fill her unto me. That ye may eat and drink at my table with comfort and glory. That he will do this, we in my kingdom, and sit on thrones, judging the

and his arm shall rule for him; behold his reward is that the prophecy under consideration will have its with him, and his work before him.' There will be fulfilment subsequent to the second advent. May no reward given until the Lord shall come, for be we be counted worthy to partake of the blessings hold I come quickly; and my reward is with me.' promised; 'drink wine in the courts of his holiness, or kingdom.'

GRACIOUS GIFT OF GOD, THROUGH JESUS CHRIST.

to every nation, and kindred, and tongue, and peo. that by which the intellectual, moral and corporeal ple.' Rev. xiv. 1-6. Isaiah and John speak in har- existence of a man will be sustained is entrusted to mony on this subject, hence the prophecy under Jesus, who is the vital principle, if I may so express consideration will not have its fulfilment before the myself, of all human intelligence in the world to Life is termed our Life, because all their hope for

you will learn that the 'one that bringeth good ti- so hatb he given to the Son to have life in himself. dings' is Christ, who will 'not fail nor be discour. II. John v. 40. O, Jews! ye will not come to

this prediction must have its fulfilment subsequent he that cometh to me shall never hunger. I am the Living Bread which came down from heaven; pear with him in glory, and not one instant before, wonder at the ignorance of some or disingen-Isa. lxii. 1-7, 10, 11. 'For Zion's sake will I if any man eat of this bread, he shall live forever: not hold my peace, and for Jerusalem's sake I will and the bread that I will give is my flesh, which I

the Life.

'And the Gentiles shall see thy righteonsness, V. Col. iii. 3. Our life is hid with Christ in and all kings thy glory: and thou shalt be called by God. When Christ, who is our life, shall appear,

VI. 1 John v. 11. God hath given us Eternal 'Thou shalt also be a crown of glory in the hand Life; and THIS LIFE IS IN HIS SON. He that hath the of the Lord, and a royal diadem in the hand of thy Son, hath life; and he that hath not the Son of God, hath not life.

shalt thy land any more be termed Desolate; but man may be an heir of Eternal Life, and in that thou shalt be called Hephzi bah, and thy land sense have within him that which springs up to Beulah: for the Lord delighteth in thee, and thy Eternal life, yet the life itself is not an inherent principle of his Adamic or animal nature, but a For as a young man marrieth a virgin, so shall principle that may be acquired by virtue of an injoiceth over the bride, so shall thy God rejoice over glory, honor, and life within himself, and he confers it upon whomsoever he wills. He offers this in-I have set watchman upon thy walls, O Jerusa- estimable boon to the world, but men will not come

'And give him no rest, till he establish, and till feed on the bread which perishes to live the ordinary life of an animal man. We must gli, go through the gates, prepare you the Bread of life-in other words, we must assimi-Behold, the Lord hath proclaimed unto the end them: the subject matter of our faith and hope, and must direct us in our walk, and conduct heaven-

Our first proof agrees with the doctrine of the We are surprised that any one should suppose word as revealed in John i. 1-5. The word was that this prophecy is to have its fulfilment before God, and in it was life. It was this Life-Word that the Son the Life-Word Incarnated.

Light to the world. Hence, in conversation with cause God bestows it spontaneously, that is, of his Scriptures to discover the way by which Eter- which flows from his own pure benevolence, and nal Life may be procured; now these testify, that I love of the race he planted on this terrestrial ball. am he who confers it; and yet you will not come to He saw the wretchedness into which the world was me, the Fountain of Living Waters and drink that plunged: that it had incurred every curse and death your thirst may be all ayed. I am the Eternal Life, itself. What was to be done? To have left it in corporated; and yet, O, Jews! you will not come to it to ultimate extinction. Moved, therefore, with me that ye may obtain the life ye seek? But if they benevolence and love, he instituted a scheme in conhad within them immortality, why needed they to formity with the excellency, dignity, and wisdom of seek for it, or to go to Jesus to obtain it? It would his character, by which to perpetuate the world have been unnecessary, but inasmuch as there was under a more glorious and magnificent constitution no immortality-not one spark of it within them, if even than that which he pronounced to be 'very they would live for ever in any sense they were im- good.' He foresaw that famine, pestilence, and peratively bound to go to him-'who only hath im- war would, combined with all their colateral evils,

nature, how can the immortality of A. B., and C. anchor of the gospel. be said to be hid with Christ? It ought then to read, our Life and Immortality are hid in our selves-in our heart, brain, soul or elsewhere! But n relation to the true believers, Christ, the Eternal come. Eternal Life is personified in him—he is the Eternal Life is embodied in him. Hence he is DEAR SIR:—In your paper of June 10, you our animal bodies, is excluded in toto; for the true ject that the article overlooks or omits.

on this sublunary planet to raise the dead. That in a certain sense, he has this life now. But or justification) as important, in its place, as was it is elsewhere said, that 'ne that eats my flesh and 'the Law' in its? drinks my blood, has eternal life, yet John teaches 2. Does not Moses bear witness to Messiah, as it necessarily follows; that the disobedient, the rejectors, and all who have not the Son, in the true 3. Was not 'the Law shown to be inferior by Scriptural sense, are destitute of all right, title, and its being: 'A school master to bring us to Christ'?

#### PROPOSITION III.

Eternal Life is the free gift of God. By the phrase free gift of God, is meant any not 'the gospel of God' as complete in itself, as the thing bestowed by God as a matter of grace or pure Law? unmerited favor.

of God, and who he is that saith to you, Give me to drink; you would have asked him, and he would and worship) enforced and authorized and made have given to you (hudoor zoon) water of lives. binding by the gospel, save the fourth? The first, is everlasting life by Jesus Christ our Lord.

to be brought to you at the Revelation of Jesus rested nor on the Sabbath Day in earing time and

taking upon himself, in relation to men, the nature confer. This gracious gift is an eternal reward, as of a descendant of Abraham. This assumption, the rejection of those who seek for it in their own however, made no difference as to the innate attri- way, instead of the way appointed by God, will be bute of L fe; hence, said Jesus, 'as the Father has to them an eternal punishment. It is a great relife in himself, so has he given to the Son to have compense of reward which Jesus will bring with life in himself, the Father being the Life-Word, and him; as it is written, 'Behold I come quickly; and my reward is with me,' which, according to Paul The Incarnated Life, Word, named Jesus, was in- is 'glory, honor, immortality and peace' to all who troduced among men as the Fountain of Life and do well. Eternal Life is styled a gracious gift, bethe Jews, he says, in effect, 'you search the own accord. No man prompted him; it is a gift mortality' to bestow—and obtain it on any terms bring the human race to perdition, that it would finally perish and leave but a wreck behind; there-Messiah is the Resurrection and the Life, and no fore he interfered, for 'God so loved the world as to man can enter the presence of the Father, unless give his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth He introduce him; and because he is the Resur- on him may not perish, but obtain eternal life.'rection and the Life, Paul told the Christians of Let us, then, admire the goodness and philanth-Colosse, that their life was hid with him in God .- ropy of God our Savior for this unspeakably ines-But if immortality is an inherent principle of human timable gift, and lay hold on it likewise as the very

(Concluded next week.)

# TO THE EDITOR OF THE SABBATH RECORDER.

called 'Christ our hope.' If he be not risen, their present a selected article, which argues the oblihope is a vain hope, and when they die they perish gation to observe the Sabbath day-the seventh as the brutes. But he has risen from the dead, and day. The premises are so vague, so general or sits at the right hand of God, waiting for the time otherwise exceptionable, that I beg to suggest to appointed for his return to earth arrive; and when that writer some essential, but by him, suppressed hrist, our life shall appear-when he shall be seen facts. It is, however, freely admitted that, The coming with clouds of heaven in power and great Law' says 'Seventh day.' The seventh day was glory-then you also, O true believers, shall ap the divinely appointed 'Sabbath day.' I only 'We know,' says John, 'that when he shall appear, uousness of others that dare deny such a well eswe shall be like him, (glorious, honorable, and im- tablished fact. Though I confess that I, and doubtmortal) we shall see him as he is. And every one less many others have been embarrassed by erring that has this hope in him purifies himself even as instructors. My answers to the article may be He is pure.' The idea, then, of an immediate best and most briefly stated in several inquiries; translation from earth to heaven at the decease of which may call up the evidence on the grand sub-

believer is not to appear adorned with the glory of 1. Is the gospel, or is it not, 'the gospel of the immortal youth till the re-appearance of Messiah Blessed God'? Are the sanctions of the gospel as much more solemn than those of 'the Law,' as his We are taught by John in his first letter, that character and claims are herein fully unfolded? Is God has given to the obedient believers eternal life. not the gospel dispensation (and plan of worship,

in the proof before us, that this life is in the Son of his Lord and Master? Does not 'the servant' give God, and that it is he only who has the Son has place to the Son? Heb. iii. 5, 6. ('The law' yields this life: for he plainly declares, that he who has not to 'grace and truth;' The less to the greater; the the Son, HAS NOT this life. If, then, this be true, letter to the spirit. John i. 14; 2 Cor. iii.; Acts

roperty in the Life and Inheritance which endures (As the gospel 'establishes the law' for all the purposes for which it was given; so the law was not against the promises' of the gospel. Gal. iii.; Rom. iii. 31. Each is entitled to its place.) Is

I. John iv. 10. Jesus said, if you knew the gift God with such solemnity on Sinai, to Moses, and II. Romans vi. 23. The gracious gift of God Mark xii. 29, 30; the second-Matt. iv. 10; the III. Ephesians ix. 8. By grace ye are saved Matt. xv. 4; Eph. vi. 2; the sixth, seventh, eighth, third-Matt. v. 33; vi. 9; the fourth ,--; the fifth. through faith; and this (gracious salvation) not of ninth-Matt. xix. 18; Mark x. 10; Rom. xiii. 9; IV. 1 Peter i. 13. Constantly hope for the gift

5. Are the apostles not guiltless, though they

1f, then, Eternal Life be the free gift of God, be-barvest? Matt. xii. 1-8? Is not the Sabbath, like stowed through Jesus Christ, it must surely be obvious to the meanest capacity, that 'glory, honor, and immortality' are not inherent; are no constituent parts of human nature, are not hereditarily derived from the animal Adam; and, therefore, that nished Jews were almost always under condemnasay without fear of contradiction that these declar- Jews, consisted, not in their being essentially dis- stitution of man, and, consequently, if enjoyed by been always condemned on that score, if kept under go beyond them? 'Are not believers in Christ com-lete in him?'

7. Does he not distinctly say 'abolished' touching to practice will not be less surprised than de-'that which was engraven in stones'-making no lighted with his results.'

exception of the fourth commandment?

8. Is the sin of Sabbath-breaking once named in the New Testament?

9. Is Sabbath-keeping once asserted as essential or even important as to justification before God, in Auburn Sunday, July 4th.

Sabbath remain for the antitype of the seventh day? burne Tent Meeting: to stay near two weeks. Heb. iv. It seems certain that the Seventh day observance will be restored again, as it was once Proclamation against the Roman Cathbefore, after an omission of ages. Ex. xvi.

I do not-dare not-deny or disparage such facts! Faith in Christ, repentance, baptism, Lord's Supper, and a life of well doing are required-serving the living God and waiting for his Son from hea-

no light in them.' Isa. viii. 20.

the Word teaches these things. We read the houses; Word-we believe it-confess it-and bear the And, whereas, it has been represented to us

The standard of faith is the Word. The Word of banners and objects, or symbols of worship in teaches the objects to be accomplished by it. 'The of large numbers of our people, and to the man-Deliverer will come to Zion and turn away ungod- ifest danger of the public peace; liness from Jacob.' If the advent doctrine is true; And, whereas, it has been represented to us then, the purposes of God, revealed in dependence that such violation of the laws has been commit-Those who deny or doubt the one, are guilty of deon and associated with, the advent, are also true. parting from the standard, as really as those who time of divine service, and in such manner as to safe test is-we find both in the Bible!

for every new subscriber to the Harbinger, who all those whom it may concern that whilst we will send us two dollars and the postage on the are resolved to protect our Roman Catholic sub- upon such a frail, tottering fabric. hymn book-is well bound, and which we sell at jects in the undisturbed enjoyment of their legal forty cents. It is a liberal offer, which we hope rights and religious freedom, we are determined some hundreds will avail themselves of immediately.
Or they can have fifty cents worth of the pamphlets we have named, if they prefer them to the hymn

We hope to receive a general response, of our dominions may be endangered. in cash, to the bills of account we have recently Given at our Court, at Buckingham Palace, sent to some of our patrons; and also from others, this 15th day of June, in the year of our Lord the same response to our terms of advance pay- 1852, in the 15th year of our reign. ment for the Harbinger. Let there be no delay in the matter.

at this time, by sending for the columns Reegees, who are cannibals of the worst descripof the Harbinger, some well written articles on tion, says that 500 persons had been eaten in five the various subjects of revealed truth, which vears, within fifteen miles of his residence.specially interest the people of these times. Some of them eat raw human flesh, and chew it

perienced physician, which we cut from the Rochester Democrat, may be of great service to men on the death of their husbands were killed. some of the afflicted. Try it. After naming several modes of treating these diseases, the To be happy the passions must be cheer-

ease, free from the objections to which I have propensity to hope and joy is real riches; one to utary and efficient. I allude to its management by the use of water. Permit me briefly to desprocures new. adverted, the applications of which are safe, sal- fear and sorrow, real poverty.

that law? Or, if a legal observance of the Seventh cribe the manner in which these results are obday during the dispensary be necessary to salva- tained: 1st, give the patient no medicine; 2d, no food of any kind; 3d, allow him to drink all 5. Do the first Jewish apostles ever urge the es- the water he desires, in moderate quantities, sential nature of the Sabbath? If not, is it safe to frequently repeated; 4th, apply water by a fold-6. Does not Paul the apostle of the Gentiles, chill the patient; 5th, give an injection of about openly and boldly disclaim all and everything like a the bowels. \* \* \* My facilities for testlegal observance of sabbaths, &c., as essential to acceptance in Christ? Col. ii. 16, 17; Rom. xiv. 6, date, have been ample. Whoever reduces them

Such is the opinion of a candid physician.-Is it not another spirit that substitutes the word If true, these facts should be everywhere known. enforced for 'abolished;' or else a want of informa- The writer of the above deserves much credit for fairness, and his example will not be lost.

The Epiron will meet with the church in

10. Does not our 'Sabbatism,' our keeping of J. B. Cook will be (D. V.) at the Col-

# olics!

From the London Gazette.

VICTORIA R .- Whereas by the act of Parliament passed in the tenth year of the reign of ven, is our gospel privilege. We need be no more trealous of the law than Paul and his fellow free-J. B. C. lief of his Majesty's Roman Catholic subjects, it is enacted that no Roman Catholic ecclesiastic WHAT'S THE TEST ?- The word of the Lord is nor any member of any of the religious orders, the test, 'To the law and the testimony; if they communities or societies of the Church of Rome, speak not according to this, it is because there is bound by monastic or religious vows, should exercise any of the rites or ceremonies of the Ro-Why believe in the binding of Satan, the reign man Catholic Religion, or wear the habits of his of the saints with Christ, and the nations (not de- order, save within the usual places of worship of ceived) for a thousand years? Answer: Because the Roman Catholic Religion, or in private

cross after Jesus, whom it represents. Rev. xx. 1-7; Heb. iv. 1-9; 1 Cor. xv. 24-27; Dan. vii. 14; that Roman Catholic ecclesiastics, wearing the habits of their order, have exercised the rites The reason for believing in the advent of Christ and ceremonies of the Roman Catholic Religion at the dissolution of the man of sin, (2 Thess. ii. 8,) in highways and places of public resort, with is the reason for believing in the Age to Come. many persons in ceremonial dresses, bearing the Lord, which teaches the second advent, also procession, to the great scandal and annoyance

doubt the other. The test-the grand test-the disturb the congregations assembled therein, we have therefore thought it our bounden duty, by and with the advice of our privy council, to issue The hymn book which we offer as a premium this our royal proclamation, solemnly warning

upon themselves the punishments attending the violation of the laws and the peace and security

GOD SAVE THE QUI

Our correspondents will confer a favor Mr. Hunt, a Wesleyan Missionary among the Christ.

But there is a mode of controlling this dis-

## Correspondence.

FROM BRO. N. LEONARD.

BRO. MARSH. - Dear Sir: -It has been a God. little more than a year since I commenced We trust the ministering brethren will not taking the Harbinger, though I have not had it forget us here. May the grace of God be with directed to myself, yet I have had the pleasure your spirit. of perusing its pages and drawing from it many Yours, in hope, instructive lessons. But some of our enthusiastic Methodists, when I have been trying toinduce them to read the Harbinger, have told me that I was fast progressing towards Atheism-that if I uphold the doctrine that immortality comes DEAR BRO. MARSH:-The Harbinger is still only through faith in Jesus Christ, or if I denied interesting, and I have no disposition to disconprevailing sentiments of christianity in this the trifle they give for it? superstition, and instead of turning the Bible to ed in preaching what will suit the times. and 'he that is not against me is for me.'

Believing the Harbinger to be free from sectarianism, and an expounder of the doctrines of Tyburn, Pa., June, 1852. the Bible as taught by the apostles, and that it may be made a great blessing to many who are A WORTHY MINISTER, June 8th, 1852, writes: vet ignorant of the precious truths of the gospel, I really wish some of our brethren would take therefore I send you my mite to help extend its their Bibles, go into their closets, get upon their circulation.

NEWELL LEONARD. Yours, &c., Wells, Pa., June 14, 1852.

#### FROM SR. L. C. LYON.

sorely tried that the cause is not better support- obliged to return to their families, from their ed, and I am forced to believe that it is for want preaching tours, with sad hearts, as they someof living, working faith, and my pain of heart is times do, and meet their companions, or little greatly increased from this far too true conclu- ones, with the oft-repeated expression upon their

ourselves anew to active labor in the vineyard place, yet, in conversing with some of our brethof our soon coming King. If we are so lulled ren, I fear the picture is too true. to sleep as to be resting upon our lees in these days of peril, we have very great reason to fear for our eternal salvation.

If the incentives we have hung out before us THE following incident will show the imporfresh tokens that we are living in the perilous of amusement, which many ch

in his sight. O that we may make sure work me than ever. for the judgment; that our walk may be close This may prove a useful lesson not only to

in the glorious kingdom. O blessed, yea trans. man & Observer. deavoring, by the help of the Lord, to make a ROLLING stones gather no moss.

new and unreserved dedication of all my power to him, and the language of my soul is, O Father, send thy severest stroke or kneenest affliction, only let it prepare me for the kingdom of my

L. CAROLINE LYON. Little Falls, N. Y., June, 1852.

#### FROM BRO. WM. BAILY.

that man possessed naturally an immortal princi- tinue it. I love to read and investigate, and pay ple co-existent with the Creator, I might just as the editor for his labor in giving meat in due seawell say, 'there is no God.' Others have told son, and strengthening the things that remain, me that this was a doctrine that sprung from the and those who should live by faith in the Word. depths of the lowest hell, and would soon be O, why is it that some are so backward in paying hurled back with all its followers. Such is the for their paper, when they are so richly paid for

place, and I would to God that some of our Truly, this is a time of peril. O what darkbrethren of other churches, who are so tenacious ness is covering the world, and gross darkness of their creed and doctrines, and are so firm in the mind of the people. As the Jewish church the belief that all who dare to differ from them through her traditions, was blended and knew in opinion, 'are sure of the death that never not the day of her visitation, so it is with the dies, had a little more christian charity and less Gentile church. Great carefulness is manifest-

suit their views, would bring them in ac- May the Lord revive his work, that his truth cordance with its holy teaching. I am sure if and light may shine, and some flee to lay hold of some of the professors of religion, who are so the hope set before them, while God can conquick to rail against all who do not believe as sistently save them, before he will laugh at their they do, had confidence in the word of our Sa- calamity, and mock when their fear cometh .vior, they would not indulge in any bitter feel- Through all this dark state of things, Bro. M., ing against any who are striving through the do not depart from the word, but shew the same mercy of a crucified Redeemer to attain an im- diligence to the full assurance of hope unto the mortal inheritance. Our Savior saith, 'Other end'-and may we all be 'followers of them who sheep have I which are not of this fold,' &c., through faith and patience inherit the promises.' Yours, in love of the truth,

WM. BAILEY.

knees, and then read Isa. v. 1-6 inclusive .-Then turn to Acts xx. 35, and read carefully and prayerfully. It does seem to me if they would do this, that you Bro. M., would not be under the nenecessity of pleading so much for your just DEAR BRO. MARSH:-I am grieved and dues, nor our minisiers, any of them, be We are assured that faith without works lips, 'Well, pa, have you got any thing for us'? is dead, and surely none can be saved in the day No, no, not one cent. 'Well, what will we do'? of the Lord that shall be found trusting their all 'I don't know wife, but I think it will turn out for the best, some way.'

O my dear brethren and sisters, let us bestir I do not suppose, that the above, often takes

#### Young Professors.

are not sufficient to arouse us, we need not ex. tance of Christian decision. A young lady havpect to be aroused until the sound of Gabriel's ing recently made a public profession of her trump shall summon us to the judgment. O let faith in Christ, was urged by her brother, whom us beware! Daily, yea almost hourly, we see she tenderly loved, to accompany him to a place ONE OF THE DARK PLACES OF THE EARTH .- times which were to precede the coming of were in the habit of attending. But she resisted We are not in entire darkness concerning return, he said to another member of the family. this time, nor ignorant of the cunning devices I did not enjoy myself as I had anticipated; and of Salan. Truly we need the entire armor to I respect religion the more from its exhibition be able to stand and withstand, and finally hav- in the conduct of my sister, whom I could not DISEASE OF THE BOWELS.—At this season of the year, the following prescription, by an exthe year, the following prescription, by an exwere killed by their children. Sometimes they

their best friends. When parents grow old they so much the need of being grace, as now. I would cry
in the opinion that religion was more a pretence
supported by grace, as now. I would cry
the period of the prescription of the pres mightily to God that we might be kept from than a reality. Her consistency of character doing saying or thinking, any thing displeasing with her profession has rendered her nearer to

with God, and all our works wrought in him! young professors, but to all such as are making Soon our salvation will be perfected forever religion a subject of serious inquiry.—Watch-

A Grove Meeting

THE TONGUE, -The apostle James doth am-

will be easy for thee to keep thy tongue. It is

a great help in the quality of speech, to abate in

the quantity; not to speak rashly, but to ponder

not the less precious; and the dust raised by high

Appointments.

Bro. L. P. Judson.

Bro. R. V. Lyon.

North Windham, Ct., Sunday, July 4 Scotland, (Widow Robinson's house,) " 11

Bro. J. P. Weethee.

where the brethren there may appoint. They will

correspond with Bro. Weethee on the subject, at Rochester, N. Y.

Bro. J. Wendell.

hope to see at these meetings, as far as possi-

ble, all the friends of our soon coming Lord. We

and continue over Sunday, 9th, 10th, and 11th.

appointments for the present.

Sat. & Sund'y, July 3 & 4.

Monday & Tues. " 5 & 6.

Commence Friday evening-

Tues. eve., " 13 Wed. " " 14

Sunday, " 25. Sunday, August 1 —

winds to heaven, is not the less vile.

seldom comes until after death.

ing man.

New York.

Pawlings, Rockton,

Auburn, Waterloo,

Canadaigua,

Honeoye Falls,

ply and excellently teach the great importance Will be held in the Van Horn neighborhood, of ordering the tongue in all a christian's life .- town of Waterloo, Jackson county, Michigan, com-But we are ever learning and never taught. In Meeting will commence at 1 o'clock Friday afterall the disorders of the world, the tongue hath a noon.

great share. To let pass those irruptions of in-fernal furies, blasphemies, and cursing, lying and the Lord, and the Great Head of the Church, to uncharitable speeches; how much are we to ac count for unprofitable talking! For all the disorders of the tongue, the remedy must begin at the heart; purge the fountain, and then the stream will be clean, keep thy heart, and then it

#### BUSINESS ITEMS.

D. Shaw, P. M .- We have taken special pains to prevent irregularity in sending M. D. Shaw's what we are going to say: 'Set a watch before paper: we think it will be regular hereafter; if it the door of thy lips.' He bids us not to build it is not, please inform. up, like a stone wall, that nothing may come in

MARY BABCOCK .- All right: we will continue to or go out; but he speaks of a door, which may send it.

be sometimes open, sometimes shut, but, withal, A. L. Sweet. - We had to pay \$1,80 instead of to have a watch standing before it continually. - 90 cents, on your package of books, the distance being over 500 miles: this makes the balance due us \$9.12.

DEATH OF A MISSIONARY. - Harvey M. Z. CAMPBELL. - There was an error in the bill. Campbell, Baptist missionary at the Arracan See receipts. Exclusive of the books on hand, Mission, died in February last, in the 29th year there is a balance due us of \$2,65.

of his age, of Cholera. He was a very promis. J. Wilson. - There is a balance in your favor of Rufus Jackson .- Your paper has been sent sev-

The diamond fallen into the dunghill, is eral weeks: receipt in No. 441.

#### Receipts for the Harbinger.

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The glory of coronation, for real genius, S Brown 466, S Sackett 454, N Banning 458, J Banning jr, 468, J W Siewart 440, J Kimpion 442, Isaac E Andrus 468, E D Alvord 451, Eunice Friese 445, Sarah E Gleason 489, Louisa Tubbs 471, Peier One is scarcely sensible to fatigue while Van Duesen 462, Diana Howard 472, M J Barrinhe marches to music. The very stars are said ger 493, Polly Arnold 472, S P Towne 461, E B Bragg 456, C H Leonard 442, S Cooper 444, J to make music as they revolve in their spheres. Fu ller494, George Baker 442, Amos Dolloff 468, O Hoyt 471, W Burnham 442, James Grant 447, F Hook 468, J Dawson 442, G Gould 449, E Bradley 469, R H Arnold 468, A Temple 472, B Spaulding 162-\$1,00 each.

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LETTERS .- S G Clark, A L Sweet. D Shaw, Mary Babcock, A J Richards, M Judson, J Hutchinson V Chapin, G Needham, S Hewit, H P Sikes, D Libby, C Bullen, E M Smith, Z Campbell, Dr C R Broadbent, F B Scott, G W Humphries, R Jackson.

BOOKS SENT .- William Halstead, A J Richards, J Hutchinson, L C Lyon, S Brink, J Fuller, L Warner, A L Sweet.

#### Delinquents.

If any mistakes are made under this head, we shall be happy, on being informed of the fact, to correct them,

DANIEL MORE, Janesville, Wis., refuses his paper, owing \$3,12. Will he please pay.

J. G. Hook, Concord, N. H., stopped his paper owing \$1,31. We were to the trouble of sending him a bill, and as an expression of his conare amidst the perils of the last days; 'iniquity tempt for just and honoroble dealing, he returned abounds and the love of many waxes cold,' and we the bill without the pay and without a word of exneed more than ever the exhortations and prayers of planation! He pretended to stop the paper from his J. WENDELL. superior orthodoxy and love of truth. If this is a P. S. Should it appear to be the will of the Lord, fruit of his faith, we pray to be delivered from it. I shall proceed still further west, but I leave other RUFUS J. WHITEHEAD, WINSTED, Ct., stops his paper owing \$3,00. Will he please pay?

Canada Tent Meetings. By Divine permission, we purpose holding a Tent Meeting in Colburn, C. W., commencing July 1, at 72 P. M., and continue seven or eight days. We 

Also, if the Lord will, a Tent Meeting will be in Columbus, C. W., commencing Saturday, July 10, at 7½ P. M., and continue over two Sundays. Bro, P. Hough will be in attendance and Brn. E. B. White, J. Bower, H. Haight, and others.

This meeting is specially designed as a substitute for a general Camp Meeting. We expect a general gathering of the brethren from Toronto, Newmarket, Maraposa, Leach, Whitby, Cobourg, Clark,
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Up Christians, up! and sleep'st thou still? Daylight is glorious on the hill And far advanced the sunny glow Laughs in the joyous vale below; The morning shadow, long and late, Is stretching o'er the dial plate.

And are thine eyes, sad, weaker, say, Filled with tears of yesterday? Or, lowers thy dark and anxious brow New strength for every day is given, Daily the manna falls from Heaven!

Link by link the chain is made, Pearl by pearl the costly braid;
The dails thread of hopes and fears
Weaves up, the woof of many years;
And well thy labor shall have sped If well thou weav'st thy daily thread.

Up. Christian, up! thy cares resign! Show forth to-day thy Savlor's praise-Redeem the course of evil days; Life's shadow, in its lengthening gloom, Points daily nearer to your home

#### Selected.

# the Dead.

THERE are terms and phrases employed by the sacred writers in their allusions to the state of the departed, which, but for the pre-occupation of our minds by ideas purely philosophical and traditional, would have conveyed the impression that the Scripture doctrine of death is the cessation of the consciousness and activity of the human being. Death is frequently spoken of under the figures of 'rest,' as 'sleep.' Thus we read, 'They rest from their labor'-'He fell asleep'-'The sleep of death.' But it has been said that the analogy between death and taking rest or sleep, supports the belief that there is consciousness in death; since man, in the repose of sleep, is not deprived of all consciousness, although he may be so far deprived of it with respect to the external world. If, however, the analogy is to be pushed thus far, and viewed so specially in this aspect, we may extend it still further and view it in any other aspect of which it is capable-which I conceive to be the abuse rather than the use of a metaphor. Now, death is alleged to be a separation of the soul and body, and that it is the separate soul which is conscious and active. Where then is the analogy between the respective states of death and sleep? For surely no one but phrensied poets will affirm that any separation of soul and body takes place in sleep! Most certainly the consciousness of the man in sleep is located in the animal frame. The figure of sleep, it appears to me, is employed in the Scriptures to point out a very different, but very appropriate analogy. It is adopted I apprehend, because it suggests that the death which mankind die in this world is not finalthat it will be succeeded by a resurrection, even as sleep is by a waking time. Thus there was a very evident propriety in our Lord's address to the friends of Jairus, whose daughter they were lamenting as dead, 'The maid is not dead but sleepeth;' and again to his disciples, 'Our which present, in very definite language, the friend Lazarus sleepeth, but I go that I may awake him out of sleep,' They were both dead; for of the mourners in the first case, who did not apprehend his meaning, it is said, 'They laughed him to scorn, knowing that she was dead.' And our Lord himself said, when his disciples misunderstood the meaning of his remark, and thought that he spake of taking of rest in sleep'-'Lazarus is dead.' He spake of them both as sleeping, because it was so near their waking time through his miraculous agency. when he used the term 'sleep' to denote death, both on the part of his disciples and the mourners, indicates the popular belief of the Jews of that time on the subject of death. The term 'sleep,' in their judgment, was most appropriate ren of men.' Psa. xc. 3. to describe the state of the dead, their associations with this subject, inculcated and fostered by their sacred writings, being of a more gloomy trasts the Creator with the creature man. The and hopeless nature, than the term sleep gave eternity of God is confronted with the limited

birth to. It is probable, that the beautiful analogy between the waking from sleep, and the resurrection from the dead, led to the adoption of this term, more especially to describe the death of believers in Christ. They were taught to regard death as a sleep, because their waking time by the resurrection was not far off-their Lord would 'come quickly.'

There are, however, other phrases and figures which will baffle the most zealous ingenuity to make them tally with the popular notion of death. We hear sometimes of the emancipated spirit breaking away from the confinement of its gross prison-house, and winging its way in happy freedom to heaven and to God. Of course this kind of speech is used only of the deceased righteous. But how does this notion accord with the scripture phrase, 'the pains of death?' Death is here described as a hondage, not a liberation; for the word 'pains' signifies a cord or band .-And it is affirmed that our Lord himself was held in this bondage for a brief period, although it was impossible that he should be the captive of death. The whole passage shows that death is a binding, no: a loosing power - Whom God Scripture Descriptions of the State of hath raised up, having loosed the pains of death, because it was not possible that he should be holden to it.' Acts ii. 24. He became Death's conqueror, not his captive: and hence he holds by right, and as the syn.bol of his victory, 'the keys of hades and of death;' that, as the Resurrection and the Life, he may, at the appointed time, open the prison doors to them that are

> And no less difficult would be the task to prove that there are animation and consciousness in death, if we resort to other figurative expressions of Holy Writ. In one of David's realms we have this mournful complaint-Thou hast brought me into the dust of death.' Psa. xxii. 15. The dust of death! What is there in this phrase to suggest the idea of animation and consciousness? There is, indeed, much to suggest the original curse, 'Dust thou art, and unto dust shalt thou return.' Gen. iii. 19.

'The shadow of death' is arother image by which the state of death is portrayed. 'There is no darkness nor shadow of death where the workers of iniquity may hide themselves.' Job xxxiv. 22. Death is here imaged as a place of dark seclusion and concealment. Such a place is surely not a fit intermediate abode for the immortal spirits of the just! It may be a suitable habitation for them who love darkness rather than light, because their deeds are evil." The 'gates of death,' (Psa. ix. 13; cvii. 18,) like the scripture phrase, the 'pains of death,' is an image which suggests the idea of a powerfully fortified city or mansion, whose massive gates close in hopeless captivity upon all who pass within them. These analogies are certainly most unhappily chosen by the sacred writers, if they are intended to denote that death procures life and liberty, and a more complete enjoyment for man in the intermediate state.

Let me request the reader's attentive consideration of the following selection of passages, scripture testimony on the state of the dead:

'Man lieth down and riseth not: till the heavens be no more they shall not awake, nor be raised out of their sleep ' Job xiv. 12, 'In death there is no rememberance of thee, in the grave who shall give thee thanks? Psa. vi. 5. 'Wilt thou show wonders to the dead? Shall the dead arise, and praise thee? Shall thy loving kindness be declared in the grave? Or thy faithfulness in destruction? Shall thy wonders be known in the dark? And thy righteousness in The misapprehension of our Lord's meaning the land of forgetfulness? Psa. lxxxviii, 10-12 What man is he that liveth and shall not see death? Shall he deliver his soul from the hand of the grave?' Psa. lxxxix. 48, 'Thou turnest man to destruction, and sayest, Return, ye child-

> The Psalmist, in that beautiful composition from which the preceding text is selected, con-

duration of man's existence. Thus, 'from everlasting to everlasting thou art God,' is opposed to thou turnest man to destruction, and sayest, return ye children of men.' Many expositors body has not ascended into the heavens! 'Flesh understand the word translated 'destruction' as the poetical term for the word 'dust,' since its Surely flesh without blood-a corruptible corpse literal signification is 'what is beaten to pieces.' There is evidently a reference in this passage to the original curse—the returning to the dust .-If, therefore, death be but the liberation of the living spirit, and the spirit is the personality, or man, where is the destruction spoken of? 'Thou turnest man to destruction.' And if the spirit heavens.' This is to turn the gravely effective be immortal, where is the contrast between the duration of God, and that of man?

'The dead praise not the Lord, neither any that go down into silence.' Psa. cxv. 17. 'His stand upon its own merit, and for what it is breath goeth forth, he returneth to his earth; in that very day his thoughts perish.' Psa. cxlvi. 4. 'The man that wandereth out of the way of understanding shall remain in the congregation of the dead.' Prov. xxi. 16. 'The living know that they shall die; but the dead know not anything.' 'Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might; for there is no work, nor device, nor knewledge, nor wisdom in the grave whither thou goest.' Eccl. ix. 5-10. 'For the a double personality? I anticipate your reply grave can not praise thee, death can not celebrate thee; they that go down into the pit can not hope for thy truth. The living, the living, he shall praise thee, as I do this day.' Isa. xxxviii. 18-19. 'Many of them that sleep in the dust of the earth shall awake.' Dan. xii. 2. 'Thus saith the Lord God, Behold, O my people, I will open your graves, and cause you to come up out of your graves, and bring you into the land of Israel. And ye shall know that I am the Lord, when I have opened your graves, O my people, and brought you up out of your graves, and shall put my spirit in you, and ye shall live.' Matt. xxvii. 52, 53. 'And the graves were opened, and many bodies of the saints which slept arose, and came out of the graves.' Ezek. xxxvii. 12-14. The hour is coming, in the which all that are in their graves shall hear his voice, and shall come forth.' John v. 28.

Now, to endeavor to evade the accumulated force of this scripture array by saying, as is commonly said, that in all these citations the body, not the soul, is referred to, is to fall back upon the vain philosophy of the unproved separate state of the soul; and, also, to make the inspired writers assert most ridiculous truisms.-We need not inspired writers to tell us that an inanimate corpse can not remember, and give thanks, and praise, and hope, and know. No one could suppose that the Psalmist was alluding to a dead carcase when he said, 'In that very day his thoughts perish. Will our antagonists explain how it can harmonize with their theory of a state of consciousness after death, that in the day of death a man's 'thoughts perish?'

The method of getting out of the difficulty in which several texts of scripture place the advocate of the immortal and separate soul, by saying, in utter defiance of all consistent exegesis, that this text refers to the body, and that text refers to the soul, is deservedly characterized as sophistical, unsatisfactory, and suspicious. We will bring this species of lawless exposition to the test in a given case.

In the 2d chapter of Acts, 29th verse, we hear Peter thus reasoning on the day of Pentecost-'Men and brethren, let me freely speak unto you of the Patriarch David, that he is both dead and buried, and his sepulchre is with us unto this day.' Peter's affirmation is, that David is dead and buried-he,' the personality David, is both dead and buried.' Now, what are we to understand that the Apostle affirms? It is replied, Peter here refers to the body of David;his affirmation is equivalent to-the body of David is both dead and buried. Well, be it so. David means the body of David. Now carry this exposition on to the 34th verse of this same chapter, where Peter says-'David is not ascended into the heavens.' How are we to interpret this? You reply—if for convenience I may personify my antagonistic type of a numerous midst of death we are not in life. - Bible Examclass-that Peter tells us, the body of 'David is iner.

not ascended into the heavens.' Can you seriously think that Peter 'tells us' this? Surely, we need not to be told that David's inanimate and blood can not inherit the kingdom of God. -could never be supposed to find a mansion there! Besides, Peter has just previously told us that David's body, according to your interpretation, is 'both dead and buried.' Unless, therefore, David had two bodies, he could not be supposed to be both in his 'sepulcher' and 'in the argument of the Apostle into a most meaningless jargon, and to put into his mouth a ridiculous absurdity. However, let this exposition worth. You certainly can not agree with the Apostle's assertion that 'David is not ascended into the heavens.' You believe that David is in glory-David's soul, his personality-himself, has long been enjoying his heavenly bliss. But pause! You have said, in explanation of verses 29 and 33, that the body of David is David, and now you say that the soul of David is David .-Were there two Davids then, or had the Psalmist to this-David's body is only called David in a seconday and popular sense; properly speaking, the separate soul or spirit of David is the personality of David, and that has ascended into the heavens.' Then why, I ask, does Peter affirm that 'David is not ascended into the heavens,' if the separate soul is properly David, and that separate soul is in the heavens? Did Peter not speak properly? How are we to know whether he spoke properly or popularly on this occasion? Now, there is no difficulty in understanding

the sense in which the proper name David is here employed, if men will keep their 'science, 'falsely so called,' out of the question. The Apostle was showing his astonished audience, that the Patriarch David had prophesied of the resurrection and ascension of Christ, and he quotes the last four verses of the 16th Psalm in confirmation of his statement. Anticipating the possible objection of some that David in that Psalm spake of himself, and not of the Messiah, the Apostle reminds them that the statement,-Thou wilt not leave my soul (life) in hades (grave) neither wilt thou suffer thine Holy One to see corruption,' could not refer to David, because his life was under the power of the grave, and his body had seen corruption. 'The Patriarch David is both dead and buried, and the sepulcher is with us unto this day.' Therefore, some other must have been referred to, to whom these circumstances can apply; and Peter assures them that they were fulfilled in Christ of whom David prophesied: 'He seeing this before, spake of the resurrection of Christ, that his soul was not left in hades-(his life was not left under the power of death)—neither his flesh did see corruption.' And when David added, 'Thou hast made known to me the ways of life; thou shalt make me full of joy with thy countenance, he prophesied of the rising from the dead, and the ascension into the heavens of Jesus Christ, that he might make plain 'the ways' or path 'of life,' and behold 'the countenance' of his Father in his peoples' behalf. For the proof that this anguage could not apply to David, he appealed to their common sense, and, may I not add, to the theological opinions of the time on this subject? and said, For David is not ascended into the heavens; but he saith himself, the Lord said unto my Lord, sit thou on my right hand, until I make thy foes thy footstool.

It is, I think, apparent that Peter's argument requires us to understand, that David himself, the Patriarch David, not simply his body, was 'dead and buried,' and that David in no sense had 'ascended into the heavens.'

Therefore, if the Patriarch David had no conscious life in the intermediate state, but is awaiting the manifestation of the life which is at present hidden in Christ, (Col. iii. 3-4,) the Life and the Light of men, and which shall take place at the resurrection, when Christ shall come to be glorified in his saints; if this, we say, be the case of the sweet Psalmist of Israel, we may fairly presume that the case is the same with all others. Then the Scriptures teach that although in the midst of life we are in death-in the

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#### Poetry.

Original. 'Thy Word is Truth.' BY S. L. S.

'Thy word is truth'-and it cheers the heart, And a joy, and a gladness, it doth impart, To know that the word of God is sure: Even forever it shall endure.

'Thy word is truth': and it doth unfold Riches, more precious far than gold— Dearer to those who their value know, Than ought this earth can ever bestow.

'Thy word is truth': as a beacon light, Shall it cheer the pathway, in the darkest night; And lead us safely amid the strife-And toil, and care, of this mortal life.

'Thy word is truth!' and 'tis there we find, Promises dear to the christian mind—
Which strengthen the hope of a brighter day,
When these earthly scenes shall have passed away.

'Thy word is truth'! and the truth shall stand Through every age, in every land. Vain are attempts to overthrow. Or shade the light of its brightening glow.

(From the English Literalist.)

# A Millenarian's Answer

HOPE THAT IS IN HIM.

And it shall come to pass in that day, that the Lord shall punish the host of the high ones that are on high, and the kings of the earth upon the earth. Then the mon shall be confounded, and the sun ashamed, when the Lord of Hosts shall reign in Mount Zion, and in Jerusalem, and before his ancients gloriously.—Isaiah xxiv. 21—23.

Persons who are believers in the pre-millennial advent of Christ, who expect their Lord to come to set up a kingdom on earth, to raise his saints' bodies from the dust, and to reign with his once afflicted followers in the New Jerusalem, do in general speak of these subjects as of things of very great importance, and contend means non-essential matters, that they are by r and belief of them are nebut that a knowled cessary to a right understanding, use, and enjoyment of divine revelation.

The writer of this Tract is one of this description, and being thus persuaded, would fain, with a vew to others' good, state the nature and ground of his hope. This he will endeavor to by him on this subject may be arranged under the following heads:

1. That a deluge of divine wrath will certainly ere long overwhelm Antichrist with all its abettors and heners; crush all tyrannical governments, and severely chastise all 'the nations who forget God.'-hat this 'time of ve more particulaly affect those kingdoms which constitute the las Beast of Daniel, or the Roman Empire.

2. That the Jews (including the two scattered back to Canaan, and possess it according to the promise made to Abaham—that they will overcome all their enemie, acknowledge the Messiah they once rejected live happily under his government, rise to grat national glory, and be made a blessing to ll the nations of the earth.

3. That a resurrection of the saints will take place one thousand years before the general resurrection, and that during this time the followers of Christ will reign on earth with him in the New Jerusalem; that Chrit will be person-

kings and priests; and that during this state, the does not treat at all on the resurrection of the saints of God and ministers of Christ shall be rewarded by the rich grace of God, according to their labor.

4. That the nations who escape those fiery judgments which will precede the millenium, will be converted to God by an abundant effusion of the Holy Spirit; and then 'the earth shall be filled with the knowledge of the Lord,' and 'all men call the Redeemer blessed.'

5. That creation, both animate and inanimate, shall partake of this blessedness; the ferocity of animals shall be subdued, and the curse of barrenness shall be taken from the earth.

6. That the Lord Jesus will come personally before the Millenium; that the complete overthrow of his enemies, the calling of the Jews, the conversion of the nations, and the blessedness of nature, will be the effects of his personal appearing; and will never be brought about by any other means-that it is unscriptural to interpose those events, or any certain period of time, between the saints' hope and the Lord's coming; and that it is very conducive to holy walking, and well-founded comfort, to be ever found listening unto and believing in the words of Jesus, 'Behold I come quickly.' This is my hope. No one can deny that there is a grandeur and glory conspicuous in these things, and that they seem adapted to afford consolation, and to stir up to diligence. Should this be allowed. yet, if they are not found in God's word, let the pleasing allusion vanish. An awakened mind wants stable things to rest upon. But if God's word does mention these things, and does place them in a most prominent station in the system of truth-if thousands of declarations from the eternal throne bear upon this subject, then is it most ungrateful, most perilous, to neglect it, much more so to deride it as the fancy of man.

Before I bring forth scripture proofs on this subject I would just observe that I have not mentioned any events subsequent to the Millenium: such as the second resurrection, general judgment, and the final doom-these points are not

disputed on any hand. My reader will likewise please to notice, how do explicitly and honestly. The points believed the great proof of Christ's pre-millennial coming being a truth of God's word, is, that those six propositions laid down, are closely connected together in the Scriptures. Sometimes the same connexion contains nearly all of them; and in other parts the finger of God plainly points us from one passage to another, and thus binds up inese different events to the same time. The second coming of Christ being the focus where a great part of the rays of prophecy are concentred, and the glorious sun of righteousness, whence beam forth salvation to the nations, restribes, and the ten lost tribes) will be brought toration to the Jews, 'a better resurrection' to the saints, victory over Satan and his works, rest to creation, joy to angels, and glory to God.

I now beg leave to submit the following scriptures, and a few remarks upon them, to the consideration of my readers. The fear of increasing the size and price of my tract has induced me, in most instances, only to give the references, and not to transcribe the text:-

1. Look at Isaiah xxv. and at 1 Cor. xv. in connexion with each other. The latter portion of divine truth is nearly filled up with an account of the resurrection of the saints, and a de-count of the resurrection of the saints, and a de-count of the resurrection of the saints, and a de-count of the resurrection of the saints, and a de-count of the resurrection of the saints, and a de-

wicked, which is rather singular, if, as some contend, all the saints and all the wicked rise simultaneously, or at the same time. He says, the Gospel, never go through with their interindeed, But every man in his own order: Christ the first fruits; afterward they that are Christ's at his coming. Then cometh the end.' Ver. 23, 24. Now if the general resureection be included in the last words, does not the language place a chasm between those two events; even as there is a long period between 'Christ the first fruits,' and those who rise at his coming? But leaving this, we read [ver. 54], 'When this corruptible shall have put on incorruption, and this mortal shall have put on immortality, then shall be brought to pass the saying that is written,-Death is swallowed up in victory.' This saying is written in Isaiah xxv. 8: 'He will swallow up death in victory; and the Lord God will wipe away tears from off all faces; and the rebuke of his people shall he take away from off all the earth; for the Lord hath spoken it.' Now, is it not fair to infer that the other events spoken of in that chapter, [Isa. xxv.] and limited expressly to the same time, shall then also be brought to Joel ii. 26, 32; ver. 7 with Isa. ii. 1, 5, 8;-

Turn to Isaiah xxv. and you will find the following things spoken of as taking place at the time when 'death is swallowed up in victory,' which the Apostle declares is at the coming of 'the second Adam, the Lord from heaven,' and the resurrection of the saints. 1. A triumph over enemies, and a time of great desolation:-Thou hast made of a city an heap; of a defenced city a ruin; a palace of strangers to be no city; it shall never be built.' Ver. 5. 'For in this mountain shall the hand of the Lord rest. and Moab shall be trodden down under him, even as straw is trodden down for the dunghill,' Ver. 10. These expressions refer to the destruction of Antichristian nations, and those who shall confederate against the Jews, [Zech. xii. 3], after their return to their own land [Ezek. xxxviii. 8], concerning whom we shall learn more presently. 2. A distribution of blessings at God's holy mountain is spoken of, all nations being blessed in the restoration of the Jews. And in this mountain shall the Lord of Hosts make unto all people a feast of fat things.' The same truth is taught Zech. xiv. 8, Rom. xi. 12-15 .-3. The spread of sacred knowledge and the abolition of ignorance: [ver. 7] 'And he will destroy in this mountain the face of the covering cast over all people, and the vail that is spread over all nations.' 4. The comforting of God's ancient people, their triumphs in the acts of grace, and their joy in their glorious and manifested Messiah, whom they once scorned, are also set forth ver. 8, 9; God will wipe their tears. [Psa. exxxvii. 1; Isa. lx. 20,] and take away their rebuke, [Ezek. xxxiv. 28, 29. 'And it shall be said in that day, Lo, this is our God; we have waited for him, and he will save us: this is the Lord, we have waited for him; we will be glad and rejoice in his salvation.' Thus the overthrow of the nations, the restoration of the Jews, and the conversion of the heathen, are connected with the second coming of Christ, and the resurrection of the saints.

I know it is usual to apply parts of Isaiah xxv. to the Gospel dispensation and the church of God; the latter is called the holy mountain, and ally present, and employ then under him as cription of the resurrection state. The apostle tion is rejected and on what grounds the whole plucked up by the roots: and, behold in this horn-

chapter is applied to the restored and highly-ex alted Jewish nation. The answer is, that those who apply vers. 6 and 7 to the blessed effects of pretation. To be consistent, they ought to show how the whole of the chapter applies to the Gospel and the church of God: and then pass on, and show how its connection with 1 Cor. xv. can be made out. This can not be done; and so those that spiritualize Scripture are often heedless of the connection of the verse they

But considering this chapter with reference to the Jewish nation, all becomes plain; and that it does belong to them, the last verse of the preceeding chapter, and many things in the chapter itself, prove. Those who will take the trouble may compare different parts of this chapter with other passages which evidently refer to the victories and honor of the Jewish nation in the latter day. Compare ver. 1, 3 with Micah vii. 15, 17, 20; ver. 2 with Isa. xxiv. 10; ver. 4, 5, with Zech xii. 6, 9, and Ezek. xxxviii. 18, 23; ver. 6 with Isa. lxi. 6, xxvii. 6; Micah iv. 1, 4; ver. 8 with Isa. lxv. 19; Ezek. xxxiv. 29, xxxix. 21, 29; Hosea xiii. 14; Rom. xi. 15, and Ezek. xxxvii. 12, 13. [These three last passages speak of the restoration of the Jews under a figure of a resurrection; and the Apostles triumphant language, 1 Cor. xv. 55, 56, is most probably taken from Hosea xiii. 14. The political and spiritual renovation of the Jewish nation may well be compared to a resurrection, and is an appropriate type of that more glorious event with which it is associated; viz., the resurrection of the saints' bodies from the dust: the mighty cause of both is found in his coming, who is 'the light of the Gentiles, and the glory of his people Israel.'

But further: compare ver. 9 with Isa. xxxv. 4, 5, and Micah vii. 18, 19; and lastly, ver. 10, 12, with Numb, xxiv. 17 and lsa. xi. 14. If then this chapter refers to the Jewish nation, it has yet to receive its accomplishment; and when it is accomplished, great will be their dignity, and great the blessedness of the nations of the earth. And though this bright morning must be preceded and ushered in by a gloomy and tempestuous midnight, yet should we most earnestly desire it. We that 'make mention of the Lord should give him no rest, until he establish and until he make Jerusalem a praise in the earth.' Isa. lxii. 6, 7.

I pass on 2, to refer to some passages in the prophecies of Daniel. In. Dan. vii. we have a history of the prophetic earth, from the period of Daniel's prophesying to the establishment of the glorious kingdom of Christ in the world.-Under the symbol of four beasts, as many successive, universal, tyrannical empires are pointed out; viz., the Babylonian, Medo-Persian, Grecian, and Roman. The last is declared to be the most dreadful; the prophet thus describes him: 'I saw in the night visions, and behold a fourth beast, dreadful and terrible, and strong exceedingly; and it had great iron teeth; it devoured and brake in pieces, and stamped the residue with the feet of it: and it was diverse from all the beasts that were before it; and it had ten horns. I considered these horns, and, behold, there came up among them another little horn, before whom there were three of the first horns

were eyes like the eyes of a man, and a mouth before his coming, unless it can be proved that speaking great things. Ver. 7, 8. The explana- Dan. vii. 13, and 2 Thess. ii. 8, mean a spiritual tion of this description is given ver. 25, whence manifestation, and not a real advent.

we learn that the ten horns are ten kings (de- 3. We may gather some information concernnoting the ten divisions of the Roman empire; ing the nature of that kingdom which shall be that the little horn should arise after them, and set up. It is universal; 'all nations, people, and should subdue three kings; that 'he should speak languages.' It is 'under the whole heaven.' lt How sweet, how soul-cheering the thought!great words against the Most High; wear out is the kingdom of Christ and his saints; 'there 'Almost there!' Christian, does not the prospecthe saints of the Most High; and think to change was given unto him a kingdom, [ver. 14;] 'the tive glance fill thee with delight, and dost thou having personally seen our Lord Christ? Are times and laws: and they shall be given into his saints shall take the kingdom.' [ver 18.] It is not rejoice that thy redemption is so near, that hands until a time and times and the dividing of indestructible, for 'his kingdom shall not be des- so soon the bright fields of Eden shall smile betime; viz., three times and a half, or 1260 years. troyed.' [ver. 14.] It is enduring, for 'the fore thee? That the glory of 'the King in his 2. If I have not thus labored for others, surely It is allowed on all hands that the papacy is saints shall possess the kingdom for ever, even beauty, shall so soon burst on the astonished I have for you, and as a proof of my having done clearly pointed out in this description. The for ever and ever.' gaze of the world, and the glad acclamation go it, ye are now in Christ by faith.

tion and the kings of earth have committed fornithee,' ver. 14. See also Isa. liv. 3; lxii. 1. ness' before him and walking in all 'the ordication with her, [Rev. xviii. 3,) so these nations The apostle testifies the same truth in Rom. xi, nances of the Lord blameless'! must share her fate, for the beast was slain, and 15, 25, 26: 'If the casting away of them be the The 'recompense of reward,' is before us, his body destroyed, and given to the burning reconciling of the world, what shall the receiv- that glorious reward to which saints of all ages flame.' Ver. 11. God has given them warning, ing of them be but life from the dead.' [Rev. xiv. 9-11], but they heeded it not; and It is very observable that the same things through him who has brought life and immornow the beast as well as its rider must perish.— should be set forth by such different symbols as tality to light through the gospel, that 'which need of it, than have others turn it against me, Rev. xvii. 1-8. Without doubt, most of the the great image of a man and wild beasts; but as God that cannot lie, promised before the world in hindering my success. kingdoms of Europe, including France, Spain, Mr. Frere observes, the reason may be found in began.' Why should our hearts be chained Ortugal, England, Austria, and the Italian considering the difference between Nebuchad down to the pleasures of the world, why should to boast of, for Christ has rather compelled me itates, are among the devoted horns doomed to nezzar and Daniel. The former was an ungodly we seek its honors, and its applauses, in prefer-That the second advent of the Redeemer is a pleasing aspect; they appeared glorious in his of God, the honors that come from Jehovah. closely connected with the establishment of his eyes, even as they do now to the arbitrary power; O, let the siren sing ever so sweetly, heed out others' support,) Christ will reward me for it; universal kingdom, seeing it is said that he comes but they, as well as he, must come down from not the enchanting notes! 'Set thy affection on and if otherwise, this work is committed to me with the clouds of heaven before that kingdom is their thrones, and learn that the heavens do rule. things above, where Christ sitteth on the right to perform. given him, or the time comes that the saints

The latter was a holy prophet, and to him tyranpossess it. The symbol of 'clouds' is constantly

ny, despotism, and cruelty, had nothing lovely

make it free, so as not to hinde its success, (by

the name and expectation of the great day of

judgment, with the circumstances thereto belong-

ing, and whereunto almost all the descriptions

have reference, is that vision in Dan. vii. of a

ture, whence the church of the Jews grounded it, and to fill it with his own glory.

and expressions thereof in the New Testament dence of great wisdom; and to forgive it, of a the spirit of Christ may be the spirit that shall that I might win them

session of judgment when the fourth beast came great mind. apostle [2 Tim. iv. 1,] speaks of the coming of sent age, is painted larger to the world than a with Jesus, thy elder brother, to an inheritance Christ before his kingdom, and of the judgment of the quick [or living] as well as the dead. If

beast and little hern is destroyed, and it his universal kingdom tollows immediately upon the matters of immediate personal concernment. for the grace that is before thee, that thou mayest what, that I might win them. And thus I treat

destruction of the fourth monarchy [both of One of the most striking proofs of the corrup- receive thy reward, at the hands of him who which this passage affirms,] then is there no tion of the times is that a generous action very seldom fails to be attributed to a bad motive.

'cometh quickly,' to make up his jewels.

McGrawville, N. Y., June 20, 1852.

Communications.

'We are almost There.' BY MARIA.

papal power arose after the division of the Ro- I leave those who contend that the kingdom forth from the weary pilgrim band. 'Lo! this in this way, man empire into ten kingdoms: that he subdued is nothing more than the Gospel dispensation is our God, we have waited for him, and he will three of them history attests; and I need not universally received, to show how that state of save us; this is the Lord; we have waited for stay to prove that he hath spoken great words things which is [they say] to be broken up after him, we will be glad and rejoice in his salvation? against God, worn out the saints, &c. But let a few centuries, and the very platform on which Happy hour! And is it truly nigh at hand?us attend to the prophet's account of the de- it existed annihilated, can be said to be for ever, Student of prophecy, does not the 'light that struction of this fourth beast and little horn. 'I even for ever and ever. I leave them likewise shineth in a dark place, until the day dawn,' in. (margin;) as well as other apostles, and as well beheld till the thrones were cast down, and the to show how verse 9, 10, 13, can be made to form thee that 'the day star is about to arise, as Peter and others who are Christ's brethren? Ancient of Days did sit, whose garment was apply to the converting of the nations by the and the night of weeping, be ended by the white as snow, and the hair of his head like the preaching of the Gospel. It seems to me that ushering in of the morning of rejoicing?— we not a right to our living, without stopping to pure wool: his throne was like the fiery flame, the whole of this passage may be thus summed 'Watchmen on the walls of Zion,' does not the work for it with our hands? and his wheels as burning fire. A fiery stream up: A long season of civil and ecclesiastical op- Aurora beams brighten in 'the morning-land,' issued and came forth from before him, thou- pression, and ended by fiery judgments, and the and betoken the cawn of day? 'How long, O, ly at his own expense? Or, who would plant a sand thousands ministered ueto him, and ten personal advent of the Son of Man; and follow. Lord, how long, hall we wait, and watch, and field not to partake of its productions? Or who thousand times ten thousand stood before him: ed by a glorious state of happiness and equity. pray, ere all shall be exchanged for the full would keep cattle, or hire, not to partake of their the judgment was set, and the books were open- Similar things are taught us in other parts of this fruition of glory? Are we not 'almost there'? milk? ed. I beheld then because of the voice of the prophet's writings. In Dan. ii., under the sym. There where sighing shall be over, and tears 8. Do I urge these things merely as a man? great words which the horn spake: I beheld bol of a great image, we have set forth the four wiped away? There, where trials, tempta- Or does not the word of God urge the same aleven until the beast was slain, and his body der tyrannical monarchies that were to afflict the tions, and the cup of suffering shall be exchanged so? stroyed, and given to the burning flame.' Ver. Jews, and possess their land.. The ten toes ex- for the kingdom and the crown? Are we not 9. For the Word of God, by Moses, says— 9, 12. The prophet then declares what shall hibit the ten kingdoms; but the whole is crushed nearing the port, where we shall leave behind Thou shalt not confine the ox's mouth, that beatfollow upon this destruction: 'I saw in the night to dust by the stone cut out of the mountain with- the tossing billows of mortal life, and the perils eth out the grain. But does God mean that for visions, and, hehold, one like the Son of man out hands. \* \* After crushing the image 'this of the stormy deep, and enjoy the rest prepared mere literal oxen? came with the clouds of heaven, and came to the becomes a great mountain, and fills the whole stone for those that love God, in our 'Father's house' of 10. Does he not rather mean, or say it for Ancient of Days, and they brought him near be- earth.' Both the old and the New Testaments 'many mansions;' shall we not soon behold our sakes, who feed his flock? No doubt, it is fore him. And there was given him dominion, declare that the blessedness of the nations in the him, who is the chief among ten thousand, said for our sakes, so that he who labors excluand glory, and a kingdom, that all people, na. latter day shall be an effect of the Jews being and the one altogether lovely' to the christian's tions, and languages, should serve him: his do- restored and converted. 'The Gentiles shall heart? Have we this 'blessed hope' to cheer with others in it. minion is an everlasting dominion, which shall come to thy light, and kings to the brightness of us on our way? How should its sanctifying innot pass away, and his kingdom that which shall thy rising.' Isa. lx. 3, 9, 11, 12. The 15th verse fluence be visible in our daily walk and convernot be destroyed.' Ver. 13, 14; see also 26, 27. shows that this passage can not be applied spirit. sation'! How should we purify ourselves from physical labor in procuring carnal things? ually to the Church of God; for when was that all iniquity, presenting our bodies a living sac-1. That before the Redeemer's kingdom is 'forsaken and hated, so that none went through rifice, holy and acceptable unto God, ever bearestablished, there will be fiery and desolating it?' It is equally incongruous to apply it to the ing the 'marks of the Lord Jesus,' that we may have never demanded this our right, from you, judgments poured out on the kingdoms of the calling of the Gentile, for the persons here ad-Roman empire, including the papal power whose dressed are evidently distinct from the Gentiles, spirit of the living God, 'know and read of all hinder the progress of the gospel we preach. abominations are the grand cause of this de- for God thus speaks to them: Thou shalt suck men! How much encouragement have we, to 13. Know ye not, that those who labor in struction. Ver. 11. And as 'all nations have the milk of the Gentiles,' ver 16. 'The sons of make our 'calling and election sure,' by obeying drunk of the wine of the wrath of her fornica- them that afflicted thee shall come bending to the commandments of God, by 'perfecting holi-

have had respect. The reward of Eternal Life myself: neither do I now say these things to monarch, and to him the different tyrannies were ence to the everlasting glories of the 'kingdom it. used in the New Testament with reference to about it; and hence he describes it under the rity, the fountain of all goodness. Let thy feet the personal coming of Christ. [Matt. xxvi. 64; symbol of monstrous and cruel animals. Blessed be planted on the Rock of Ages,' thy anchor Rev. i. 7.1 The learned Mede, speaking of be God that the Lamb in the midst of the throne cast within the vail. Be thou able to give a Dan. vii. 9, 14, says, 'The mother text of Scripture, whence the church of the Jews grounded it, and to fill it with his own glow."

De God that the Lamb in the midst of the throne reason of the hope' that animates thy bosom, and predicate thy faith on the foundation of God,' laboring), so as to win the pore to Christ.

animate thy soul, and bear witness that thou 21. And thus I conformed to others without undefiled, and that fadeth not away, reserved in heaven for you who are kept by the power of that I might win them in that situation. of the quick Lor riving as well as the dead. It then Christ comes personally when the fourth then the heart is pure, there is hardly any God, though faith, unto salvation, ready to be revealed in the last time. 'Hope unto the end,' theory, I appeared as though like them, some-

Paul on Ministerial Support.

1 cor. IX. PARAPHRASED.

ву н. ј. 1. Do ye not acknowledge me as an apostle or true preacher? and free from Jewish bondage.

3. I say to those who question on this point,

4. Have we (preachers truly) not a lawful

us, where we go preaching, a sister, a 'woman,'

6. Or especially Barnabas and myself, have

11. Then if we labor for your spiritual good, is it wrong for us to be sustained in it, by your

12. If others, not preachers, partake of your

holy things, have their living of the things of Christ's temple, the church

Lord required, that 14. And just so, should live by that those who prea labor, (while tru

nded this right for call on you for my support; for 1 better die in

16. For though I do this work, I have nothing

17. For if I now do this thing freely (or with-

18. Then what is my present eward? It is

(To be continued.)

Rest not on the uncertain foundation of a half-way Christianity, but rejoice in thy Redeemer, as a 'complete Savior.' Drink of the waters of did the same also to those who seek salvation by

session of Juganess when the loans beast came to be dest. royed.' [Mede's Works, p, 762.] The The smallest fault of a poor man in the pre-(though they are reponsible to God and Christ),

the different clases, where I go, according to their different stations and professions, that by

23. And I do this for the gospel's sake, that I the statutes and judgments.

all run for themselves, though but one wins the more than eight hundred years before Christ.— groom came, and the door was shut, and that they are shaken in their paths of Endles misery. prize set up. Then so run yourselves, the He then read Acts ii. 22. For Moses truly are now judging or condemning the world by The tendancy is to Universalism, Restoration-

pensities, lest that in some way, after I have thus God says, Hear ye him. Christ says, teach them clouds of heaven with power and great glory. preached the gospel to others, I should fail of to observe all things whatsoever I have comsalvation myself. New York, July, 1852.

Sir:-It is well known to the readers of your Christ, go to the law of Moses, as Mr. Bates' WE whose names are hereunto signed, do tespaper, that Mr. Bates, in company with Mr. text says, as a rule of faith and practice, they tify that these are the plain facts in the case, and Edson, came to Fredonia last February and would go there without him. spents two Sabbaths there and in the adjoining isters put on their overcoats and left the meeting town. The account of this meeting is given by him in the Review of May 6, 1852. In that account there are a number of misrepresentations. The first is, that two local ministers half a mile on foot. Bro. Crawford rode with Fredomis, N. Y. (Brn. Low and Crawford) said they (Bates and Bro. Whitaker, and after meeting had entirely Edson) might occupy the forenoon. But they broken up, Bro. Whitaker untied his horse [Note. The Review declines publishing this did not say so; but said that they might if they where it had been standing in the cold about statement. This is unfair, as it has previously would give them the privilege of replying. Our manner of holding meetings for years has been, to meet on the first day of the week, and have a short sermon, and then exhortations from the after waiting some time, he went on and left Lord, are prominent traits of that paper.—Ep.] brethren and sisters, and have but one meet- Bro. Crawford and Bro. Low contending with ing, as some live at quite a distance. And furthermore, it was almost n gan to preach, and he noon than he did befor

As soon as Mr. Ba ton arose and said the privilege that he then He talked some so much light from God's word. time, and when he sat down, then Bro. Low arose, the first minister that Mr. Bates men- the meeting, as though Mr. Bates had whipped

Lowsaid that the nine commandments are embodie in the gospel of the Son of God, but the fourth is not. Mr. Bates represents here as though e gospel of the Son of God, was simply the save of God in my own mind to preserve your innocence than concerned to the save of God, was simply the save of God, was simply

are no such commands

and said it was time to close At this, Sr. Miller the facts as they were.

manded you. He then remarked that if they the eastern world, the seat of the prophecy, and could produce a command of the Savior or the then will Zion's King appear and build up Zion, Apostles for us to keep the Sabbath, he would be and reign upon the throne of his Father David Mr. Joseph Bates' Misrepresentations. just as zealous in keeping it as they were, but forever, and of his kingdom there shall be no To THE EDITOR OF THE ADVENT REVIEW- when they in opposition to Moses and God, and end. Amen.

Finally, Mr. Bates says, that these two min- vent Review, and in the Advent Harbinger. Mr. Bates. Bro. Crawford soon started, and Bates be- every sleigh had gone that was going his way. me after Bro. Miller was yet in sight, and saw Bro. Crawford coming, and waited for him, and thus he Hamil. rode part way home. Bro. Low was yet conhave the tending for the truth when Bro. Crawford left. had seen Mr. Bates says they left the meeting in disorder. What was that disorder?

tioned, and says that he followed him. them out as he represents; for they were among bath breaking not mentioned in the New Testament. He called upon Mr. Bates to produce a single to in the gospel of the Son of God, from the Sar, or any of his apostles, where we are comminded to remember the same than the cause of truth, and to our breth.

Iday of judgment, unless he repents and confesses his false statements and misrepresentations. If Mr. Bates had stated the plain facts in the case, they would not have been noticed. But as he has not, we think that justice to God and huwhere we are comminded to remember the same that the sin of Sab. Iday of judgment, unless he repents and confesses his false statements and misrepresentations. If Mr. Bates had stated the plain facts in the case, they would not have been noticed. But as he has not, we think that justice to God and humanity, and the cause of truth, and to our breth.

Second day of judgment, unless he repents and confesses his false statements and misrepresentations. If Mr. Bates had stated the plain facts in the case, they would not have been noticed. But as he has not, we think that justice to God and humanity, and the cause of truth, and to our breth.

Eastern States, and perhaps not east of Buffalo, principle, and he who would maintain a good name should be residued. of the time two at once, the time had come who took your paper last May, that do not now I shall attend them agreeable to notice given. for us to close our meetingro. Crawford arose take it, and still suppose that Mr. Bates stated A pilgrim on my way to the kingdom of God

arose, and said that she md like to make a In conclusion, we would say to the brethren Half Moon, N. Y., July 5, 1852. few remarks. Bro. Craw then sat down and sisters generally, be on your guard, that ye while she spoke. He then ose; and Mr. be not deceived by the false statements and mis-Bates now says that Bro. C. denced by say. representations of Mr. Bates and his associates, 14th, 1852, writes: ing, Produce me a command my Lord for keeping the Sabbath, and I will ep it. This prove their false theories, and to support their the Conference, and also to your kind family.—

My mind reverts frequently to Rochester, happy, will never seek in vain.

The conference and also to your kind family.—

A sponful of horse radials is another misrepresentation, at terly false, for Bro. Crawford commenced terly false, test questions. They say that those who worship Bates' text, which was Mal. iv. 4 ading Mr. Semember seventh, are sailing under the black flag of the tractions in our vicinity.

God on the first day of the week, instead of the in that Conference. So far we have few attractions in our vicinity.

milk will preserve the milk sweet for several days, either in the open air or in a cellar, while other milk will turn quite sour.

all such means, I might win some of them to the ye the Law of Moses, my servant, which I com- Papacy—have the mark of the beast—cannot be Bro. George Storks, New York, July 3' manded unto him in Horeb for all Israel, with saved—that they themselves are the 144,000 1852, writes:

HARBINGER AND ADVOCATE.

that are sealed, that in keeping the seventh day, I am satisfied there never was a time when may partake of its ultimate blessedness, with Bro. Crawford said that if the text stood in they become sealed and that all the prophetic more could be effected in spreading our views the New Testament, it would be applicable to periods terminated on the tenth day of the on immortality through Christ alone, than now. 24. Do ye not know that they who run races, us, but it is in the Old Testament, and uttered seventh month, in 1844, that then the bride- Multitudes in the Churches, or in Christendom, christian race, as to obtain its glorious prize. said unto the fathers, a prophet shall the Lord proclaiming these doctrines, which are a species ism, Spirit Rapping, or open Infidelity, all grow-25. And all who strive to excel, are careful your God raise up unto you of your brethren, of Shakerism, and the most of them are zealousing out of the belief of the soul's immortality. in all things about it. Now they do it, to obtain like unto me. Him shall ye hear in all things, ly advocated by S. S. Snow, the blasphemous No human power can arrest this flood; but the only a perishing name (at the last), but we do it for a crown of glory that fadeth not away in the for a crown of glory that fadeth not away in the He then read Luke ix. 35. 'And there came of God, of whom Moses spake, and said that God before the mind, will arrest the sincere inquirers a voice out of the cloud saying, 'This is my be- would raise up like unto him. Again we say, who are serving God according to the best light 26. I so run therefore, (as I have described), loved Son, hear him.' He then read Matt. xxviii. dear brethren and sisters beware! Beware! for they have, and save them from the inundation not with uncertainty, and I fight (my way for 19,20, where Jesus said to his disciples, Go and the devil is come down unto you in great wrath, that is now rising to sweep the nominal churches the crown,) not as one who merely smites the teach all nations, observing all things whatsoever for he knows that his time is short. His decep- to ruin. air.

27. But I keep down my natural aspiring proThere Moses says we must hear that prophet.

There Moses says we must hear that prophet.

There Moses says we must hear that prophet.

There Moses says we must hear that prophet.

request that they may be published in the Ad-

Andreadus wen C.W. Low, . CRAWFORD, Jr. M. WHITAKER, NATHAN RICHARDSON.

#### Correspondence.

FROM BRO. J. WILSON.

It could not consist in their abruptly leaving

the sayin of our Savior as recorded in the New Testament But it is generally understood that the gospel of the Son of God, embraces the whole New estament. Paul preached the gospel, and what caused the disorder and confusion. Now pel, and what caused the gospel, and what caused the disorder and confusion. Now then, instead of the rebuke of which Mr. Bates speaks, resting upon the heads of Brn. Low and confusion where the provent and confusion where the provent are the provent as a primary object. Like trying to be graceful, the effort to be popular will make you contemptible. Take care of your spirit and conduct, and your reputation will take care of its respect to the provent as a primary object. Like trying to be graceful, the effort to be popular will make you conduct, and what caused the disorder and confusion. Now then, instead of the rebuke of which Mr. Bates during more than three-quarters of one hundred to prove it. It will never do to seek a good name as it was when I was twenty five years old, and I am now in my seventy-sixth year. I feel deeply indebted to God for his goodness to me during more than three-quarters of one hundred to prove it. It will never do to seek a good name as it was when I was twenty five years old, and I am now in my seventy-sixth year. I feel deeply indebted to God for his goodness to me during more than three-quarters of one hundred than concerned to prove it. It will never do to seek a good name as it was when I was twenty five years old, and I am now in my seventy-sixth year. I feel deeply indebted to God for his goodness to me during more than three-quarters of one hundred to seek a good name as it was when I was twenty five years old, and I am now in my seventy-sixth year. I feel deeply indebted to God for his goodness to me during more than three-quarters of one hundred to seek a good name as it was when I was twenty five years old, and I am now in my seventy-sixth year. I feel deeply indebted to God for his goodness to me during more than three-quarters of one hundred t Crawford, it will rest upon his own head in the years! I deeply regret every error of my whole self. The utmost that you are called to do as Bro. Low ther states that the sin of Sab- day of judgment, unless he repents and confesses life, and have a lively hope of forgiveness the guardian of your reputation, is to remove in-

Seventh day and kee holy. This Mr. Bates ren demand that a correct statement of the facts I therefore calculate to spend three months visitdid not do, for the ver ood reason that there in the case should be made and published, not ing as many of the churches between this place good character void of offence toward God and only to the readers of your paper, but to those of and Buffalo as I can. I shall make no appoint. man. After quite a numbered spoken, and some the Harbinger. For there are some brethren ments but on the Sabbaths. The Lord willing,

J. WILSON. on earth.

BRO. B. B. SCHENCK, Plainville, N. Y., June

Editing a Paper.

HEAR what the National Intelligencer says about editing a newspaper:

"Many people, estimate the ability of a news-paper, and the industry and talent of its editor by the editorial matter it contains. It is comparatively an easy task for a frothy writer to pour out daily columns of words-words upon any and on all subjects. His ideas may flow in one wishy washy everlasting flood, and his command of language may enable him to string them together like onions; and yet his paper may be a meager and poor concern. But what is the toil of such a man who displays his leaded matter largely to that imposed on a judicious, well-informed editor, who exercises his vocation with an hourly consciousness of his responsibili ties and duties, and devotes himself to the conduct of his paper with the same care and assiduity that a sensible lawyer bestows upon a suit, a numane physician upon a patient, without regard to show or display! Indeed, the mere writing part of editing a paper, is but a small portion of the work. The care, the time employed in selecting, is far more important, and the tact of a DEAR BRO, MARSH:-With gratitude I re- good editor is better known by his selections cord the goodness of God to me since I left my than any thing else, and that we all know is half old home the 12th day of February, 1851. Have the battle. But as we have said, an editor ought ing obtained help of God I continue unto this to be estimated, and his labors understood and day, witnessing wherever I go, none other things appreciated, by the general tone, its temper, its save the words of truth as I understand them. I uniform consistent course, its principles, aims, have had a long tour, and witnessed many its manliness, its dignity and propriety. To Bro. Low did say that the Sabbath was not the last that went away. Then, what was it!— pleasant and happy seasons with my brethren, preserve these as they should be preserved, is binding upon us, for it was given to the Jews as It could consist in nothing else than the breakanation and a people, and made binding upon one another when Mr. B. was talkne others, except those who should be found ing, and sometimes two or three were talking at witin their gates on the Sabbath day. Bro. once. And did Brn. Low and Crawford leave pecially among those who are professedly wait-

A newspaper is a Law book for the indolent, a sermon for the thoughtless, a library for the poor. It may stimulate the most indifferent instruct the most profound.

Affection like spring flowers, breaks through the most frozen ground at last; and the heart that seeks but for another heart to make it.

A spoonful of horse radish put into a pan of will turn quite sour.

# The harbinger & Advocate.

SPEAK THE TRUTH IN LOVE.'-PAUL. ROCHESTER, SATURDAY, JULY 10, 1852.

after the other portion have their resurrection. or all of the righteous will be raised in the first will send us two dollars.

Them that were beheaded for the witness of Je- under five hundred miles and 20 cents over that for the word of God, [Martyrs of every age,] and which had not worshined the heast raised the heavy raised the heast raised the heavy raised t which had not worshiped the beast, neither his image, neither had received his mark upon their foreheads, or in their hands. [All the children of God
who were not markers. These of every class in who were not martyrs. These, of every class, in diately. Will our agents and patrons generally, person whatever will be permitted to undertake any every age,] lived and reigned with Christ a thousand interest themselves in this matter? A favorable act whatever contrary to the present decision. In years' they will 'have a part in the first resurrection.' Hence 'the rest of the dead' must refer to those who will you improve it? are not children of God.

1 Cor. xv. 23. But every man in his own order; Christ the first fruits; afterward they that are Chris's at his coming.' This is plain testimony, and teaches From the following document it will be seen that their religious ceremonies outside the Church, and power may that 'they that are Christ's,' will be raised from the the same power that beld under its control the sa- that in the same place a Turkish mosque exists, the boldness dead at his coming. Who are Christ's? For ye cred localities in A. D. 1744—controls them in A. D. church in question does not belong particularly and bold in are all the children of God by faith in Christ Jesus. 1852; and the Grand Turk, in his imperial dignity exclusively to any of the Christian rites above that tr nor Greek, there is neither bond nor free, there is settled by royal decree in 1744. That decree will not proper that the Greeks, being subjects of my upon the conscient seed and heirs according to the promise.' Gal. fij. those whose right they are. 26-29. Certainly all the heirs of God are included in this testimony, hence all will be raised at the text of the firman which definitively regulates the text of the firman which definitively regulates the coming of Christ: it will be at his coming, and not question of the Holy Places:

1 Thess. iv. 16. 'For the Lord himself shall descend from heaven with a shout, with the voice of the archangel and with the trump of God: and the déad in Christ; shall rise first. The dead in Christ; shall rise first. The dead in Christ; of the Holy Sepulcher, &c., of Jerusalem, hitherto not a part, but all of them, will be raised at the coming to the creed of their church; they go church, and a part, but all of them, will be raised at the coming to the creed of their church; they go church, and a part, but all of them, will be raised at the coming to the creed of their church; they go church, and a part, but all of them, will be raised at the coming to the creed of their church; they go church, and a part, but all of them, will be raised at the coming to the creed of their church; they go church, and a part, but all of them, will be raised at the coming to the creed of their church; they go church, and a part, but all of them, will be raised at the coming to the creed of their church; they go church, and a part, but all of them, will be raised at the coming to the creed of their church; they go church, and a part, but all of them are the coming to the creed of t ing of Christ; hence they will have a part in the documents which are in the possession of my Greek which the present Royal decree has been published and they pray and give alms to the possession of my Greek which the present Royal decree has been published and they pray and give alms to the possession of my Greek which the present Royal decree has been published and they pray and give alms to the possession of my Greek which the present Royal decree has been published and they pray and give alms to the possession of my Greek which the present Royal decree has been published and they pray and give alms to the possession of my Greek which the present Royal decree has been published and they pray and give alms to the possession of my Greek which the present Royal decree has been published and they pray and give alms to the possession of my Greek which the present Royal decree has been published and they pray and give alms to the possession of my Greek which the present Royal decree has been published and they pray and give alms to the possession of my Greek which the present Royal decree has been published and they pray and give alms to the possession of my Greek which the present Royal decree has been published and they pray and give alms to the possession of my Greek which the present Royal decree has been published and they pray and give alms to the possession of my Greek which the present Royal decree has been published and they pray and give alms to the possession of my Greek which the present Royal decree has been published and they pray and give alms to the possession of my Greek which the present Royal decree has been published and they pray and give alms to the possession of my Greek which the present Royal decree has been published and the present Royal decree has bee first resurrection, and no portion of them will constitute the rest of the dead, which will be raised at privileges accorded to the Greeks by my glorious over to the Greeks. You, taking cognizance of flicted, and believe they do all that he Lord comthe end of the millenial reign of Christ.

is come, and the time of the dead, that they should other act." be judged, and that thou shouldest give reward unto Firman addressed to the Governor of Jerusalem,

for the time would fail me to tell of Gedeon, and of commission, composed of several ministers, illusthan insects of yesterday. Will you thus live and Barak, and of Samson, and of Jepthae; of David trious magistrates, and others, was formed with the die, O man? Live for something. Do good, and also, and Samuel, and of the prophets; who through consent of both parties to examine the question. leave behind you a monument of virtue, that the faith subdued kingdoms, wrought righteousness, The object of this examination was the question of storms of time can never destroy. Write your obtained promises, stopped the mouths of lions, the places in dispute between those two religious name by kindness, love and mercy on the hearts of quenched the violence of fire, escaped the edge of sects, and which consist of the great cupola of the thousands you come in contact with year by year, waxed valiant in fight, turned to flight the armies interior of that church, covering the place where your deeds will be as legible on the hearts you to life again; and others were tortured, not accepting deliverance; that they might obtain a better interior of the same church; the arcades of the transfer and others were tortured, not accepting the sepulcher of Jesus Christ is situated; the desleave behind, as the stars on the brow of evening.

Good deeds will shine as brightly on the earth as interior of the same church; the arcades of the transfer and others were tortured, not accepting the same church; the arcades of the transfer and others were tortured, not accepting the same church; the arcades of the transfer and others were tortured, not accepting the same church; the arcades of the transfer and others were tortured, not accept the same church; the arcades of the transfer and others were tortured, not accept the same church; the arcades of the transfer and others were tortured, not accept the same church; the arcades of the transfer and others were tortured, not accept the same church; the arcades of the transfer and others were tortured, not accept the same church; the arcades of the transfer and others were tortured, not accept the same church; the arcades of the transfer and others were tortured, not accept the same church; the arcades of the transfer and others were tortured, not accept the same church; the arcades of the transfer and others were tortured, not accept the same church; the arcades of the transfer and the same church; the arcades of the transfer and the same church; the arcades of the transfer and the same church; the arcades of the transfer and the same church; the arcades of the transfer and the same church; the arcades of the transfer and the same church are the same church; the arcades of the same church are the sa resurrection; and others had trial of cruel mock- Holy Viggin; the church of Bethlehem, and the ings and scourgings, yea, moreover, of bonds and cave where Jesus Christ was born, and the birthimprisonment. They were stoned, they were sawn place and tomb of the Holy Virgin. Remember the poor.

they wandered about in sheepskins and goatskins; the great cupola, as it belongs to the whole building, world was not worthy:) they wandered in deserts, Golgotha, the arcades of the Holy Virgin, the Monday evening, June 21, will be read with deep world was not worthy;) they wandered in descrie, and in mountains, and in dens and caves of the Church of Bethlehem, and the birth-place, are not interest, by every student of prophecy. It will be and in mountains, and in dens and caves of the just, and in consequence it, has been resolved, that observed that Kossuth has no hope of the world's port through faith, received not the promise: God all those places shall remain as they are. But, as port through latth, received not the profiles. Got a key of the northern and southern gates of the baving provided some better thing for us, that they a key of the northern and southern gates of the course

millenial reign of Christ. And how do they prove better resurrection,' which doubtless is the first.— concession was confirmed by a firman published in better resurrection,' which doubtless is the first. better resurrection, which doubtless is the first.—
this position? By an inference, thus: 'And I saw
They are children of Abraham, by faith in Christ, the year 1160 of the Hegira (1744) let them at presrighteous nation. Though he sees the truth here the souls of them that were beheaded for the with the souls of them that were beheaded for the will have a resurrection, and possess the prom-

Christ a thousand years.' (verse 4.) 'But the rest dead' who will not live until a thousand years afof the dead lived not again until the thousand years were finished.' (Verse 5.) It is assumed that in among the blessed and holy,' that we may have a founded on some edicts which they possess, are not mingled with some error, weighs heavily against both verses the same class of dead are referred to; part in the first resurrection, and be permitted to founded on some edicts which they possess, are not mingled with some error, weighs heavily against hence the conclusion is that the 'rest' must be right reign with Christ a thousand years, and then foreous, and will not be raised until a thousand years ever.

unrighteous. How shall this be settled—or how shall this be settled—or how shall we determine which in formal and person who will send us the name of a new subsingle one of those Christian creeds, and that it is
such says:

| Containly have an unwavering faith in the desshall we determine which inference is correct? By dollars. Or, we will give fifty cents worth of our the context, and other plain Bible testimony. To pamphlets entitled the 'Purpose of God, or the this rule no one can reasonably object. Well, what the context, and other plain Bible testimony. To pamphlets entitled the 'Purpose of God, or the Purpose of God, or the Purpose of God, or the Purpose of God, or says the context? Does it teach that only a part, binger for one year, to every new subscriber, who

The postage on the hymn books will be 10 cents opportunity is offered you for doing a little good— what concerns the Church of the Ascension, in the falls upon the sea, I humbly claim your forbearance,

#### JERUSALEM IS YET TRODDEN DOWN.

For as many of you as have been baptized into says to the interested parties-'Let them at present mentioned. Christ, have put on Christ. There is neither Jew be contented,' to have matters remain as they were But, considering in my Royal justice that it is the martyrs neither male nor female; for ye are all one in Christ not be broken until Hz whose right it is shall puissant empire, should not be able to exercise I say with Luther: God may help me, I cannot do Jesus. And if ye be Christ's then are ye Abraham's come and break it, and give the sacred localities to their religious worship in the church itself, it has

ancestors, and particularly by my illustrious father, that act, are to direct all your attention to prevent manded to do, and believe they ar hristians. No Rev. xi. 15-18. And the seventh angel sound. and which have been already sanctioned by myself. any violation of the above mentioned decisions, not Some few may be, but their name is not—their ed . And the nations were angry, and thy wrath Let this decree be for the future superior to every only on the part of the Greeks, Armenians, Syrians country is not; the era of chylanity has yet to

asunder, were tempted, were slain with the sword: 60f all these places, the claims of the Latin for being destitute, affi cted, tormented; (of whom the Who are they? It is thought by some persons that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the righteous that they are a certain portion of the rig who will not be raised until the termination of the in this catalogue, to whom are promised a part in 'a as well as to the Latins and Armenians, and as that had not worshiped the beast, neither his image, register had received his mark upon their forehead.

I seed innermance with nim.

I seed innermance with nim.

I lehem, also claimed by the Latins, since, according prophecy; for it will be through the influence of a prophecy in the influence of a prophecy.

were no other dead than the righteous. But as there are both righteous and unrighteous dead, we skin, and we propose to send one of the same, to Catholics is declared to be just.

Garden of Olives, at Jerusalem, since hithorto the ladies and gentlemen; I claim it in the name of the Latins have exercised their religious services there Almighty Lord, to hear from my lips a mounful once a year, that is to say, on the day of the ascen- truth. It may displease you; it may offend, but sion of Jesus Christ, and that the Greeks exercise truth is trut

been decided that hereafter the Greeks, the same as our Savior, the religion of Christ can secure a haninterior of that church during the religious days all! I have spoken the word. It is harsh, bit a thousand years after, 'for the trumpet shall sound and the dead shall be raised incorruptible.' 1 Cor.

"Hattihumayun, (imperial decree) published toward the end of the month Revi-ul ahir, of the year and state of things be not in any way changed, and the harmonic of the month Revi-ul ahir, of the year and state of things be not in any way changed, and the harmonic of the month Revi-ul ahir, of the year and state of things be not in any way changed, and the harmonic of the month Revi-ul ahir, of the year and state of things be not in any way changed, and the harmonic of the month Revi-ul ahir, of the year and state of things be not in any way changed, and the dead shall be raised incorruptible.' the end of the month Revi-ul anir, of the year and state of things be not in any way changed, and that the door of the church be kept, as hitherto, by tion of the Holy Sepulcher, &c., in dispute between the Greeks and the Catholics:

The end of the month Revi-ul anir, of the year and state of things be not in any way changed, and which the happiness of mankind is bound and state of the church be kept, as hitherto, by a Mussulman porter. In order that mention may be made of this state of things in the firman issued by the church be kept, as hitherto, by an and state of things in the firman issued by the church be kept, as hitherto, by an and that the door of the church be kept, as hitherto, by an analysis of mankind is bound and that the door of the church be kept, as hitherto, by a markind is bound and the catholics:

The end of the Hegira, (1852,) concerning the question of the Church be kept, as hitherto, by a markind is bound and the catholics. daird deponds and Copts, but also of the Latins."

thy servants the prophets, and to the saints, and Hafiz Pasha, and to the Cadi of the same city, as LIVE FOR SOMETHING .- Thousands of men breathe, them that fear thy name, small and great. This well as to the members of the Council of that move and hye-pass off the stage of life and are kind's history. It has in need the private charevidence most clearly embraces all the children of God, who will be rewarded at the sounding of the seventh trumpet. Hence they will be raised in the first resurrection.

Heb. xi. 32-40. 'And what shall I more say? have again been renewed in these latter times, a for the time would fail more that first resurrection.

Here in the differences which have frequently arisen between the Greeks and the Latins concerning the holy places, inside and outside Jerusalem, have again been renewed in these latter times, a in darkness, and they were not remembered more in darkness, and they were not remembered more in darkness, and they were not remembered more in wars. \* But got that beneficial influence in war. \* But got the differences which have again been renewed in these latter times, a composed of several ministers, illustrant to the methative of the condition of millions; acter of men, and the so condition of millions; it was the nurse of a n civilization, and soften-they wrote, not a word they spoke, could be recalled, and so they perished; their light went out in darkness, and they were not remembered more in war. \* But got that beneficial influence in war. \* But got that beneficial influence in war. \* But got the darkness of the stage of nine and are learned of no more. Why? None were blessed by the main and the so condition of millions; it was the manner and falls of men, and the so condition of millions; it was the manner and fall of men, and the so condition of millions; it was the manner and fall of men, and the so condition of millions; it was the manner and fall of men, and the so condition of millions; it was the means of their redemption; not a line them. the sword, out of weakness were made strong, Church of the Resurrection; the little cupola in the and you will never be forgotten. No; your name,

KOSSUTH AMONG THE PROPHETS.

[THE following extract from Kossuth's lecture neither had received his mark upon their foreheads, or in their bands; and they lived and reigned with Christ a thousand years? (verse 4.) (Rut the rest of the The representations on the part of the Latins tal saints that universal peace will be proclaimed menians, the Syrians, and the Copts exercised their favor of the precious truths of the Bible, which religious ceremonies in the holy tomb mentioned clearly teach that the only hope of the world being above, and considering that the religious worship freed from the power of human oppression-is the

Catholic Christians also perform their religious ample of so many fallen nations instructs us that tion, the confirmation of that concession to the still I say there is one thing which can secure it; there is one law, the obedience to which would The rights accorded to the Greeks, subjects of prove a rock upon which the freedom and happiness

> l vanity may blame me; wn at me, and pride may call my till truth is truth, and I humility, will proclaim

> it from land to land and seed of my word falls

come; and when it comes, the only then, will be the future of nations sure. Facili from me to misapprehend the immense ben which the Christian religion, such as it already has operated in manof Christianity we cheerfully to acknowledge, yet it is still not to isputed that the law of Christ does yet no where the Christian world.

The fact that religion of Christ never yet was practically in for an all-overuling law, the obedience to h, outweighing every other consideration, wo have directed the policy of nations. tion, to be a house built upon sand. \* \* can, with full right, claim the title of nation, no government the title of a

Christian government, which is not founded upon to the minister, or the publisher, or the poor, then the basis of Christian morality, and which takes it each will be equally useful and alike blessed .not for an all-overruling law, to fulfil the moral While the one class occupies their mental talents, duties ordered by the religion of Christ toward men or powers, the other class should occupy their temand nations, who are but the community of men, poral talents, or blessings. And it is no more the and toward mankind, which is the community of na- duty of the one to give all they have for the benetions. Now, look to those dread pages of history, fit of the cause, than it is for the other to bestow stained with the blood of millions, spilt under the all they possess for the same purpose. And if it is blasphemous pretext of religion; was it the interest woe unto the minister if he does not preach the to vindicate the rights and enforce the duties of gospel, it is wee to the hearer also, if he does not Christian morality, which raised the hand of nation use his temporal blessing to meet the wants of the against nation, of government against government? cause. We are all fellow laborers with God, in No; it was the fanaticism of creed, and the fury of this good work, but all do not labor with the same dogmatism. Nations and governments rose to instruments. Some can use their voice, others propagate their manner to worship God, and their their pens, some their prayers, words of counsel, own mode to believe the inscrutable mysteries of exhortation and comfort, and others, their bread, eternity; but nobody has yet raised a finger to pun- meat, raiment, and cash. In one or more of these ish the sacrilegious violation of the moral laws of ways, every disciple of Christ can preach or publish Christ, nobody ever stirred to claim the fulfilment the truth. Though all have not the gift to preach of the duties of Christian morality toward nations. a sermon, or write an essay, they can help provide

be done by a free and powerful nation, because it is things. a task of actions, and not of teaching. Individual And now we seriously ask each and all, will you man can but execute it in the narrow compass of employ the means you have for the promotion of the small relations of private life; it is only the the cause of Christ? Will you preach with your power of a nation which can raise it to become a cash, or the property which you can spare for this ruling law on earth; and before this is done, the most worthy object? When we call upon you to that triumph, freedom and prosperity, even of the there is no other way to accomplish this work than mightiest nation, is not for a moment safe from in- by giving directly for the support of the minister ternal decay or from foreign violence.'

## "OCCUPY TILL I COME "-Jesus.

hold full control over your treasures also.

him? Examine yourselves impartially and faithfultion of the cause of God. That cause you will called us to labor. consider one and the same in all places. Hence you will feel the same interest in its prosperity abroad as you do at home. It is a selfish benevoown church, city or neighborhood. The disinterod embraced the world, and we should imitate Him in our gifts and efforts to carry forward NOT AN HEREDITARY ATTRIBUTE OF MAN, BUT THE the glorious economy of redemption.

There are means sufficient among us, if brought out from the places where they are now hid in the earth,' or held in the hands of God's stewards-to free from embarrssment: and somebody will have a tional. sad account to render in the great day of reckoning, I. Matthew xix. 16. Good Master, what good if this work languishes. Do you know that the thing shall I do, that I may have eternal life?talents which are to be occupied, do not consist only Jesus answered, if thou wilt enter into life, keep in a gift to preach and write the truth; there are the commandments. other talents, such as bread, meat, clothing, cash II. Mark xvi. 16. He that believeth (the Gosand all necessary blessings of this life, which every pel) and is baptized, shall be saved; but he that berich family daily use, and ministers and publishers lieveth not (the gospel) shall be condemned. must have to enable them to use their talents to III. John iii. 5. Except a man be borne of water good advantage. It would not do to give all and the spirit he cannot enter into the Kingdom of the talents to the ministers and editors, for this God. would take away the blessing from the great mass. IV. John iit. 15. Whosoever believes on the Each one has his station and proper work assigned Son of Man shall not perish, but have eternal life. him in the church of God, and if each does his duty, V. John iv. 14. Whosoever drinketh of the

\* The task of this glorious progress is only to for the wants of those who can and will do these

triumph of Christianity is not arrived-and without preach thus, we do not wish to be understood that who labors among you, for there are many other objects that should share in your gifts. The several tents that are now in the field, and doing ALL of the servants of our absent, but soon to ground. A general assortment of books, pamphlets return Lord are included in this command; hence and tracts on the great truths specially needed for every one will have to give a strict account of his this age, should be generally and freely circulated or her stewardship in the day of Judgment, how where there is a reasonable prospect of doing any they have used the talents committed to their charge. good—and those who have the means, should see They should not keep back part of the price for that funds are not wanting to carry out, on a libselfish purposes, but are strictly required to put eral scale, this work of benevolence and mercy. every dollar of their Lord's money into his cause, Our periodicals should be better sustained than and themselves also. There can be no reserves in they are. Their list of subscribers should be greatly this case, that will be acceptable with Him who enlarged, and many patrons should pay better than gave his beloved Son, who laid down his life that they do, for some never pay! Instead of preaching we might live. When such great sacrifices have with what they justly owe, to say nothing about been freely made for us, it is but just that we should giving, they withhold from the publisher his just make suitable returns for this unbounded love and dues, and thereby limit his usefulness, and cripple disinterested benevolence. Son or daughter, give his energies in the cause of the Lord! We well me thy heart, thy whole heart—is the requirement of your most merciful Creator and kind Benefactor. If you do this, all you have will be freely given to him: for that being who has your whole heart, will accounts of the Harbinger! Had all loved the old full control over your treasures also.

Has God your heart?—or do you love the world, this trouble and expense, or if they love it now, they its pleasures, fashions and ways more than you do will respond to our calls most promptly, and try to

ly, and prove yourselves on this important matter. Finally, our heart and hands should be in the If you love the cause of your glorious Lord, not in work of the Lord, and no labor in our power to word and tongue only, but in deed and in truth, perform, nor aid we can impart to others engaged in you will show it by your fruits. You will not be an the same good cause,—should be withheld. We idler in the vineyard, but a laborer in the heat as should not be weary in well doing, for in due seawell as the cool of the day. You will also delight in giving such things as you possess to meet the faint not. And those who sow bountifully will various expenses of the cause. Neither will you gather a rich harvest, therefore let us open our be stinted nor grudging in your offerings, but will hands wide, and in the morning sow the seed of give cheerfully and bountifully whenever an opportunity offers, and duty demands it at your hand. In liberal hand, trusting in the great Husbandman, to a word—it will be your supreme delight to do all crown with success our good intentions and humble you can, with all you have and are, for the promo- endeavors to occupy in the field in which he has

We have received from Bro. Storrs a lence, if such a thing can be, which will give only package containing the Bible Examiner for 1850 for the promotion of the cause at home, or in one's and 1851, for James Bowes. It is subject to his

# ETERNAL LIFE,

GRACIOUS GIFT OF GOD, THROUGH JESUS CHRIST. PROPOSITION IV.

Eternal Life, though the free gift of God, through carry forward the good work in every department, Jesus Christ, to the world, is, nevertheless, condi-

the water that I shall give him, shall be in him a tion of this law is addressed to all capable of ra well of water springing up into everlasting life. tional investigation—to all who can think, weigh

sent me, that whosoever recognizes the Son, and believes on him shall obtain everlasting life, and I will raise him up at the last day.

VIII. John vi. 53. Except ye eat the flesh of the guilt upon the race of man? Son of Man, and drink his blood ye have no life in you. Whose eateth my flesh and drinketh my flesh and drinketh my blood, hath eternal life, and I will raise him up at the last day.

IX. John x. 28. My sheep hear my voice; and I give unto them Eternal Life; and they shall never

and believeth shall never die.

the Son power over all flesh, that he should give changed by disobedience. Eternal Life to as many as thou has given him.

word of God should first have been spoken to you, they became liable to a great variety of evils, ali of Jews, but seeing that you put it from you, and which are consequent upon sin. Having thus faljudge yourselves unworthy of everlasting life, lo! len into degredation, they became the progenitors we turn to the Gentiles. And when of the world. Is it reasonable to expect that their offthey heard this they rejoiced, and glorified the word spring would be 'very good' as they were, when of the Lord; and as many as were disposed for eternal they came from the plastic fingers of their Creator,

of God for salvation to every one who believes (it); same constitution. as it is written, the just shall live (eternally) by And this, in truth, is our natural inheritance.

for if we be dead we shall also live with him; if we every day. Because, then, the offspring of sinners suffer, we shall also reign with him; if we deny are born into a state of sin, and are placed under a

fect (by a resurrection of life) became the author of they inherit the ills of life and the pains of death, eternal salvation unto all them that obey him.

XIX. Hebrews x. 36. You must persevere in they have neither hopes nor fears. They are

doing the will of God, that you may obtain the under the law of nature, which God enacted when XX. 1 John ii. 17. He that doeth the will of God thou art, and to dust thou shalt return.'

abideth forever. ife abiding in him.

and if we can ascertain distinctly the laws to which which millions of them

whether in preaching, writing, publishing, or giving water that I shall give him, shall never thirst; but who are physically incompetent do not enter into the purview of the gospel at all. The proclamation of the purview of the gospel at all. The proclamation in the purview of the gospel at all.

VI. John v. 24. He that heareth my word, and testimony, and determine according to the evidence believeth on him that sent me, hath everlasting life, in the case. It does not expect them to obey it who and shall not come into condemnation, but is passed are physically incompetent to will or not to will: om death unto life.

VII. John vi. 40. This is the will of him who heard of Jesus, nor of the gospel of his reign. nor does it offer salvation to any who have neither

'All the world,' saith,' the Scriptures, 'is guilty before God.' How comes this universal

transgressor; and, thirdly, by their own personal

The first man and woman were alone responsible for their eating the forbidden fruit. Because they did this, they were placed under a new constitution, X. John xi. 24. Jesus said, I am the resurrec. different from that under which they were before tion and the life: he that believeth in me, though he they sinned. Then every thing was very good, and were dead, yet shall he live, and whosoever liveth themselves very good likewise; but having sinned they became sinners, and the subjects of good and Xl. John xvii. 2. O, Father! thou hast given evil in their cop of life. Their state was now

They were in a state of sin, and therefore under XII. Acts xiii. 46. It was necessary that the a constitution of sin. Under this constitution XIII. Acts xv. 15. God first looked down upon ple-which is a universal law and without excepwho moulded them from the dust! On the princithe Gentiles, to take from among them a people for tion-that 'like begets I ke,' we should look for a is name.

XIV. Romans i. 16. The Gospel is the power life; citizens of the same state and related to the

XV. Romans ii. 7. God will render to every We come into the world involuntarily. We find man according to his deeds: to them who by patient continuance in well-doing SEEK for glory, honor, honor, and immortality, he will render eter-honor, honor, and immortality, he will render eter-honor, honor, and immortality, he will render eter-honor, honor, and immortality he will render eter-honor and immortality he will be a second and immortality he will be a second and immortal XVI. Romans viii. 13. If you have lived accord accord to the law of nature, born into a state of XVI. Romans viii. 13. If you have lived according to the flesh you shall die; but, if, through the Spirit, you put to death the deeds of the body, you shall live.

Why God pleases that things should be ordered thus, is not our province at this time to inquire.— XVII. 2 Timothy ii. 12. It is a faithful saying; The fact is indisputable, for it is the experience of constitution of sin, they are sinners, even before XVIII. Hebrews v. 9. Jesus being made per- they can discern between the evil and the good; he said, 'out of the ground wast thou taken; dust

Thus the Earth is peopled by inhabitants who XXI. 1 John iii. 15. No murderer hath eternal are constituted sinners; death reigns over them all, and by fell swoops, whirls them into the dust XXII. Revelation ii. 7. To him that over- from age to age. As we have said before, but for cometh will I give to eat of the Tree of Life, which the goodness of God the Earth would continue the s in the midst of the Paradise of God. Verse 11, vast charnel house of humanity forever. But he did e shall not be injured by the second death. not intend this Animal Kingdom to be the final Now, we do not hesitate to say, that these pas- state of mankind. From the Scriptures we have sages prove that Eternal Life is conditional, or ob- quoted, we learn that his plan is, to take from among inable by those who conform to certain fixed and its subjects a people who shall constitute a Spirinalterable stipulations. The expressions if the tuai Kingdom to inhabit the earth forever. Not to believeth the gospel and is baptized, 'Except,' transform all the men, women, and children, of the whosoever, 'as many as,' 'to take from among,' Animal Kingdom into the men, women, and chilto every one who,' to them who,' and so forth, are dren of the Spiritual Kingdom; but to take from I terms of condition. The reply of Jesus to the the Animal Kingdom such materials as will answer oung man gives the gist of the whole matter, if to build up the Spiritual. The Christian era found hou wilt enter into life, keep the commandments .- the Gentile world under 'times of ignorance,' in Now this teaches us the truth positively and plainly; which they had been enwrapt for ages, and under God demands our obedience, we need be at no loss day. Does ignorance make men criminal, when to determine what is the mind of God in relation to they possess not the means of knowledge? No; those who are disobedient to his requirements .- and therefore Paul addressed the constituted sin-Jesus has placed the obtaining of Eternal Life upon ners at Athens, the times of this ignorance God hypothetical grounds—he suspends the future glory hath winked at, or overlooked; and to those of nonor, immortality and Eternal Life of the Human Lyconia, 'God in former generations permitted all Race upon an 'if,' consequently, nothing can be the nations to walk in their own ways;' 'receiving plainer than this, namely, that he that o beys the in themselves that recompense of their error that law of faith will obtain them, and he that obeys it was meet - being worthy of death from which they not will never see life eternal, but be turned back have no release. And if helpless ignorance do not nto the darkness and silence of the Second Death eriminate men so as expose them to the second death, shall we say that sinners, because in help-Again, if Eternal Life be conditional, that is, at- less ignorance, ought therefore to enjoy or share tainable by obedience to the moral laws of God, in the rewards which are reserved for those who none can possibly attain to it, who either cannot or know God and obey the gospel of Jesus Christ?will not conform to the terms upon which it is freely The new man is renewed by knowledge, says and graciously offered. The disabilities of those Paul, after the image of Him who created him; who cannot observe God's commandments are va- yes, it is animal men and woman renovated by a rious; and may be arranged under the heads of knowledge of the truth and subjects of the resurrecphysical and circumilantial impediments. Those tion of the just, of whom the Spiritual Kingdom of

population did not exceed that of the British Amer- sin and Death Eternal. ican colonies before the Revolution; and further- And here it is manifest that the proclamation more, that the gospel of Jesus Christ was proclaim- promises deliverance to obedient believers only .-

tral Asia, Hisdostan, and so forth.

to God and the children of Adam; one a state of ted on such characters. Eternal consummation of their woes.

It would occupy to much space at this time to go But, we have more particularly to do with the nal Death before men living under times of Knowl edge; and that their destiny in relation thereto depends upon their own volition; that is, they will believe the gospel, amend our lives, and be baptibecome heirs of Eternal Life, 15 they will obey zed in the name of Jesus Christ for the remission and the Second Death, mankind may be divided F IT will be seen by a reference to Bro. reject his claims to their obedience.

'He that believes the gospel and is baptized shall be saved.' Saved, salvation, and the like terms are be saved.' Saved, salvation, and the like terms are be saved. Saved, salvation, and the like terms are often used in Scripture; we will remark briefly on will rise again to eat of the Tree of Life, which placed under Times of Knowledge: the former a Sunday appointment by Bro. Weethee at Honoften used in Scripture; we will remark orieny on these. Paul says, that before Christ came, 'Jews is in the midst of the Paradise of God, accord- are 'made subject to frailty, but not willingly,' eoye, will be productive of much good. The and Gentiles were all under sin,' and elsewhere, he ing to the 22d proof. and are destined to return to dust, from which other appointments of Bro. Weethee stand as says, that 'THE WAGES OF SIN IS DEATH;' conse- These are the condiquently they were all under sentence of death or terable stipulations, as unchangeable as The Imcondemnation. Sin and death were the things of muable himself, to which we all must conform which they were all subjects: sin was the labor of if we would enter into Life, by a resurrection their lives, and death the well carned wages there-of. Jews and Gentiles were all fellow laborers in evil, and therefore, fellow-sufferers of all the calam-

must have pertained to a deliverance from sin, and of animal men is but the crude materials out of consequently from Death; for to deliver a man from which the Arch Builder of eternal mansions, the cause of his evils is eventually to remove those is erecting a superb and undecaying edifice: evils likewise; hence, to take away the sin of the His materials are animal, and of those he is rear-

wages and punishment of sin. The salvation, who is the Rock, and be subjected to the preparthen, promised in the gospel, is a deliverance from ation which he requires, whose workmanship is Jesus as treasure in heaven, to be bestowed on Auburn,

ered his laws to mankind at large, but to portions sin and death. When, therefore, it says, 'He who of the race in particular. The truth of this will shall believe the gospel and be baptized, shall be appear from the fact, that the Law of Moses was saved,' a proclamation is made, that all believers delivered to Israel alone, and at a time when the of the gospel, who obey it, shall be delivered from

ed not to all mankind, for all the tribes of men were It is 'he who shall believe,' &c.; nor does it stop not known to the ancients, but to every nation here, for it declares, that he who shall not believe under heaven' of the Roman Government. And it the gospel shall suffer condemnation, that is, the yet remains for Jehovah to cause an authoritive sentence of Eternal Death under which he lies to them that dwell on the earth, even to every na- be born of water and the Spirit, he cannot enter the tion, and kindred, and tongue, and people,' which Kingdom of God;' in other words, he cannot shall embrace the population of China, India, Cen- enter Paradise. This condition is fixed and unalterable; this rule is the unrepealed statute of These proclamations it is which convert, 'Times Heaven, announced by the Great King, who is desof Ignorance' into Times of Knowledge. It is tined to reign in that Kingdom. The Heirs of knowledge that makes a 'constituted sioner' ac- Paradise, constituted such under the New Institucountable for his sins; and if accountable, therefore tion, can only become Heirs by submitting to this, obnoxious to the anger of a just God, unless he obey the Spiritualization Law of the Kingdom of God .the truth. When men are made acquainted with The being begotten of the Spirit and born of Wathe Law of God, they can no longer plead ignorance ter, is the passing from the sentence of Death to the as an excuse; for it then becomes a matter of their sentence of Life, which says, that such an one shall own choice whether they will become 'constituted not suffer the condemnation of the Second Death: righteous' ones, or enlightened transgressors; for see proof vi. He who has thus passed from Death this near relation to the Law of God renders it ab. to Life becomes, by the transition, a sheep of the solutely impossible for them any longer to remain Great Shepherd's flock, (proof ix ,) one of the peomerely 'constituted sinners;' they must superadd ple of God, (proof xiv.,) a well-doer, (proof xvi.) a to this the attribute of knowingly wilful trans- subject of the Author of Eternal Salvation, (proof In this life, then, there are two states in relation and therefore entitled to all the blessings predica-

sin: and the other a state of favor. The citizens The condition, then, to which men are bound of the former state are sinners by virtue of a constitution, who are of all ages, and of every shade and variety, together with those enlightened trans. gressors whose sin is not only constitutional but say, is general, and applies equally to the past, voluntary; the state of favor comprehends those the present, and the future. But this condition who were not only constituted sinners, and volun. is resolvable into something more particular .tary transgressors, but who, by obedience to the Hence the sentence falls to be completed, keep laws of God and to Christ, are 'constituied right- the commandments peculiar to the Divine Coneous,' In regard to the righteous, they are deliv stitution under which you live. Nosh, Abraham, ered from the fear of death, because, having obeyed Isaac, and Jacob, had to observe the ordinance the truth, they have passed from death unto life; of the patriarchal constitution of things; Moses, but this is not the case with sinners by nature and practice, who know, but will not obey the truth.—
Constituted sinners and intelligent transgressors are all under sentence of death eternal, with this difference only, that the punishment and destiny of ments of the New Institution; and the universal constituted sinners, living under times of ignor- concourse of mankind will, from the apprachance, is the common lot of man, aggravated by the ing appearance of Jesus in his glorious kingdom, demonical institutions of Idolatry, Mehammedan- be subjected to that Law of Love, which is to ism, &c., 'ending in death,' which is uninterrupted proceed from Zion to every nation, tongue, kinby a resurrection; whereas, the transgressors who dred, tribe and people of the inhabited earth: know, or may know the law, though subject to all this in common with them, are raised to trial, execution, and the terrors of the Second Death, the glory of the Lord, as the waters that cover the depths of the sea.' Heb. ii. 14.

into the doctrine of the several proofs in detail. In commandments of the times which are. We and not be ashamed before him at his coming. the general, they will all be found to concur in are to keep the commandments of the Apostles Him who is the Life; or they will continue the heirs of sins; and that thenceforth we persevere in into two classes: first, the Heirs of Eternal Weethee's appointments that he will spend Sunof the Second Death, with the superaddition of well-doing, which consists in observing the 'all Life; and second, they who are entitled to 'the day, the 18th inst., at Honeoye instead of Cansuffering, PREVIOUS to that catastrophe, IF they things' which Jesus commanded his Apostles to Wages of Sin.' teach those whom they converted to the faith.-

ities of life, and co-heirs of a common fate. is to the obedient, according to the letter and Now, salvation in relation to these, it is clear, spirit of the gospel, and to none else. The world world' is to cancel the liability to the punishment due to sins, which is the Second or Eternal Death.

When, therefore, it says, 'To Him gave all the living stones, into his building, but the worthprophets witness, that every one who believes on him shall receive forgiveness of sins by his name'—
the sentence fails to be completed—and as a consequence, he shall be saved from Death Eternal, the

living stones, into his building, but the worthless, and the rubbish, he casts away and destroys by fire. To become stones, which will never wear away, we must be incorporated into Him

others, must rise from the dead in order to realize the things promised in the Will.

5. Immortality is not an hereditary constituent of Human Nature, but a free and gracious

perfect and complete.

PROPOSITION. V.

Men are put in possession of Eternal Life, being re-organized and re-animated by the tinuance in well-doing. power or spirit of God.

1. Romans viii. 11. If the Spirit of God, Death. who raised up Jesus from the dead dwell in In fine, let us remember that our lot is cast, you, he that raised up Christ from the dead and by virtue of the appointment of Him, who proclamation of the Everlasting Gospel' to be made shall be carried into effect. Again, Except a man shall also make your mortal bodies alive by his marks out the boundaries of the nations, we are Spirit that dwelleth in you.

but to those in Rome 'called saints,' and therefore, to all who can prove their identity of state our way, and to walk in that path, to seek that and character, in all after ages, with them. \_\_ truth, and to pursue that Life which the Way, These were 'spiritually minded' persons, who the Truth, and the Life' has delineated and proattended to the things of the Spirit,' in opposition to those who were 'carnally minded,' and my reward is with me; I will recompense to therefore enemies of God, who regarded only the things of the flash, the works of which are the things of the flesh,' the works of which are manifest. The spiritually minded had the spirit Tree of Life, and they shall enter by the gates of Christ, who by this spirit abided in them, into the City.' 'I am the Root, and the Offwhereby they became dead to sin and alive to

xviii.) a doer of the will of God, (proof xx.) &c., And this promise regards the body, not some imaginary tenant of our clay. Pythagoras, ble invitation from the Prince of Life; who would Socrates, and Plato taught the Immortality of the soul; but Jesus, a greater philosopher than they, taught the Immortality of the Body, or of Man. The Immortality of the soul is a pagan Auburn last Sunday, and eat the supper of the dogma; but the glory, honor, and incorruptibility Lord with them. It was a refreshing season to of the mortal body, at the resurrection of the just, is purely a divine discovery by Jesus Christ:

We were rejoiced to find the brethren there after his crucifixion was clothed with a glorious and honorable immortality. He is the model of the manner in which we shall attain the glory, and of what we shall be when honored to share in the recurrent of the just. 'From Heaven's still united on the precious principles of christian love and gospel liberty, and resolved to continue so. The Lord enable them at this hour of perils to 'keep the unity of the Spirit,' and to resist every unholy influence that would divide in the resurrection of the just. 'From Heaven we look for the Lord Jesus Christ, who shall change our vile body, that it may be fashioned like unto his glorious body.' This is the declaration of Paul, and that of his fellow-apostle John is like to it: 'It doth not yet appear what we (the same of God) shall be; but we know that we shall see him as he is.' And 'every man keep you. Amen. that hath this Hope in him purifieth himself even as he is pure.'

'And now little children abide in him, that when he may appear we may have confidence, he will find sufficient encouragement, in that or

teaching, that God has set Eternal Life and Eter of Christ, if we would enter into that life which corollaries which present themselves from the he may labor take this matter into due considera-

1. In relation to the antitheses Eternal Life

uns, the fixed and unal. they rise no more; while the latter are not only first made. 'made subject to vanity, and return to the dust, but are raised therefrom again to the resurrection of condemnation, which results in 'death may recognize his own, even as we recognize him ending in death,' which is therefore second and

2. Eternal Life being a matter of promise to Abraham and his Seed, it is bestowed only o those who can prove that they are the seed of Abraham; in other words, a man, to become im mortal, must establish his identity as one of the Heirs of the Will concerning Christ.

4. Jesus must return to Palestine; and Abra ham, Isaac, Jacob, the Prophets, Apostles, and others, must rise from the dead in order to real

gift of God superadded to it, and laid up with

his re-appearance upon this terrestrial globe.

6. Eternal Life is conferred on those only who conform to certain fixed conditions, namely, not by the re-union of an 'immortal soul' with Obedience to the Gospel preached by Peter a mortal body; but by the Mortal Body itself on the Day of Pentecost, and a subsequent con-

7. Salvation is deliverance from Sin and

placed under Times of Knowledge, and there-This passage is addressed, not to all mankind, fore can have no excuse for not obeying. By spring of David; the bright and the morning And because this Spirit dwelt in them they had Star. And the Spirit and the Bride say, come; the promises of a resurrection to eternal life.— and let him that hears say, come; and let him that

WE spoke three times to the church in

whose body was mortal, and on the third day still united on the precious principles of chris-

we (the sons of God) shall be; but we know that other, with a pure heart fervently,' and 'keep when he shall appear we shall be like him; for yourselves in the love of God,' and God will

BRO. J. N. LOOFBOROUGH will be with the church in Auburn the 18th inst. We hope some other field, to devote his whole time to the In conclusion, then, the following are the ministry. Will the friends of the cause where

andaigua. This change has been made in con-2. In relation to Eternal Death, sinners may sequence of a previous arrangement, as we are

13 Let us adopt the love of peace, that Christ

# Appointments.

		$\sim$
No.	Bro. Jonathan Wilson.	B-6108
f	Manlius, Manday, July	18.
	Bangall, sand Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand S	25.
Į	Port Byron, "August	1.
	Anburn.	8. 15.
	Geneva,	22.
3	Canandaigua, rotational language es es	29.
į	Victor, Sept.	5.
NAME OF	Rochester, "	12.
	Batavia,	19.
PARTY.	Dunaio,	26.
	Gerry, God and Salas de " Oct.	3.

Bro. J. N. Loof borough. Sunday, July 18. Bro. Wm. Roworth.

Middletown, Saratoga co., Sunday, July 11. Bro. R. V. Lyon.

Bro. J. P. Weethec. Sunday July 11. Tues. eve., " 13. Wed. " " 14. Friday " " 16. Honeoye, Honeoye Falls, Sunday Thur. " " 22. Friday, " " 23. Northern Ohio Sunday, August 1 where the brethren there may appoint. They will correspond with Bro. Weethee on the subject, at

Scotland, (Widow Robinson's house,) July 11.

Bro. J. Wendell.

Rochester, N. Y.

Fredonia, Commence Friday evening-and continue over Sunday, 9th, 10th, and 11th, I hope to see at these meetings, as far as possible, all the friends of our soon coming Lord. We are amidst the perils of the last days; 'iniquity need more than ever the exhortations and prayers of J Boyce 442, \$1,08; D Bullon 447, \$2,78; E Clark J. WENDELL.

P.S. Should it appear to be the will of the Lord, I shall proceed still further west, but I leave other \$1,13; Augustus Wells 445. \$1,09; A McClure appointments for the present. J. W.

Camp Meeting at Oswego, Ind. There will be a Camp Meeting held at Oswego, Ind .- commencing on Friday before the fourth Lord's day in September next. The brethren and others who feel an interest in the truth are invited

in Winsted, commencing Aug. 30, and to continue Bates. one week or more, upon the same ground occupied

depot, at the terminus of the Naugatuck R. R., and those coming by cars or stages, will be accommodated with cheap conveyance to and from the

We invite every friend of Jesus, and all who are willing to seek for eternal life through him, to meet with us in the tented grove to worship the God of

S. G. MATHEWSON, ) HIRAM MUNGER, Com. MILES GRANT

Canada Tent Meetings.

If the Lord will, a Tent Meeting will be held Columbus, C. W., commencing Saturday 10, at 71 P. M., and continue over two Hough will be in attendance and B. White, J. Bower, H. Haight, and other

This meeting is specially designed as a substitute for a general Camp Meeting. We expect a gen-eral gathering of the brethren from Toronto, Newmarket, Maraposa, Leach, Whitby, Cobourg, Clark,
Darlington, &c. All who can, are solicited to come
at the commencement of the meeting, and remain
till its close. Let those who can, bring tents and at the commencement of the meeting, and remain till its close. Let those who can, bring tents and

A. McClure.—We have none of the Examiner is nature's own physician.

TAddress JOSEPH PETRCE, Rochester, N. Y., box 578. of that date.

D. E. M. - We see no error in the account: we Oil that Bro. Peirce does. We can, however, say, that in judicican not tell why your request has not been complied with, as it is our uniform practice to do as requested in such cases.

A. W. G.—Please refer us to the paper in which As a prominent object of the publication of the HARyou are credited to No. 434. Your bill is correct BINGER is to obtain a correct knowledge of the Scriptures, when they are pointed out.

Receipts for the Harbinger.

The Whole No. to which each has paid follows the name.

Abigail Scovell 442, R F Shir'ey 466, J A Sober 455, Elam White 470, H Bradford 461, William H Knapp 466, D Smith 443, S D Mitchell 472, R J Mitchell 467, David Stam 472, N Buckingham 468, Wm Algire 451, Mrs Hall 457, Polly Wilson 469, Wm Algre 451, Mrs Hall 457, Polly Wilson 469, Wm Roworth 442, Wm Shepherd 472, A Perine 468, Mary A Hardy 442, Samuel W Ames 472, O D Russell 458, G A Lapham 482, N McCullock 468, E Haskell 429, S Dodge 435, Philip Clough 472, George Pease 448, A Tenant 442—\$1,00 each. M Batchelor 494, Annah Beckworth 494, J Myers 494, B Gardner 494, D Wilson 494—\$1,50, each. Wm Rider 498, M M Lange 452, LS Learned

Wm Rider 498, M M Jones 452, J S Leonard 511, S T Baker 494, A Mead 494, Z Davis 463, G Maffit 488, Job Stevens 491, P H Bouk 532, John Linville 468, P Alling 461, Hugh Jones 445, Wm Baker 438, M M Jones 504, H Deming 449, L S Wetherwax 520, G N Gale 429, O Wyard 480, N Tuttle 494, L J Seavey 482, Joseph Scholey 489,

Mrs Com Conner 494, A Sharick 547, Phineas White 492, D E Moulton 442, B S Pierce 494-\$3,

Elbridge Gorden 446, \$4,00.

J Muzzy 417, 54 cents; E Brisbin 496, 86 cts.; W are amidst the perils of the last days; finiquity abounds and the love of many waxes cold, and we have the exportations and provided the love of many waxes cold, and we have the exportations and provided the love of many waxes cold, and we have the exportations and provided the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of the love of many waxes cold, and we have the love of th 447, \$1,62; D Clow, 446, \$1,16; Mr L Clow 364, 466, 92 cents; Wm E Desper 443, \$1,30; A W Griggs 439, 90 cents; F Proud 494, 50 cents; H W Chase 442, \$1,15; H Taft 436, \$1,41; W Shoals

LETTERS .- H E Shelman, A Woodworth, P A Smith, A N Seymour, J Donalson, M E Cornell, H E Carver, Wm Kimble, D P Hall, Z G Bliss, T C The Lord willing, a Camp Meeting will be held by Winsted, commencing Aug. 20 and to continue to the break of the break of

BOOKS SENT .- E Brisbin, J S Leonard, E Miller The camp ground is about two miles from the Jr, P H Book, T Littlewood, H T Miller, P Alling, lepot, at the terminus of the Naugatuck R. R.; J Wright, L Fletcher, J B Dodge, L Robbins, A

Delinquents.

If any mistakes are made under this head, we shall be happy, on being informed of the fact, to correct them,

CHARLES LEE, Attica, Wis., has 'gone to Califor-Board and horse-keeping on reasonable terms, nia, without paying for his paper or ordering it with an invitation to the *poor* pilgrims to come and stopped. We hope no others will do likewise. He eat without money and without price.

Donations:

TO SEND THE HARBINGER TO THE POOR.

Deborah Gaige, . . . . \$2.00

auranteed.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

E. M., Jr.—The paper was sent at the time, but powerent you 210 'Contrast' and 25 'Mystery Solved.'

Deborah Gaigr.—Mary Buchanan owes nothing:

What shall be done with the \$1,00?

MERICAN OIL.—The proprietor has a new and fresh supply on hand, direct from the well, and is ready to receive orders from those who wish to become, or who now are, his agents. The Oil is performing many wonderful cures, and if I had room, and we hope that the meeting will prove conducive to the glory of God, and give new impetus to the cause in Canada.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

E. M., Jr.—The paper was sent at the time, but by mistake the receipt was not published. We have ent you 210 'Contrast' and 25 'Mystery Solved.'

Deborah Gaigr.—Mary Buchanan owes nothing:

What shall be done with the \$1,00? what shall be done with the \$1,00?

M. WHITAKER.—We are not able to make out the address to which you wish C. Andrews' paper sent. Please give it again.

MRS. H. L.—It has been stopped, but sent to brooklyn.

A. MCCLURE.—We have none of the Eramina.

Cured weak and inflamed eyes, when all medical aid had failed, it also dissolves cataracts, and takes them from the eye, when hope is lost by the exhaustion of medical skill. It is found to be a sovereign remedy for the following diseases, if taken in season, stages; Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Ulcers, Inflamed Eves, Tetter, Ring-Worm, Earache, Deafuess, Toothache, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, Burns, Spalls, Swellings, Strains, Plues, Cough, Affe-tion of the Liver, Plathsic, Ashma, Colic, Cramp, Croup, Brouchitis, Lame Back, Disease of the Spine, Worms, Catarrh, King's Evil, Dry Scrofula, Dropsy, Scarlet Fever, Salt Rheum, Scald Heads, &c.

This Oil will cut off the very root of disease, Inflammation. It is nature's own physician.

Rules of Discussion.

according to our books. We gladly rectify errors and as it is open for the free investigation of all Bible doctrines, to avoid all misunderstanding in the matter, on J. Wilson.—The \$10,00 were received, but the part of those who may feel disposed to write for its through mistake the appointments were not given.
The balance in your favor is \$3,14.

E. W.—Bro. Young's receipt is in No. 451; it should be, however, 483, instead of 413.

Least of the part of those who may reel disposed to write for its pages, we will state the following rules, which we hope and expect they will observe in their communications.

1. None but BIBLE questions can be admitted for discussion.

2. While a THEORY OF PROPOSITION OR a Certain subject

HARBINGER AND ADVOCATE.

of the Bible is in course of discussion, no other theory on the same subject can be admitted. 3. The plain testimony of the BIBLE and matters of FACT, will ALONE be admitted as EVIDENCE.

4. The LITERAL principle of interpretation must be observed.

on on the Prophecies .- The Book of Inheritance:

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Unity of Man: or, Life and Death Realities. A Reply to Luther Lee. By Anthropos. 15 cents.

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Honeoye - Hazen's Hall, every Sunday.

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Manlius—Advent Hall, every Sunday.

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4. Objections against a writer's sentiments, must be based on some plain passage of Scripture, fact, or facts.

5. Objections against a writer's sentiments, must be based on some plain passage of Scripture, fact, or facts.

6. Only two disputants can be heard at the same time, on the same question.

7. Each disputant may speak twice on a point, providing further evidence is presented the second time, or an explanation or correction is necessary.

5. No unkind expressions will be admitted.

Let these rules be carefully observed, and that misunderstanding and unpleasantness that sometimes arise between writers and the editor, and between themselves, will be avoided, lengthy metaphysical hitigations will be shunned, and the investigation of the Bible will be both interesting and profitable, and will result in obtaining a more correct knowledge of the truth.

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Joseph Marsh, Editor and Proprietor.

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TERMONE.

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TERMONE.

TERMONE.

From the Christian Palladium

Psalm cxlviii. Paraphrased.

Praise ye the Lord, ye stars of night. His greatness and his works of night! Angels with him in heaven above, Praise all his boundless power and love, And ye his hosts, lift high your voice, And praise him while your hearts rejoice! Praise him, fair sun that roll'st on high, And sendest blessings from the aky; And the pale moon, still loud proclaim nders of Jehovah's name. Praise him ye stars that constant shine By his commandment, all divine; Ye heaven of heavens praise him still, And waters that obey his will, And praise the Lord, ye quiet earth, To all thy beauties he gave birth; And snow and wind, O whisper low Mountains and hills, your heads bow down, And trees and plants his praises own All living things on earth we see, Praise him ever fervently. ings of the world, forget your pride, And praise him while on earth you bide; Princes and people, judges, all, Praise ye the Lord, it is his call, Young men and maidens, praise his name, Old men and children still the same, Unite your voices, sing his praise In happy, joyous, thankful lays, Join e'er to bless his name adored, Fulfil the mandate, Praise the Lord.

## Miscellany.

The Wheat and the Chaff.

A DISCOURSE-BY J. S. WHITE.

[Tms is the title of a valuable pamphlet recently published by Bro. J. S. White, Worcester, Mass., of whom it may he had: also at the office of the 'Watchman,' Hartford, Ct. We thank the friend who has favored us with a copy. The following are extracts from the work:]

The Prophet that hath a dream, let him tell a dream: and he that hath my word, let him speak my word faithfully: what is the chaff to the wheat? saith the Lord.—

It is a general belief that the kingdom of God, or kingdom of heaven, was 'set up' on the earth, eighteen hundred years ago, and in connection with the first advent of our Savior.

God has promised that he will establish a kingdom on the earth; -Dan. ii. 44:- 'And in the days of these kings, shall the God of heaven set up a kingdom, which shall never be destroyed: and the kingdom shall not be left to other people, but it shall break in pieces and consume all these kingdoms, and it shall stand forever.'

In harmony with this prophecy, we are taught by our Savior to pray, 'Our Father who art in heaven, hallowed be thy name, thy kingdom come, thy will be done in the earth, as it is done in heaven.' So long as we may thus pray, this kingdom is in the future. We need not pray for it after it has come. The scriptures show us where the kingdom of God is to be located: on the earth. How long shall it remain? 'It shall never be destroyed; and shall not be left to another people; and it shall stand for ever.'-What will be the character of this kingdom?-God's will, will be done in it, as it is done in

The disciples at one time supposed the kingdom of God would come in their day. This supposition our Savior corrected in the parable of the nobleman. Luke xix. 11, 12:- 'He added and spake a parable because he was nigh to Jerusalem, and because they thought that the kingdom of God should immediately appear .-He said, therefore, A certain nobleman went into a far country to receive for himself a kingdom, and to return.' See the whole parable .-By this the Savior taught them that the kingdom would not come until he had been away, and had returned. But if the kingdom did come in the Savior's day, the disciples were correct in their expectation; and if so, the correction which Christ made, amounted to nothing. After they were 'endued with power from on high,' on the day of 'Pentecost,' they never expressed a word implying that the kingdom had come, or would come, until Christ the nobleman should return. They always spoke of it as in the future.

Acts xiv. 22:- 'Confirming the souls of the disciples, and exhorting them to continue in the that Jesus died and rose again, even so them

faith, and that we must through much tribulation enter into the kingdom of God.'

1st Thess. ii. 12.—'That ye would walk worthy of God, who hath called you unto his kingdom and glory.'

2nd Tim. iv. 1:- 'I charge thee therefore before God and the Lord Jesus Christ, who shall judge the quick and the dead at his appearing and his kingdom.'

2nd Pet. i. 10, 11:- 'For if ye do these things ye shall never fall: for so an entrance shall be ministered unto you abundantly into the everlasting kingdom of our Lord and Savior, Jesus Christ.'

It may be necessary to remark, that Christ is to be the ruler in this kingdom. What saith the Word? 'He shall be great, and shall be called the Son of the Highest; and the Lord God shall give unto him the throne of his father David .-And he shall reign over the house of Jacob for ever; and of his kingdom there shall be no end.' Luke i. 32, 33. 'And the seventh angel sounded; and there were great voices in heaven, saying, The kingdoms of this world are become the kingdoms of our Lord and of his Christ; and he shall reign for ever and ever.' Rev. xi. 15.

It is true that some of the subjects of the kingdom have been in every generation; and they have had the character and spirit of the kingdom. Thus God has been preparing materials for his kingdom. To this preparation, reference is often made in the New Testament. But the setting up or establishment of the kingdom, is a work that remains to be done, 'at the appearing ot our Lord Jesus Christ.'

\* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1000 \* 1 It is a prevailing sentiment that the christian receives his reward at death: that he then goes to heaven and glory in a state of salvation.

But what say the scriptures?

Luke xiv. 13, 14:- But when thou makest a feast, call the poor, the maimed, the lame, the blind; and thou shalt be blessed: for they can not recompense thee: for thou shalt be recompensed at the resurrection of the just.'

It is not at death, but at the resurrection from the dead, that the christian receives his reward. Rev. xi. 18:- 'And the nations were angry, and thy wrath is come, and the time of the dead, that they should be judged, and that thou shouldst give reward unto thy servants, the prophets, and to the saints, and them that fear thy name, small and great, and shouldst destroy them which destroy the earth.'

By turning to the connection, you will see that this takes place when the 'seventh angel' shall sound. Then will the dead be judged; and then, will the saints, small and great, receive their reward. You will also see that this is the time the kingdoms of this world become the kingdoms of our Lord and of his Christ.

Rev. xxii. 12:- 'And behold I come quickly: and my reward is with me, to give every man according as his work shall be.'

Phil. iii. 20, 21:- 'For our conversation is in heaven; from whence also we look for the Savior, the Lord Jesus Christ; who shall change our vile body, that it may be fashoned like unto his glorious body.'

Col. iii. 3, 4:—'For ye are life is hid with Christ in God. When Christ, who is our life, shall appear, then shall ye also appear with him in glory.'

1st Thess. i. 9, 10:- 'Ye turned to God from idols, to serve the living and true God; and to wait for his Son from heaven.

Chap, ii. 19:- 'For what is our hope, or joy, or crown of rejoicing? Are not even ye in the presence of our Lord Jesus Christ, at his com-

Chap, iii. 13:-'To the end he may stablish your hearts unblameable in holiness before God, even our Father, at the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ, with his saints.'

Chap. iv. 13-19:- But I would not have you to be in ignorance, brethren, concerning them which are asleep, that ye sorrow not, even as others which have no hope. For if we believe

the Lord, that we which are alive and remain 'There remaineth, therefore, a rest for the people unto the coming of the Lord, shall not prevent of God.'-Heb. iv. 9. Turn to 2nd Thess. i. 6of God: and the dead in Christ shall rise first; Lord Jesus shall be revealed from heaven,' &c. then we which are alive and remain, shall be caught up together to meet the Lord in the air; and so shall we ever be with the Lord. Wherefore comfort one another with these words.'

It will be observed that Paul in this place was writing to those who had lost Christian friends by death. Does he attempt to comfort them by saying their friends had gone to heaven and glory; that they were receiving their reward; that they were then praising God in a state of salvation? Does he even intimate any thing of the kind? If there were ever an occasion for the Apostle to speak of the above sentiments, provided they are true, was not this one? He was writing to, and for the comfort of those who sorrowed for the loss of their friends. What were the subjects he presented for their consolation? The coming of the Lord; the resurrection of the dead; the gathering of all the saints to meet the Lord in the air; and the fact that from that time they would be forever with the Lord. 'Wherefore,' says he, 'comfort one another with these words.'

How unlike these, are the subjects generally introduced, for the comfort of those who have lost Christian friends. These are often left out altogether, and others entirely different, and opposite even, are made to take their place. 'He that hath my word let him speak my word faithfully. What is the chaff to the wheat? saith the tower is now erected in its place. Lord.

2nd Tim. iv. 6-8:- 'For I am now ready to be offered, and the time of my departure is at hand. I have fought a good fight; I have finished my course, I have kept the faith: henceforth there is laid up for me a crown of righteousness, which the Lord, the righteous judge, shall give me at that day: and not to me only, but unto all them also that love his appearing.'

When did Paul expect to receive his crown? cyprus. It was destroyed by fire B. c. 365. Not at death; but at that day. What day?-The day of the appearing of the Lord. 'Be thou faithful unto death, and I will give thee a crown of life.'-Rev. ii. 10. Paul had been faithful unto death; he was confident, therefore, that Christ would give him a crown of life, at his appearing. 1st Pet. v. 4:- And when the chief shepherd shall appear, ye shall receive a crown of glory that fadeth not away.' John iii. 2:-Beloved, now are we the sons of God, and it doth not yet appear what we shall be; but we know that, when he shall appear, we shall be like him; for we shall see him as he is.' Heb. ix. 28:- 'So Christ was once offered to bear the sins of many: and unto them that look for him. shall he appear the second time, without sin unto

We see, the apostle has predicted future salvation on the appearing of Christ the second time. If, therefore, he does not so appear, we therefore, that death is not the time Christian receives his reward,-when he appears in heaven and glory in a state of salvation. No. All this is to be experienced consequent apparently ended .- N. Y. Daily Times. upon the coming of Christ, and the resurrection from the dead.

With the above scriptures agree the following: Rev. xiv, 13:- Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord from henceforth: yea, saith the Spirit, that they may rest from their labors, and their works do follow them.' Please turn to this chapter, and you will see the point of time, from which the dead are there said to be blessed: it is from the time of the harvest of the earth. The Savior has taught us in the parable, that 'the harvest is the end of the world,' or age. Matt. xiii. 37-43. When the harvest shall come, the angels will be sent forth, as John saw in his vision, (Rev. xiv.,) to gather the people of God. From that time, those who have died by thinking.

also which sleep in Jesus, will God bring with in the Lord are blessed. From henceforth, they him. For this we say unto you by the word of enter into rest and their works follow them. them which are asleep. For the Lord himself, 8, and you will see that this rest is a recompense shall descend from heaven with a shout, with promised to the children of God. You also there the voice of the archangel, and with the trump see the time when it is to be given. When the

#### Seven Ancient Wonders of the World.

THESE were, 1st. The brass Colossus of Rhodes, 120 feet high, built by Cares, A. D. 288, occupying twelve years in making. It stood across the harbor of Rhodes 66 years, and was then thrown down by an earthquake. It was bought by a Jew, from the Saracens, who loaded 900 camels with the brass.

2. The Pyramids of Egypt. The largest one engaged 360,000 workmen 30 years in building, and has now stood at least 3000 years.

3d. The Aqueducts of Rome, invented by Appius Claudius, the censor.

4th. The Labyrinth of Psammetichus, on the Nile, containing within one continued wall 1000 houses, and 12 royal palaces, all covered with marble, and having only one entrance. The building was said to contain 3000 chambers, and a hall built of marble, adorned with statues of the

5th. The Pharos of Alexandria, a tower built by order of Ptolemy Philadelphus, in the year 282 B. C. It was erected as a light-house, and contained magnificent galleries of marble-a large lantern at the top, the light of which was seen nearly a hundred miles off; mirrors of enormous sizes were fixed round the galleries, reflecting everything on the sea. A common

6th. The Walls of Babylon, built by order of Semiramis, or Nebuchadnezzar, and finished in one year, by 200,000 men. They were of immense thickness.

7th. The Temple of Diana, at Ephesus, completed in the reign of Servius, 6th king of Rome, It was 450 feet long, 200 broad, and supported by 126 marble pillars, 70 feet high. The beams and doors were of cedar, the rest of the timber

OUR acquaintance, Mr. Feargus O'Connor, has been finally taken into custody; the English Government says it has no need of the tra grapt of two hundred thousand pounds to carry on the Kaffir war; the London Press have ened on the Police of Paris for the threat of the latter to expel their correspondents. In France the Constitutional newspaper and the Government have a nice quarrel. At a Zoll-Verein meeting of the German States, Prussia declares she will have nothing to do, commercially, with Austria, and demands unconditional and immediate answers from the powers in regard to the pending propositions. In Italy, the incorporations of tradesmen and artisans, repressed in 1800, are revived and made subject to the clergy: the Pope, meanwhile, selects a new army of picked men, to be composed of the Swiss. Religious excitements prevail in some Swiss Canshall look for salvation but in vain. We see, tons. The Greek Church dislikes and is much inclined to reject the jurisdiction of the Patriarch of Constantinople. The British Consul has withdrawn from Liberia. The Kaffir war is

#### TRUTH.

She stoops no victor's crown to wear Her mark is upward towards the sky-Dauntless she sails the upper air, Excelsion' flashes from her eye. Her brow with fadeless beauty shines, And virtue blooms along her tread, While love with constancy combines To form a halo round her head.

THE shortest and surest way to live with honor in the world is to be in reality what we would appear to be.

You may glean knowledge by reading, but you must separate the chaff from the wheat

# HINI HARBIAH

ADVOCATE. BIBLE

"BEHOLD, I COME QUICKLY: AND MY REWARD IS WITH ME, TO GIVE EVERY MAN ACCORDING AS HIS WORK SHALL BE."

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

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New Series---Vol. IV. No. 6.

#### Poetry.

Original.

#### The Promise of God is Sure!

BY MARY JANE.

Sin abounds, and love decreases; Clouds of darkness hover o'er; Daily, wickedness increases Among the rich, among the poor. All that's earthly, all that's sensual Claim the attention of the mass: Jesus, and eternal glory, As an idle tale they pass.

Many who for Jesus witnessed. And as shining lights did stand Now give all their power and influence To the deviland his band. True it is, the godly ceaseth And the faithfu ones decay; 'Mid the blaze of gospel day.

Has our God his word forgotten? Will he let his promise fail? No! O no! he sure is faithful, He will arise, and he'll prevail.
Pure are the words of the Lord Jehoval Purer than silver seven times tried. He will keep them and preserve them, Though the wicked still deride.

He hears the cry of the poor and humble: Though they are weak, and few in number, They shall obtain the glorious prize. Yea, and amen in Christ the Savior. Stands the promise to the saints: He is faithful, soon in glory, They'll receive inheritance

(From the English Literalist.) A Millenarian's Answer

OF THE HOPE THAT IS IN HIM.

And it shall come to pass in that day, that the Lord shall punish the nost of the high ones that are on high, and the kings of the earth upon the earth. Then the moon shall be confounded, and the sun ashamed, when the Lord of Hosts shall reign in Mount Zion, and in Jeru salem, and before his ancients gloriously —Isaiah xxiv. 21—23.

HAVING given these four parallelisms of Scripture, I will give a few more quotations; and if my readers please, they can follow me with their Bibles, and gather more information on this interesting subject, of which the Scriptures say so much. I would say, 'Search the Scriptures,' and 'see whether these things be so.'-Lay aside prejudice, and, as far as you can, prepossession, and inquire into the nature of that glory which all the prophets testified should follow upon Christ's sufferings.

9,) represented by breaking 'with a rod of iron,' &c. By turning to Rev. ii. 26, 27, we learnnations exist on the earth.

6. By comparing Psa. viii. with Heb. ii. 5-9, we learn-1. That Jesus is raised to great honor and dignity as a reward for his work .-Heb. ii. 9. 2. That he is not yet possessed of the whole of the glorious dignity promised to him. Ver. 8,-3. That this shall be the case in 'the world to come,' when he will be the manifested head of all creation, and be displayed 'as the second Adam, the Lord from heaven,' ruling over land and sen, and making Jehovah's name glorious to the ends of the earth. Psa. viii. 1-9.

7. In Psa. cx. 1, we read, 'The Lord said unto my Lord, Sit thou at my right hand, until I make thine enemies thy footstool.' What is

intended by making Christ's enemies his footstool, is set forth ver. 5. 6, of this Psalm. It is nations are brought under the government of already. Christ. Now, if it can be proved that Christ continues at his Father's right hand-after his enemies are made his footstool, after the saying is brought to pass that 'death is swallowed up in victory,' (1 Cor. xv. 54, with Isa. xxv. S,) then may it be proved that he continues there during the time the 'greatness of the kingdom under under the whole heaven is given to the saints of the Most High." But this can not be proved, for it is said that he sits there 'expecting' (Heb. x. 13,) that the same time for which his saints are looking and praying. Titus ii. 13; Rev. xxii.

8. Isa. ix. 6, 7; Hosea iii. 4, 5; Luke i. 31, 32, all declare that the Messiah shall be manifested and acknowledged as the king of the Jews, not only spiritually but literally.

Isa. xxv. 17, 23, sets forth the terrible convulsions of society which will precede the Millenium (17, 22,) and the glorious reign of blessedness which will follow upon this time of trouble, ver. 23. Both of these subjects are opened up more fully in the following chapter.

10. Isa. xxxiv. and xxxv. is a similar strain of prophecy to xxiv. and xxv. Isa. xxxv. 4 sets forth a personal advent: 'your God will come with vengeance; even God with a recompense: he will come and save you.' These words may be profitably compared with other passages .-Isa. xxv. evidently refers to the same time and events as chap. xxxv. Observe, the same people are spoken of; the same vengeance is threatened; the same blessings are bestowed. If Isa. xxxv. 4 be a personal advent,\* so is Isa. xxv. 9. The same observation applies to Isa. xl. 9-11; and the figures of shepherd and sheep, used in the last passage, lead the mind on to Ezek. xxxiv. 23-31; and thus the coming of Christ, the restoration and happiness of the Jews, and the time of vengeance, are shown to be nearly synchronical.

11. In Isa. lxi. 1-3, we have three great purposes of God unfolded-1. The dispensation of the Gospel, its glorious nature, and blessed effects; 1st and part of 2d verses, it is called the grave, . . . fulfil this promise? I trow not, I 5. Psa. ii. 8 shows us-1. That the Redeemer acceptable year of the Lord.' 2. 'The day of just observe, that a careful comparison of Dan. shall inherit all nations, and sway his scepter to vengeance of our God,' viz., that period of xii. 24-28, will well repay the unprejudiced inthe ends of the earth. 2. That this reign will trouble, before frequently alluded to, which is quirer, by showing him that both Daniel and our be preceded by dreadful acts of vengeance, (ver. set forth at large Isa. lxiii. 1-3. It is very ob. Lord point forward to the termination of the servable that when our Lord quoted this passage, Luke iv. 18, 19, he closed the book when he 3. That the saints shall share in these victories came to these words, the day of vengeance of of their Lord, and shall reign with him while our God,' intimating that this time was not then 'This day is this scripture fu filled in your ears.' edge; enmity in love; misery in blessedness: 3. 'The times of refreshing,' (ver. 3, &c.) or the glorious prosperity of the Jews as a nation.

> 12. Jer. iii. 17, 18, is a prophecy of the future glorious state of the Jews, and shows-1. That both Israel and Judah shall be restored to heir own land. See also Isa. xi. 12, 13.-

\*Lowth's rendering of this verse is very striking:—
"Say ye to the faint-hearted, Be strong;
Fear ye not; behold your God!
Venoge.

Vengeance will come, the retribution of God.
He himself will come, and will deliver you."

"No unclean person shall pass through it; But he himself shall be with them walking in the

Close of verse 8 is equally so:

. That Jerusalem shall be a place to which all nations shall come to worship. See Isa. lx. 11. the same act as that before referred to, Psa. ii. 13; also Zech xiv. 16-18, where it is set forth 9; Isa. xxv. 5, 8, 10; Dan. vii. 9-11; Rev. xi. so explicitly as to defy all attemps to spiritualize 15-19, which evidently takes place before the it; while no one can say that it has been fulfilled

13. The future blessedness of the Jewish nation is largely set forth Ezek. xxxvii. 21, 28, and Rom xi. 15. By comparing Rom. xi. 24, 25, with Isa. lix. 19, 20 (from which the apostle quotes,) we may see that the conversion of the Jews will be an effect of Christ's coming, and that he will then be acknowledged by them, according to the Lord's words, (Matt. xxiii. 39,) 'Ye shall not see me henceforth till ye shall say, Blessed is he that cometh in the name of the Lord.' The same will be apparent, if we compare Zech. xii. 10 and its connection with Rev. i. 7. The piercing time hath come, and of this John testified, xix. 35, 37; the looking time hath not yet come, (as it regards the Jews, the heirs of this promise,) and of that John prophesied, Rev. i. 7.

14. Dan. xii. 1, 3, foretells-1. An unequalled time of trouble, [ver. 1.] This is the same time our Lord refers to Matt. xxiv. 31, because there can not be two different times of trouble, concerning both of which it could be said there never was nor shall be any like it. This would be a contradiction, therefore it is plain that Matt. axiv. was not all fulfilled at the destruction of rusalem, without it can be shown that this pissage was fulfilled also; but this can not be, for-2. This time of trouble has connected with it the deliverance of Daniel's people, viz., the Jews, [ver. 1,] which was not the case at the destruction of Jerusalem .- 3. A resurrection of the dead from the dust of the earth, [ver. 2.]-4. A glorious state of reward for all faithful saints and ministers. In ver. 12, Daniel is promised a share therein; for thus spake the Almighty Disposer, 'Go thou thy way till the end be; for thou shalt rest, and stand in thy lot at the end of the days;' at the end of the days spoken of ver. 12. But if Daniel is not to rise from the dead then, as promised, [Rev. xi. 18,] what lot will he have then more than he has now? Will the conversion of all nations by the Gospel, and the incorporation of the Jews with the Christian church, while Daniel is in the times of the Gentiles, as the great crisis, when, after throes of agony, unfelt before, a regenerated world should spring into being. Then when mercy swallowed up Israel's sins, shall death be come; he could not say concerning this clause, swallowed up in victory; ignorance in knowland war in peace: or to speak without a figure, that the conversion of Israel, the resurrection of the dead, and the coming of Christ, are inseparably bound up together.

> 15. Ezek. xxxviii. 39; Joel iii. 9-21; Micah Mal. iv. 1-3, all set forth-1. The certainty of themselves and others.

there is a glorious state of things yet to come, called 'the regeneration,' which denotes a great and blessed change. Ver. 28; see also Rev. xxi. 5. 2. That in this state of things, Christ will be a glorious and triumphant King. Ver. 28. That the twelve tribes of Israel will be found existing at this period. Ver. 28. 4. That all Christ's followers will then share his glories, and under him administer righteous laws. Ver. 28. 5. That all who have suffered on account of their attachment to his cause, will then find that there was reserved for them in heaven a better and an enduring substance.' Ver. 29.

17. Luke xxi. 24-36, contains one of our Lord's most remarkable prophecies. It must be taken in connexion with Matt. xxiv. as one evangelist supplies what is omitted by the other. We learn from these sacred sources of intelligence-1. That most dreadful distress and trouble should come upon the Jewish nation;-Jerusalem should be trodden down, and its inhabitants scattered. Luke xxi. 23, 24. 2. That when the times of the Gentiles, [by which most probably are intended the mystic days mentioned, Dan. xii., and further opened by John, Rev. xi. 2, 3,] were fulfilled, this sad state of things should end. Ver. 24. 3. That after the Jews had drunk their cup of woe, during the times of the Gentiles, God would put it into the hands of the nations their oppressors [Isa. li. 22, 23,] of whose bosoms [Christ says] horror shall take possession. Ver. 25, 26. 4. That the Son of man should then be personally manifested in the clouds with great glory.' Ver. 27. 5. That the least sign of these things being near at hand should fill the saints' hearts with joy and hope [ver. 28,] which shows that they shall partake of the blessedness of this kingdom. 6. That the coming of Christ will be very unexpected to most, and that it is of the utmost consequence for all the people of Christ to keep this in mind, and particularly so for his ministers. Ver. 34-36; Matt. xxiv. 37, 38. 7. That connected with these events there shall be a resurrection or gathering together,' [2 Thess. ii. 1,] which all Christ's followers are exhorted to be nobly ambitious to attain unto. Matt. xxiv. 31, 40, 41; Luke xx. 35. This was what the apostle so earnestly desired, Phil. iii. 11.

18. Acts iii. 19. 21 shows the following things:-1. That all the prophets have agreed in pointing to a glorious era of blessedness, called 'the times of the restitution of all things.' Ver. 21. 2. That between the time when Peter spake and the times he spake of, there should a period elapse during which Christ should remain in heaven, and his gospel be preached on earth. Ver. 20, 26, 3. That when this season was passed, and the times of restitution come, heaven should contain Christ no longer. God would then send him who had been before preached, [ver. 20,] and that this shall be a time of great blessedness to all those who had received and obeyed the gospel that had been preached.

19. By comparing Acts xv. 14-17, with Amos ix. 11, 12, we learn-1. That the grand design v, 9; vii. 15, 20; Zech. ix. 13-16; xiv. 1-15; of the gospel dispensation is to gather out of the Gentiles a people for God's glory. Acts xv. 14. the restoration of the Jews. 2. The great 2. That when God has fulfilled his purposes in troubles and distresses connected therewith. 3. this respect, he will return with mercies to the Their triumph over all their enemies. 4. The Jewish nation, which had, during the time of prosperity which shall follow thereupon, both to the Gentiles' mercy, been cast off for their sins. Acts xv. 16. 3. That this restoration of Israel 16. Matt. xix. 28, 29, informs us-1, That will be accompanied with dreadful displays of

remnant and residue. lsa. lxiii. 1-4; Amos ix. upon them that dwell upon the earth.' 12. 4. That this residue who escaped these This then is the reason of the hope that is in judgments should seek God and be blessed in me;' and if these passages are not to be underand with the Jews. Acts xv. 17: so speaks stood as meaning what they affirm, I feel satisfi- I am still investigating the inspired volume, claimed-And I saw thrones, and they sat upon Zech. xiv. 16, and Amos ix. 12, 13.

20. Rom. viii. 18-23 sets forth two things - after surveying these and hundreds more of sim. truth, even though it may conflict with some of xx. The saints are to be kings and priests,-'the glorious liberty of the children of God.' See see wondrous things out of God's law.' also 1 John iii. 2; Col. iii. 4. 2. That creation, now so degraded in consequence of sin, shall share this blessedness; and when the children of the resurrection are manifested, nature's groans shall cease, and her songs begin. This event David devoutly anticipates, Psa. civ. 31, 35; and sublimely celebrates, Psa. xcvi. 11, 13, clxviii.

21. 2 Thess. ii. 8 plainly declares, that the destruction of the papacy described in Rev. xviii. which cannot be removed, but abideth forever.' Psa. will take place at the personal coming of Christ, Oh, how precious are these words! How for of that coming and no other had the apostle sweet, to the confiding, trusting child of God! Facts are stubborn things, and are unsusceptible ing of Jesus, will rule over the twelve tribes of Epistle, to which he refers in this chapter.

22. Rev. xix. 11-21 and xx. 1-6 are doubtless a es this! Christian, did the whole Bible contain less! chronological series of prophecy. Here is—1. but one promise, you would be infinitely rich,

1. It is a fact that the devil is to be bound for at the subject in candor. If you have the whole The personal coming of Christ to judgment with with such a sure foundation as this to rest upon. the space of a thousand years, for the specific truth already in your possession, certainly you ten thousand of his saints. Rev. xix. 11-18, 'Tis sure as the throne of God. Faith in that intent 'that he should deceive the nations no have nothing to fear; otherwise, it will not injure with Jude 14, 15. 2. The dreadful vengeance Almighty being who utters such words as these, more, till the thousand years should be fulfilled.' you to get the truth. that overtakes the antichristien confederacy.— will stand when the 'heavens shall pass away with Rev. xx. 1-3. In other words, he is to be I am aware of the objections which are raised 1-3, 4. The first resurrection of the saints, the so, you will try in vain.

'reign on earth.' This meets the objections of who has the power of death, should snatch away sea.' Isa. xi. 11. Read the chapter through fore they will come short of 'eternal life'-will

Christ will personally dwell on earth. 2. That gone, so that no one but God alone, put confi- furthermore, the chronology of this event is during the millennial state, there will be nations dence in you, and 'all manner of evil spoken plainly given-it is to take place 'In that day;' of the residents of the new Jerusalem.

12, all set forth the judgment and reward of the faith; though your own offspring—those to whom of his glory, they also should be seated upon dren. They converse by writing, rapping, &c., ministers and saints of Christ, and declare that you have given being, and reared with affection, twelve thrones, judging the twelve tribes of Is. in Farmington, Peoria co. They hold their in the future state there will be differences in should become towards you as bad as did Absarael. 'And Jesus said unto them, Verily I say spiritual dances several times a week.

divine indignation, which should leave but a them; and 'so shall that day come as a snare

ed it is no unfounded hope. But if any one with an unabating desire to know the whole them, and judgment was given unto them.' Rev.

(To be continued.)

Communications.

Reflections on Faith.

BY H. P. SIKES.

reign of Christ on earth, and his saints with him, so, you will try in vain.

Then, can you faint? Do you feel pressed the thousand years, in case he were not bound. Reach, C. W., July 6th, 1852. who shall enjoy a state of honor and dignity for down by the trials of life? Do you meet with The inquiry suggests itself to the mind, what naone thousand years. Rev. xx. 4-6. This is also affirmed in other scriptures. See Psa. xxxvii. 9, 11, 22; xcvi. 10-13; Isa. xxiv. 23; thrown. Then, think of these precious words with the proof of the p lx. 13, which Lowth thus reads, that I may of David. The eternal God is thy refuge, and ceiving the immortal saints? Assuredly, nay! WE are very apt to use language which is glorify the place whereon I rest my feet. Ezek.

kliii. 7, 'Son of man, the place of my throne, and the place of the soles of my feet, where I of David was built, be removed to some other of David was built, be removed to some other of losing eternal happiness: or, You will lose will dwell in the midst of the children of Israel for ever.' These last two passages refer to the God of Israel. Let the billows of trouble roll—

God of Israel. Let the billows of trouble roll—

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God of Israel. times of Jewish dignity. See also Matt. v. 5; let the clouds of adversity hover—let the fierce finished.) Who then could be deceived by him, correct, because we can not lose that which we Rev. v. 10; xxi. 3, 24.

Besides these scriptural declarations, there are two things which weigh ir favor of the personal presence of Christ on earth. The Scriptures never say any thing concerning his going away. never say any thing concerning his going away it is matter. 'Our light effliction which is but and rejoice. Amen. after he comes to judgment; but, on the confor a moment, worketh for us a far more exceed 2. It is a fact that a time is destined to arrive wicked is the loss of eternal life.' But they trary, always dwell upon his reigning over the earth, being great in it, &c. If, then, it can be proved that he comes before the Millenium, and proved that he comes before the Millenium, and after millions of ages shall have rolled away, and transported to the knowledge of the Lord, and that 'It shall come to pass in the Lord shall set his hand the comes before the Millenium, and after millions of ages shall have rolled away, and that the Lord shall set his hand the comes before the Millenium, and after millions of ages shall have rolled away, and that the Lord shall set his hand the comes before the Millenium, and after millions of ages shall have rolled away, and that the Lord shall set his hand the comes before the Millenium, and after millions of ages shall have rolled away, and the comes before the Millenium, and the comes before the Millenium the comes before the comes before the Millenium the comes before th if Scripture is silent concerning his going away, then realize if you can, the blessed results of again the SECOND TIME to recover the words.' 2 Tim. i. 13. is it not fair to infer that on this earth he remains? Again, after the resurrection, the saints precious tokens of the love of God, (and if you Assyria, and from Egypt, and from Pathros, it would be more in accordance with sound are said 'to be ever with the Lord,' consequently are a devoted child, you do) you are rich, rich and from Cush, and from Elam, and from Shinar, words' to say that the sinner will receive 'death,' he is ever where they are; and they are said to indeed, beyond expression. Yes, though he and from Hamath, and from the Islands of the which Paul saith is the wages of sin, and there-

be tried seemingly to its utmost tension, almost of the Lord.

A Few Facts. BY W. SHELDON.

which explains what our Lord means by calling jects which have no place in God's word, but -a Book given by divine inspiration, or, a rev. will become their subjects. the saints 'children of the resurrection.' The are only phantasies of men, then will I heartily elation from God to man-then, assuredly, its The strong prejudices of finite men cannot state into which these risen saints enter is called pray for such, that their eyes may be opened to entire contents are to us of vast importance; break the word of God. It must be fulfilled .and we may therefore unhesitatingly extricate It never can be fulfilled to suit the traditionourselves from the bewildering embrace of the spun, and error-woven theories of any class of prevalent and popular impression, that its pages men; but it will be fulfilled in God's own way. are interspersed with non-essentials. It becomes Amen. us as the professed disciples of Jesus, (learners I am glad to hear that men of mind are of every secret inclination to bend the great in- I have just taken a letter out of the office from fallible standard to our favorite theories. Many my former yoke-fellow, Eld. R. V. Lyon, [who things are recorded upon its sacred pages, and previously opposed this truth] in which he re-They that trust in the Lord shall be as Mount Zion, the combined powers of men and devils, cannot marks: Bro. S., 1 am fully satisfied that the erase them therefrom. They must and will be kingdom of Israel is to be restored, and that the fulfilled! Amen.

been speaking, both in this and the preceding Ail the wealth of this world, would be utter poverty, if put in the scales beside such a promise kept out of sight, but they are facts, neverthe. Truth cannot be exploded. Then, dear breth-

is, that he would deceive some nations during the Harbinger.

23. Rev. xxi, 3, 24, plainly assert—1. That tomb; though your reputation were entirely ple in the manner described in this chapter; and Salem, Mich. on the earth who will be under the government against you falsely; though your patience should in which the earth is filled with the knowledge Bro. Marsh:—The Rapping Spirits have

in the future state there will be differences in the distribution of the rewards of grace, according to the labor done, and the quality of that labor.

Lastly. Notwithstanding these events are so plainly and frequently set forth, Luke xvii. 26—plainly and frequently set forth, Luke xvii. 26—solic xviii. 8; xix. 27; 2 Pet. iii. 4; Rev. xvi. 15, all intimate, that as the time approaches, men will be more inclined than ever to disbelieve should become towards you as bad as did Absaloud Alsa and did Absaloud Alsa lom towards his fond parent; though friends should all cast you off on account of your faith; and you can no more be shaken, than could Mount Zion be removed. Be assured, that every thing without exception, 'works together for good, to them that love God.' These trials, severe as they may seem, 'are not worthy to be compared with the glory that shall be revealed in us.'

Will be more inclined than ever to disbelieve should all cast you off on account of your faith; and you, that ye which have followed me, in the regeneration when the Son of man shall sit upon twelve tribes of Israel.' Some of the orthodox church members have left their church, joined the rappers, and thrown by their Bible, as no guide for them. Others that xix. 28. 'That ye may eat and drink at my table in my kingdom, and sit on thrones they may seem, 'are not worthy to be compared with the glory that shall be revealed in us.'

Plainfield, Mass.

Plainfield, Mass.

Can we not rely upon the Savior's testimony with the most implicit and unwavering confidence? Undoubtedly the eye of the Revelator was fixed upon the same scene, when he ex-

1. The glory that shall be possessed by the ilar scriptures which might be quoted, will still my preconceived notions of Bible doctrines. Kings over what? Will they reign over each saints at the resurrection. The resurrection is say that the thrashing of the nations, the restora- One of two conclusions is inevitable: the other—one reign awhile, and then another? here called 'the redemption of the body,' 'the of the Jews, the reign of Christ on earth with his Bible is all it purports to be, or it is a gross libel! No, no! The 'twelve tribes of Israel,' who are manifestation of the sons of God,' the 'adoption,' saints, and the renovation of creation, are sub- If, indeed, it is in reality what it purports to be now dispersed to the 'four corners of the earth,'

in the school of Christ,) to dispossess ourselves awaking up to this subject throughout the land. saints, or all that put on immortality at the com-

ren and sisters, permit me to entrent you to look

Rev. xix. 19-21, with Ezek. xxxix. 17-20.— a great noise, and the elements, yea, and even bound to prevent him from deceiving the nations against this subject, but I contemplate writing a 3. The binding of Satan, that he should not de the solid earth itself shall melt with fervent heat. for the space of a thousand years. Now, the inceive the nations: which implies plainly the existence of nations during that period. Rev. xx. stronger than this? Methinks if you try to do order to leave uninspired testimony unimpeached, difficulties, if Bro. Marsh will publish them in

## A Hint.

is the language that-'The punishment of the

those who hold the doctrine of a first resurrection, and the saints' reign on earth, but who do not receive the sentiment of Christ's personal presence. The great Dr. Goodwin was of this charter, and son, and daughter, are laid in the silent ter, and son, and daughter, are laid in the silent those who hold the doctrine of a first resurrection, and the saints' reign on earth, but who do attentively.

It is a well authenticated, and ably demonstrated fact, that the Lord has not yet set his hand again 'the second time,' to recover his peonate, and son, and daughter, are laid in the silent ter, and son, and daughter, are laid in the silent that you may live; for he saith, 'I am the truth, and the life.' John A. Sober.

## Spirit Rappings.

of the residents of the new Jerusalem.

24. Matt. xvi. 27; xxv. 25, &c.; Rom. xiv.

10-12; 1 Cor. iii. 8; 2 Cor. v. 10; Rev. xxii.

or wife, who persecutes you bitterly for your of his close that the Savior taught his disciples that when he should be seated upon the throne or wife, who persecutes you bitterly for your of his close that when he should be seated upon the throne mediums of whom they please, mainly of chil-

Original. Plan of Redemption. BY J. S. WHITE. The more I contemplate the plan of redempthen occupied his Sabbath, our Saturday, all day, as love to God and our neighbor: also the new word immediately in my own State, was of such tion, the more of harmony and glory do I see in while we were hearers and learners. The first one, to love one another. John xiii. 34. Rom. demand that I was obliged to return: so that I it. God made man out of dust; and man sinned. part of his work was to explain the tabernacle viii. 2: 'For the law of the spirit of life in Christ may truly say the harvest is great, and the la-Because of sin, man went to dust again. He and sanctuary. To show that the 2300 days did not and could not, eat of the tree of life and live forever. O the mercy of God in prohibit position from the holy to the most holy place, ing the tree of life! That act was the first man- and was in the latter now cleansing the sanctu- a certain place of the seventh day on this wise,— tality and eternal life at the coming of Jesus our ifestation of God's intention to save man. For ary, while the third angel is sealing the servants And God did rest the seventh day from all his King, had he let man eat of the tree of life he would of Ged in their foreheads, which will amount to work.'

have become immortal. In that case he would 144,000. This was a definite number of the I still esteem every day alike—and wrong to have been beyond the reach of salvation. There elect, and if I can not believe it, it must be be. do wrong on any day. 'Of a truth I perceive can be no atonement for an immortal sinner.— cause I am a poor reprobate, I suppose. He God is no respecter of persons: but in every na-God having kept man from becoming such, he gave evidence enough to convince any body, if tion he that feareth him and worketh righteouscan reach him through the death of another. he made the right application of his proof. I ness,' is accepted with him.'

have been saved. Christ to save man came after the prophets.' and now has the keys of death and of hell,- thy neighbor as thyself."

ye shall live also.' Amen. Worcester, Mass.

#### Correspondence.

FROM BRO. J. B. FRISBIE.

but he thought not.

theory once. He afterwards saw that he had number to answer our purpose: for there are praise, been too hasty, and stept out again. This brother many things equally important for salvation as Our next conference meeting is to commence ered pamphlet, 28 p. 8 vo., \$2,50 a hundred, preached to the edification of the friends. He any of the ten commendments. Such are bind. the 30th of July and hold over Sunday. Brn. N. 50 cents a dozen; 6 cents single. Orders for is on his way to Wisconsin to visit friends. We ling, if, as commanded,wish him success on his way in doing good. \_ 1. Thou shalt not be proud. Brn. Curry and Buller were also with us, and 2. Thou shalt not be deceptive. preached to the people on Sunday. We had a 3. Thou shalt not get drunk. very good attendance, especially on Sunday, the 4. Thou shalt not lie. fourth of July, it being Independence with us to 5. Thou shalt not defraud or cheat. the north-west.

We baptized one sincere soul during the meeting; others, we trust, will soon go forward 8. Thou shalt not be malicious. in obedience to this commandment, for the re- 9. Thou shalt not revel. life in Christ Jesus. Amen.

Matthew Henry says: 'God created man with As to the Law, Paul writes Rom. xiii: 'Love Chelsea, Mich., July, 1852. a spark of immortality, which he by transgrestis the fulfilling of the law.' Again: Gal. v. 14: sion blew out.' Well, if blown out, how is it 'For all the law is fulfilled in one word,' &c. ever to be lighted up? Thank God, through Matt. xxii. 36-40: 'Master, which is the great Jesus Christ our Lord. He, to save man, took commandment in the law? Jesus said unto him, on him the seed of man, so put himself in man's Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy few things to you and to all the brethren in pages: otherwise it could better be sent to the place, sin excepted. Thus being in man's condition, he could die for man. Had man been dition, he could die for man. Had man been commandment. And the second is like unto it, immortal, immortality must die to save him.— Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself. On heaven. Grace, mercy and peace to all the promised to them that love him. Through the Immortality cannot die, therefore man could not these two commandments, hang all the law and Israel of God. O my brethren, be strong in the reading of your paper, nearly all of which num-

him. He said, 'I am come to seek and save that Inasmuch as these two commandments are ing that we are wearing not only against flesh and them, together with books which I have in cirwhich was lost.' He came in the flesh where not in the ten, but found one in Deut. vi. 5; the blood, but against principalities and powers, and culation, a goodly number have been induced to man was; and he went where man was going. other Lev. xix. 18, it refers to the five books of spiritual wickedness in high places, and that we believe the things concerning their future wel-He went into death after him, and there he Moses and the prophets—all of the prophets; so must have on the whole armor, and then fight found him. He went to the end of man's being it proves nothing for the Sabbath to which we like valiant hearted men if we would gain the more perfectly, but few comparatively, have —to death. He did not go into eternal torment have seen it applied. Rom. xiii. 8, 9: For this, after him, which he must have done, it seems to Thou shalt not commit adultery, Thou shalt not me, had that been the end of man's being. No; kill, Thou shalt not steal, Thou shalt not bear much persecution, but if patiently endured for stowed in this part of God's vineyard, especially he went as far as the conscious being of man false witness, Thou shalt not cover; and if there Christ's sake, great will be our reward in the at this crisis, when God (for ought I know) could go, being mortal, to death, which was the be any other commandment, it is briefly compre. kingdom of heaven. penalty of the law. Christ came out of death, hended in this saying, namely, Thou shalt love There are a few in this place that meet to-

was a worthy brother, but it appears that he at- Matt. xxviii. 20: Teaching them to observe all on Christ in baptism. My son was immersed tended meeting at Jackson with the Shut-Door things whatsoever I have commanded you: and into Christ at our meeting in the fall, by Bro. E. Millerites, and has rather embraced their Sabbath lo I am with you always, even unto the end of Miller, Jr., and O how my heart rejoices in God during their stay among us. views. I told him I thought he had been rather hasty, and mought he would see fit to give it up,

We have never found yet where Christ has

We have never found yet where Christ has in the M. E. church believing and preaching

Yours in hope of eternal life.

K. F. Goodrich, Genesce, Mich., June 20, 1859 ever commanded his disciples to keep the Sab- fables, that at last four of us have obeyed from We had a brother Ingham from the State of bath day, neither the apostles. Furthermore, the heart that form of doctrine which was de-Maine, with us who had been in the Shut Door the ten commandments are too limited in their livered to us.' May the good Lord have all the POSED;' as being from demon spirits only. Con-

6. Thou shalt not backbite with thy tongue. 7. Thou shalt not extort.

mission of sins, and then walk in newness of 10. Thou shall not harbor evil thoughts in thy to come, that we may sitt logether in his banquet- any way you can fix it. You can't make a resheart; -and many more.

We also had a Sabbath-keeping man with us by Here are enumerated ten restrictions not found I have just returned from the State of Illinois, and it is evil, remove the e and it is vile, remove the name of Joseph Bates, a man who professes in the ten commandments: either one indulged where I had several appointments in Clark co., the v and it is just as ill.

to be proclaiming the third angel's message of in, will shut any one out of the kingdom of God, and spoke to large and attentive congregations. Rev. xiv. - and the all-important theme appeared and are equally binding as any one of the ten. The word seemed to be well received, and a to be the Sabbath day. He spoke at some length It is certain that the greatest commandments of great many invitations were given for me to conon Fridry evening in explanation of his chart; the law were not written with the finger of God, tinue my labors, but the call for my labor in the

mortal sinner, but to save him from death. vestigation as fast as I have time. . . . . commandments of God,

FROM BRO. J. LINVILL.

Lord and in the power of his might, remember-bers I have distributed subsequent to my reading

gether to attend to all the ordinances of the would not believe the truth. I mean the Spirit hades, the grave,—consequently can and will 1 Tim. i. 5-11: 'Now the end of the commandment is charity, out of a pure heart and of and blest. Last October, the 25th, at our first this vicinity, as well as in neighborhoods sur-I will raise him up at the last day.' I lay down my life for the sheep.' Yes, the sheep of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were many good men in death of Christ. There were menting for this part of the State, we mand the Christ Chr before Christ died, and they must have staid Jas. ii. 8: 'If ye fulfil the royal law according sonville arrived on Lord's day, and were gladly the literal principle of interpreting the Scripthere, if Christ hal not died and risen again.— to the scripture, Thou shalt love thy neighbor as received. The word preached was not in man's tures. How long this state of things may con-Yes, he went where they were, and came back, thyself, ye do well. This is the royal law, yet wisdom, but in power and demonstration of the tinue I know not. Cannot some one or more and he will bring them back. 'Because I live not one of the ten. Jas. ii. 12: 'So speak ye, Holy Spirit, and was by the church of God who labor in the gospel, come presently to this and so do, as they that shall be judged by the gladly received. The seed sown at that meeting section and expound the Scriptures more perlaw of liberty.' Who? Jas. i. 1: 'To the has fallen into some good and honest hearts, and feetly to us? We are not so straitened in pecu-

as have sinned in the law, shall be judged by the The last Lord's day in May, our highly eslaw.' Who? Ver. 10: The Jew. How are teemed brother, Wm. G. Proctor, from Jesseson- in word and doctrine. Furthermore, there are we Gentiles to be judged? Rom. ii. 14-16: 'For ville, Ind, attended a protracted meeting at my a few in this place who deem it duty to go for-Bro, Marsh:—We have just closed our the Gentiles, which have not the law,' &c., house, commencing Thursday evening before, ward in baptism, in obedience to God and faith Grove meeting in Waterloo. We had a very shall be judged by Jesus Christ, according to the and spoke to us the word of life in much assuring the resurrection, the hope of the christian. pleasant and interesting time. We commenced gospel.' 2 Thess. i. 8: 'Taking vengeance on ance, to a good audience for this vicinity, and Should any accept of the above invitation by Friday afternoon; preaching by Bro. Cornell, them that obey not the gospel of our Lord Jesus especially on Lord's day—and the word preacha young brother that attended your conference Christ.' John xii. 40: 'The word that I have ed had a good effect on many hearts: two came God, they will inquire for A. F. Servis, W. J. at Rochester. Bro Cornell, as far as I know, spoken, the same shall judge him in the last day.' forward, my wife and daughter-in-law, and put Lusk, who will be pleased to administer to their

veyance to my house: and those coming up the New York. White Water Canal to Laurel, will be met with Editors publishing this notice, entitled to siz a way of conveyance to my house, about five copies, to them post free. Should not this spiriwest, and twelve miles east of Rushville. All tual imposture receive the public rebuke? our brethren and friends are invited to attend this christian feast. May the Lord help you all Somebody says the devil is a mean word

Laurel, Franklin co., Ind., June 22, 1852.

FROM BRO. A. F. SERVIS. Bro. Marsh:-Having taken your valuable

paper, the Harbinger, for the last year, and from timely considering the subject matter with Christ did not die to save man from being an imintend to give the subject a more thorough in. Yours, in keeping all the gospel required which your paper has been laden during the issuing of the last volume, I consider it the best religious paper of which I have any knowledge. Therefore I feel it both duty and privilege to send something of an equivalent to paying for a few numbers more of the Harbinger, that I may DEAR BRO. MARSH:—I would wish to say a reasonably expect a further perusal of its is sending the people strong delusions to believe

twelve tribes,' &c. Rom. ii. 12: 'And so many has produced fruit: to God be all the praise.

taining Judge Edmond's spirit 'Vision'-Cov-Field and Wm. G. Proctor from Jeffersonville, it post free, promptly answered. Also copies are expected to attend, and other ministers .- given or sent gratuitously to persons asking it, Those coming by the cars, will come to Rush- and sending the penny pre-postage. Address ville, where they will be met with means of con- R. T. Young, Bookseller, 140 Fulton Street,

ing house, that his banner over us may be love. pectable word of it any how. Remove the de

SPEAK THE TRUTH IN LOVE.'-PAUL.

ROCHESTER, SATURDAY, JULY 24, 1852.

#### SIGN OF THE ADVENT NEAR.

Harbinger; hence it would be superfluous to re- would not pay him. that chapter he gives many characteristics of the their Bibles. If we have not sold them a Bible, the Sou of Man.' Luke xxi. 34-36. having a form of godliness,' would sustain this ing our readers with these helps, our weekly ex. very easily be accomplished.

prove, for all know that such are the facts in the sustained by those who neglected to pay for the This can easily be done. as in the world. Hence we know that we are liv- them to heed our call, but they have treated all with the poor, lendeth to the Lord.

increase your faith, confirm your hope and add to of God among us? Do not these things as clearly the joy of your hearts? Doubtless some will an indicate that the sign of which we have spoken, to swer, They give us joy mingled with sorrow. We a certain degree, is as really seen among us as a WE have a quantity of Hymn Books bound in lambto individuals: it is, within its limits, general exrejoice to know that the day of our redemption is near, but we are filled with sorrow when we realize that the sins of professed christians should furnish

Where a quantity of Hymn Books bound in lamb-skin, and we propose to send one of the same, to any person who will send us the name of a new sub-few men adopted by many and handed down to pos-

dence that the last days have come? Or would your it cripples our energies, and prevents our doing that will send us two dollars. joy be all turned to sorrow? The latter, doubtless, good which we otherwise could do. But joy, from would be your sad condition, could you be convinced the consideration that this very sad state of things, that you really are a money lover! We do not ac- gives us additional evidence that the coming of the cuse any one of our readers, believers in the com- Lord is near: for when he shall come, comparatively ing of the Lord, who rejoice in the signs of his there will be but little true faith in the land. That

all things, that we may pass the scrutinizing trial To show that we do not misjudge in this matter, will you improve it? before Him who will soon judge the world in right- we will refer to another circumstance. We forcousness. But how shall this matter be investi- merly sent the Harbinger to hundreds of the worthy

Bro. A. on becoming convinced that the Lord love. But at length they began gradually to with present plundering incursions near the two former all scripture into a harmony with their fanciful would soon come, purchased on credit of Bro. B., a good Polygoot Bible, which he read very attentively every day, and rejoiced much in its precious worthy poor. We continued it, however, to a suf. mous general, the 'pacificator and hero' of Bosnia, Now instead of all this, the BIBLE should be promises. Bro. B. had a great many Bibles, which ficient number the last volume to make the expense Omar Pasha, it is reported, is to be sent to Meso made the standard by which experience, and every he chiefly sold on credit to his good, second advent amount to \$277,47; donations received to aid in meeting this expense \$144,75, leaving a balance of leavest to the interior deserts. The idea that sured. If the plain word of the Bible condemns a praised Bro. B. very much for furnishing them with \$132,72. such precious Bibles. Those Bibles cost Bro. B. a We are now sending the Harbinger to one hun- answer any charges against him of cruelty I regard naught. Even those persons referred to have been large sum, and when the time came for him to dred persons who receive it free of charge; the as absurd.—New York Paper make payment, he had such confidence in his sec- expense of which is \$200. Add to this the baiond advent brethren, as to lead him to think that every one of them, at any time, would do all in their of \$332,72. Deduct from this \$6,34, which has power to pay the respective small sums they owed been donated since the commencement of this volpower to pay the respective small sums they owed him. Now how did Bro. B. test these brethren and the balance is \$326,38, that should be freely sent it us, for several years, for which they to their respective small sums they owed ume, and the balance is \$326,38, that should be freely sent it us, for several years, for which they He sent all who had not paid, (for some paid in ad- These facts clearly demonstrate that there is but have not only our sincere thanks, but we cordially The Bible must be our standard: he only can vance, or without being written to,) a kind note little love in deed, for our poor brethren—the very requesting them to pay for their Bibles, assuring class whom Christ delighted to feed with the bread our readers, who may wish to obtain much useful its supreme authority in every matter of doctrine them that he could not pay the large sum he owed, of life. for them, unless they first paid him. Some few Other evidences might be named, that prove that Congress, the current news of the day, and an able or performed that it condems, however sacred from listened to his call, but the great mass did not heed it. Some said it was not convenient for them to pay then; others had pressing calls for their money just at that time; some had heavy payments to just at that time; some had heavy payments to shall be unmoved by the calls of justice and appeals make on their farms, buildings, or other property of benevolence? God forbid. Shall the cause of they had purchased; many had to use all the money God, for which He gave his Son, and for which Trust not in uncertain riches.

That this is true to the spirit and letter, of the but what they have done has not been adequate to and you can do it so, if you only try.

The harbinger & Advocate. they could raise, to purchase the comforts of life, Christ died, languish for the lack of a few dollars such as snuff, tobacco, tea, coffee, and fine things in these last days of overflowing plenty and increas-

silent neglect. And what else can we reasonably Finally, may we all be found constantly ready to brought to bear upon their minds and consciences. Readers of the Harbinger-believers in the near think of such things, than that there is an undue meet the Lord in peace, that he may say unto each, they appeal to their 'experience,' as to a 'higher coming of the Lord of Glory-do these evidences love of the world, and too little love for the cause 'Well done-enter thou into the joy of thy Lord.' law,' for justification and defence. Thus the world

that the sins of professed christians should furnish an evidence that such is the fact.

But, dear brother or sister, would you have any joy in the case, did you know that you sustain the very traits of character, which in others, are evivery traits of character, which in others, are evities of characters, which in others are always and handed down to possible with two dollars. Or, we will send us the name of a new subscriber to the Harbinger accompanied with two dollars. Or, we will send us the name of a new subscriber to the Harbinger accompanied with two dollars. Or, we will send us the name of a new subscribe

the Holy Spirit having (as they suppose,) at that distance, which must be pre paid by the persons who order them. Let those who wish to avail this now is the case, to a very great extent, among the popular sects, will be admitted by advent be lievers; and that it is true, to an alarming degree among them, we have already proved: for if they had that faith that works, it would be made manifest the Holy Spirit having (as they suppose,) at that distance, which must be pre paid by the persons who order them. Let those who wish to avail the meselves of this offer, send on their names immediately. Will our agents and patrons generally, interest themselves in this matter? A favorable opportunity is offered you for doing a little goodwill you improve it?

gated? There is a wrong and a right way to do it, poor, whose hearts were made joyful with the glad told seven times,' if I inform you that the Arabs are more to them than the plainest language of Holv and we desire to adopt the latter. That we may tidings it bore to their humble dwellings. We were in arms against the Government to the gates of Writ. Their folly has been so often and thoroughly do this, and avoid hurting 'the oil and the wine,' we will suppose a case.

Aleppo, Damascus and Bagdad. The tales of former years would suit probably as a description of their tray the wonderful alchemy by which they pervert Omar Pasha has been called to Constantinople to sentiment or practice, let it go, as a thing of

> The Weekly National Intelligencer, a large present peculiar theories: time proved some wrong, reading on various topics, a full report of the acts and duty: no sentiment or practice can be cherished

#### EXPERIENCE VS. THE BIBLE.

to furnish their dwellings, and adorn their persons, ing wealth? It should not. Will those who are societies to have frequent meetings in which the so that they might not appear too singular in the looking for the coming of their Lord, and expecting members relate to each other their 'experience,' eye of the world; a few had been sick or unfortu soon to possess the kingdom of glory, be negligent and profess their resolves. They relate, one after nate, and could not pay, who informed Bro. B. of in paying for their paper, which proclaims the glad another, with great interest, the evidences from the fact, bestowing on him many thanks and good tidings of these glorious things to the joy of their which they feel assured that they are the disciples wishes, whom he cheerfully forgave the debt; but hearts? It is incompatible with their high profes-Joy springs up in the heart of the weary pilgrim, the great mass for various, unjustifiable reasons, as these words meet his longing eye, or fall on his did not pay for their Bibies! And what do you In view of these matters we call on you fellow wood, another of a field, or some other place, relistening ear; for when his Lord shall come, his suppose Bro. B. thought about these strange acts? pilgrim to awake from the slumber of death that is pilgrimage will end, and the crown of unfading We will tell you. He thought they loved self and stealing over you; shake off this fatal charm of the their sins. They tell of the transports of joy they money more, and the cause of their Bibles less than world which has palsied your once active powers felt on that occasion, or their great peace, their But how do you know, inquires the anxious pil they should, for had not this been the case they work of the Lord is near? By the would have paid for their Bibles when kindly resigns predicted in his word, which, when seen, quested to do so. They could not have read their ing of your long-suffering Lord, who is view of glorious light, their guilt to conscious innocence. were to give the beholder sure evidence that the Bibles with any degree of joy, so long as they knew these very times has said to his waiting children— how love took away the fear of death and judgment Lord would soon come. Many, very many of those they were keeping their brother B. out of his just Take heed to yourselves, lest at any time your -how old things passed away and all things besigns have been witnessed by the present genera- dues, and that he was greatly suffering in his glori- hearts be overcharged with surfeiting, and drunk came new. All these things but together constition, and have repeatedly been referred to in the ous work of circulating the Bible, because they enness, and cares of this life, and so that day come tute their 'experience,' and which, in the societies upon you unawares. For as a snare shall it come referred to, is a kind of Shibboleth. If their 'excapitulate them now. It may, however, be for the The application is so natural and so easily made, on all them that dwell on the face of the whole perience' has acquired considerable age, it has proprofit of some of our readers to refer to one of these that all will readily make it right. Those who owe earth. Watch ye therefore, and pray always, that bably been brightened or augmented occasionally: signs that is being witnessed in every department for the Harbinger, and can, but do not pay, are the ye may be accounted worthy to escape all those but this is a matter rather immaterial, if all doubt is of society. It is named by Paul, 2 Tim. iii. 2. In ones whom the figure represents as not paying for things that shall come to pass, and to stand before removed as to its primitive existence and character. This venerable 'experience' with a complaisant last days, one of which is expressed thus, as we have, by the instrumentality of the Harbinger With these remarks, we leave our kind patrons lenity, excuses, without confession or repenance, Campbell renders the expression-For men will be and other publications, taught them how to read to say whether the Harbinger shall be sustained, the many little inadvertancies, and defections from self-lovers, money lovers, &c. By consulting the with understanding, the Bible, which previously, to free from embarrassment or not. If you say it duty, overreachings in trade, prostrations at the context it will be seen that the Church, or those many, was a dead letter, a sealed book. In furnish- shall, we will briefly tell you how the work can shrine of public opinion, disregard of God's word and the 'royal law' of human sympathy and good will, character in the last days: they, in common with peases have been heavy, and had it not been for the 1. Pay now what you owe for the Harbinger, which distinguish the ordinary life. Without bethe world, would love self, and as a natural conse aid received from those who love the cause in deed, continue to take it, and avoid falling in debt for it ing conscious of it, these sincere people have put we could not have got along as well as we have \_ again. This is the right way to do this business; their 'experience' in the place of the BIBLE. It is easy and pleasing to remember and describe, espepeople of these times, would be superfluous to meet our expenses and to cover the loss we have 2. Increase its number of paying subscribers. cially when it has become invested with the enchantment of distance, and has been improved with case: the love of money is a ruling passion of the age, and it is as strongly developed in the Church have sent them bills of account, and then proced the process of the pencil, and it is very agree-than the sent them bills of account, and then process of the pencil, and it is very agree-than the sent them bills of account, and then process of the pencil, and it is very agree-than the sent them bills of account, and then process of the pencil, and it is very agree-than the sent them bills of account, and then process of the pencil, and it is very agree-than the sent them bills of account, and then process of the pencil, and it is very agree-than the sent them bills of account, and then process of the pencil, and it is very agree-than the sent them bills of account, and then process of the pencil, and it is very agree-than the sent them bills of account, and then process of the pencil, and it is very agree-than the sent them bills of account, and then process of the pencil, and it is very agree-than the sent them bills of account, and then process of the pencil, and it is very agree-than the sent them bills of account, and then process of the pencil, and it is very agree-than the sent them bills of account, and then process of the pencil, and it is very agree-than the sent them belong the se Hence, when the plain language of the BIBLE is of God is, to them, made of none effect by their 'experience'!

will send us two dollars.

The postage on the hymn books will be 10 cents under five hundred miles and 20 cents over that distance. The postage on each pamphlet will be 2 of the views they embraced then they invest almost with the sacredness of direct and special revelation, apostles, and the Son of God himself, must bow in humble prostration! A flash of good feeling in an TURKEY .- Let it not seem to you like a "tale excited meeting in those exciting times, is worth

> obliged to give up some things which in '43 and '44 they held in the same estimation they do their

The Lord trieth the righteous: but the wicked-his soul hateth.

#### THE ADVENT NEAR.

of explaining the plain words—I will gather all nations against Jerusalem to battle'—and, then shall the Lord go forth and fight against those nations, as when he fought in the day of battle. &c.,—by reference to the destruction of Jerusalem!' We answer, no one; and fur the day of battle, and fur the day of battle. I pray you, that the prophet saith the Lord shall a very different one. Here it is: fight against those nations.' Now, if, as you argue, Then shall the Lord go forth.' When?-When those nations refer to the Romans at Jerulasem, let me ask, Did the Lord fight against the Romans at his avengers-he was on their side-directing their tile times, which run parallel with the captivity of embattled hosts against the doomed city. But the Jews, must terminate before Christ will fight day of the battle of Almighty God comes, then in deed, will, according to this clear and distinct prophi ecy, the Lord 'go forth and fight against' the be | slain or subjected to Christ, who will then be King sieging hosts, which another prophet tells us are gathered into the valley of Jehoshaphat with espe engaged in fighting against Jerusalem at its concial reference to their great and signal slaughter, and scatter their might and boasted power, and deliver his ancient people from their long and cruel fought against by Christ and his army in the battle dispersion and persecution. The whole context of of the great day of God.'-Harb., May 8. the chapter sustains this interpretation, and ex- Bro. M. should not have overlooked this, and its

whole truth, to urge you to review the position you have taken, and survey again the many plain scrip

1. All nations are gathered to battle against Jetures which clearly intimate that before the Lord rusalem. comes, there must be great events looked for among | 2. Then the Lord will fight against them. This but life from the dead' or the resurrection. Does fully consulting the same. It teachesland anterior to the resurrection of the dead and against Jerusalem. the coming of Christ, which you know are contemporaneous? I respectfully submit that such arguments can not be successfully answered. Please submit this hasty, though tardy, reply to your ar- tivity, &c. And,

ticle to your readers, and Allow me to remain, Yours, faithfully, and truly, In the support and defence of all
That is written in the Holy Scr ptures, ALLAN B. MAGRUDER. Charlottesville, Va., July 7, 1852.

REPLY TO BRO. MAGRUDER.

future accomplishment of the glowing prophecy of overthrow of the nations by the Lord? We will Zech. xiv.,' or of any other portion of the Bible, is see. perverts it for selfish purposes: this is not our work, gather at Jerusalem. and to be designed y accused of doing it, by any | 2. With the military strength Jerusalem possessense of propriety to hold him in the same relation some time to conquer it. xiv. to which you refer, is not a comment on the 24. with the exception of the last part of it.' On the presume you will correct it.

tions,' by their representatives, were gathered Editor of the Advent Harbinger: I have observed against Jerusalem at its conquest by the Rumans. your comments in the Harbinger for May 8, on my These were and are the facts in the case, which inarticle on 'the advent near.' I marvel that you who fallibly prove, as we conceive, that this part of the contend so earnestly for the literal principle of in- prophecy has been most literally fulfilled. You terpretation, should seek by construction and by resorting to such blind guides as Adam Clark, to set aside the literal and yet future accomplishment of aside the literal and yet future accomplishment of literal and yet future accomplishment the glowing prophecy of Zech. xiv. Who, un I will gather all nations against Jerusalem to batspoiled by tradition and vain philosophy, would dream tle, . . and then shall the Lord go forth and fight eference to the destruction of Jerusalem? Observe, ther say, that we have given no such exposition, but

derusalem's destruction? Surely the Romans were repeated by Christ (Luke xxi. 24) shall end. Genwhen Jesus comes, on Mount Zion-when the great against them. Then the great battle of Armaged-

the nations, and especially with reference to the is in harmony with Bro. M.'s theory, if we undernation of Israel. Paul says, you know, 'If the casting away of Israel be the riches of the Gentiles, what shall the receiving (or restoration) of them be,

not this clearly necessitate their restoration to the | 1. That all nations will be gathered to battle

2. That the city shall be taken, &c. 3. That helf of the city shall go forth into cap-

4. That then the Lord shall go forth and fight against those nations,' &c.

Bro. M. leaves the second and third specifications out of his quotation, and necessarily out of his theory. But they belong there, and must have their fulfilment as really as the other two. Well, how must they be fulfilled? The 'all nations' are actors in the case: they are first gathered to battle-then Dear Bro. Magruder: Did we believe that you they take the city-then they lead into captivity half intended to charge us with designing to do what of the city, and then the Lord goes forth and fights your words say we have done, we could neither no- against these all nations! Well, is all this work tice nor publish your letter; for that man who will accomplished at once, or in the short space of one 'seek,' as you say, 'to set aside the literal and yet seige of Jerusalem, which will be terminated by the

one who handles the word of God deceitfully, or 1. It would require some time for all nations to

person, would make it very incompatible with our sed when taken by the Romans, it would require

that we did before such a charge was preferred. - 3. The coptivity must have a place, and how long But as we charitably believe the charge, as it now shall we compute it? Let Christ answer-They reads, expresses more than you designed to say, we shall be led away captive into ALL NATIONS: let it pass, feeling very confident you will, when and Jerusalem shall be trodden down of the GENyou see your mistake, most cheerfully correct it. TILES, UNTIL THE TIMES OF THE We say it is a mistake, because our article on Zech. GENTILES BE FULFILLED.'-Luke xxi.

whole chapter, as may be seen by referring to it in 4. Then, when? Every one 'unspoiled by tradithe Harbinger for May 8. We there repeatedly tion and vain philosophy,' it does appear to us, will quote 'Zech. xiv. 1-3' as the verses on which we readily answer thus-when the captivity shall end, salem, we have not seen a syllable going to show with the time of the appearance of the Deliverer, were commenting, and on them we say-the proph or the long times of the Gentiles shall terminate, that he feels the least interest in the Holy City. Luke xxi; Rom. xi. There is no interregnum ecy under consideration has had a literal fulfilment, when the Lord shall have come to Zion, when the He will not be likely to expend one hundred milmant of the captives from all nations shall have residue of the chapter, which we believe is not ful- been gathered at Jerusalem, and when the all nafilled, we offered no comments. Hence your mis- tions shall be gathered there to the battle of the to reap pecuniary advantage, and from which, graceful. take is very apparent, and on seeing which we great day-then the Lord will go forth and fight though it might make him king of Jerusalem, he It is our duty to let patience have her perfect against and over hrow them.

You call Dr. A. Clark a 'blind guide,' and we You speak of the de iverance of God's 'ancient admit the correctness of the observation in refer. people from their long and cruel dispersion and perence to him, in many respects, as an expositor of secution,' when the Lord shall 'go for; h and fight prefer a seat in the Parliament of Great Britain to sion for solicitude as to the proprieties of his recepthe Scriptures; but this did not disqualify him from against the beseiging nations. If this long disbeing a correct historian, and perhaps but few, if persion,' is their captivity among the Gentiles any men of his age were more generally versed and during their times of oppressive rule, then you must accurate in history, than he. As such we quoted admit that the gathering of 'all nations against Je- self, than wield with his own hand the withered time and room to accomplish all the great and him, and not as an expositor of the text under con rusalem to battle,' took place when that dispersion sideration. It predicted that 'all nations' would be or captivity commenced; and that the going forth of promise additional millions to his already mammoth since the world began. gathered 'against Jerusalem to battle.' We believed the Lord to fight against them, will occur when the prediction had been literally fulfilled in the that 'long and cruel dispersion' shall terminate: gathering of all nations under the Roman banner consequently those two events cannot take place at at the destruction of that city by that nation. or near the same time, as you seem to teach by Dr. Clark was not our only authority on this point, your mutilated quotations of Zech. xiv. 2, 3. All for we quoted Luke xxi. 24, and referred to the well must see that those great events cannot be located known 'historic facts in the case,' viz.: that 'all na- together, and at the same time a 'long dispersion'

cludes every other; for in this connexion and after cludes every other; for in this connexion and after the bas accomp ished this mighty victory on Zion's hill, it is written in verse 9—'and the Lord shall be king over all the earth, and in that day there shall part of the second verse? The mutilated manner are deranged.

Why does Bro. Magruder omit in his quotation a part of the second verse? The mutilated manner are deranged. This mode part of the second verse, presents are connecting paragraph, article.

Why does Bro. Magruder omit in his quotation a part of the second verse? The mutilated manner are nations will be gathered to the land of their fathers, the nations will become angry, and gather their mighty paragraph. nations will become angry, and gather their mighty armies against the Lord, to make war with him,

theory of the Bible.

the following anecdote: a long study and meditation, persuaded himself that the description of the latter day glory by the proph et Ezekiel was to be literally fulfilled by the Jews Rothschild to purchase that country, which, he had been informed, could, in the state of the Sultan's he will be a usurper. exchequer at that time, be done at less than ten millions of dollars. It was several days after his ced his errand, the baron said to him, 'Damn Jeru

they do of the inhabitants of the moon. In all that faithful men. has been said about Rothschild's purchasing Jeru The close of the times of the Gentiles is identical lions of dollars in an enterprise to which he has no ful Heir, in which Rothschild or some body else would not, judging from the history of the last work, and wait for our Lord's return; and, while 1800 years, derive any very distinguished honors. we wait, do all we can to get ourselves and others No, from all we know of him, we think he would ready to meet him in peace. There is no occathe throne of Jerusalem; he had rather, by his tion; he is coming, not to enjoy the earth as men talents and money, help control the mightiest gov. can make it, but to make it right himself and then ernment on earth honorably and profitably to him. enjoy it with his people; and he will have ample scepter of Judah's kings. If Jerusalem could glorious things spoken of by all the holy prophets wealth, he would, doubtless, see something inviting wered with a curse! Suppose, however, all this were not so, and that as the cause of truth at present demands.

Rothschild felt as deep an interest in the welfare of Jerusalem and his people as some desire he should, Pride goeth before destruction.

lie between them. But to avoid this difficulty, and that Russia and the other powers would allow should you say that the gathering of all nations to the Suiten to sell him the Holy Land, and that he battle against Jerosalem, its conquest and pillage, should plant his throne where David and Solomon the long dispersion, and the going forth of the Lord reigned, and that a large number of scattered Isto fight against those nations, are all to have a rael should gather about him there, what evidence future accomplishment, then the conclusion is una is there that such an event would be any more a voidable that the coming of the Lord cannot rea | fulfilment of prophecy or pleasing to God than the sonably be looked for very soon: for on this hy- similar career of Julian the Apostate? or of the pothesis, before that event can be witnessed, the crusade kings who led many millions of (as some Jews must be gathered to Jerusalem and Palestine suppose) Anglo Israel from Europe to wrest the in sufficient numbers to become a mighty, military, Holy land from the infidels (Manomedans) and mainand wealthy people, sufficiently rich and powerful tain their title of king of Jerusalem? According to to induce all the nations of the world to send their some accounts, two millions of people were lost in owerful hosts to Jerusalem. After great resis- those expeditions during the 12th and 13th centutance the city will be taken, and many of the con- ries. Peter the hermit, and most others who quered Jews will be led into a 'long' captivity, preached the crusades, stirred up the masses of after which the nations are to be gathered to Jer- Europe by motives similar to those now employed usalem again, to besiege it, when the Lord will to effect a gathering to Jerusalem. The belief was come, destroy their mighty hosts, and deliver his quite prevalent that the thousand years of Rev. xx. flong dispersed' people! Such absurdities as these measured the time that was to transpire between that lie on the very surface of this theory, are suf- the first and the second coming of our Lord. That ficient to cause every discriminating mind, as it ap- period had expired, and the time had arrived for pears to us, unhesitatingly to pronounce it not the Jesus to appear again in Jerusalem. But the holy city was in a condition unfit for the reception of his According to the effulgent light of the prophetic divine Majesty; they must prepare the way before word, we behold these great matters thus: Jeru- him: Jerusalem most be in the hands of a faithful salem will be trodden down of the Gentiles, Judah people, who shall there prayerfully wait the advent and Israel will remain in captivity, among all na- of their Lord. All know the fruits of that gratuitions until the Lord shall come to Zion. He will tous effort to help the Lord: 2,000,000 of human then commence the great work of restoring again victims were offered in sacrifice at the altar of that the kingdem to Israel; in doing which the dispersed blind fanaticism, and all christendom broken up and

when he will overthrow them on the mountains of of our Lord to Jerusalem, and that there must be Israel, and subject the world to his righteous at Jernsalem a faithful people awaiting and ready to welcome his return.

The time for the commencement of these great But the friends of this project may reply, that events is near, and in view of the glorious change there is an essential difference between their effort that they are destined to effect in the world, we ar- and that of the crusaders, they being too early .dently pray, that the coming of the great Restorer, We apprehend, however, that their error consistthe first event in the series, may quickly be realized. ed in much more than anticipating the time: it consisted chiefly and primarily in misapprehending the ROTHSCHILD AND THE CITY OF JERUSA- order of prophetic events. Instead of his people preparing a place for him, he is to prepare a place A correspondent of the National Era relates earthly Jerusalem. He is first to return, and then for them, not only in the heavenly, but also in the build up the tabernacle of David. There is no "The rumor is that the Sultan has ceded Syria prophecy that the scattered tribes will be gathered to M. Rothschild, for 500,000,000 francs, say one hundred million dollars, and that this prince of millionaires proposes to invite the Jews to return Jerusalem, inviting their return to their city and to the land of their fathers, rebuild the temple, &c. their Messiah. We have no intimation in the holy I do not believe it. About fifteen or twenty years scriptures that he will do the initiative of the grand ago, an estimable clergyman in Ohio, who had after restitution by proxy. He will appear in person and

Syria, went to London with a view to persuade The throne was to lie subverted till he [Christ] comes whose right it is. If Rothschild assumes it.

Jerusalem and her temple were to be trodden arrival before he obtained an interview with him. down of the Gentiles, until the times of the Gen-And when, after so much pains taking, he at length tiles be fulfilled, Luke xxi. 24. If it is lifted up stood face to face with the rich Jew, and announ before those times expire, this prophecy of our Saalem." The poor man, grieved and shocked, left vior will be broken. But if we may believe the ac-London, returned to his native land, pined away and count given and substantiated by many witnesses died. I received from his own lips an account of of the effort made by the emperor Julian to rebuild Jerusalem and the temple, and the wonderful man-The above is going the rounds of the papers, - ner in which he was compelled to desist from the It shows that Rothschild's piety and devotion to the undertaking, we should expect that if Rothschild or city and land of his fathers are something that he any other man or men should attempt such a work himself knows nothing about - a mere creature of they would in some way be prevented from accomenthusiasts who know as little of Rothschild's dis plishing it. God is jealous of his word, and will osition and intentions with regard to Jerusalem as see that it is not frustrated either by faithless or

even in her humility; but as she requires a sacri- WE would thank our correspondents, who fice both of money and of fame, her petition is ans- are capable of writing for the press, to furnish for the Harbinger a number of such communications,

#### OF HEED THIS. 21

WE have received but few substantial responses to the bills we have recently sent to those who are owing for the Harbinger. We need the respec owing for the Harbinger. We need the respective sums called for, to enable us to pay our worthy Walpole, have informed Dr. Newman that the repaper maker, who has patiently waited for his pay for the paper on which the Harbinger is printed.

Will you now pay the small sum you owe! With few exceptions, you can if you will. Without dis law, and the priests who conform to its requireguise we kindly tell you that we have depended on ments have, in several instances, been insulted in these respective dues to pay our paper maker sev- the streets. eral hundred dollars, which we now owe him.-Shall we and him be longer disappointed? We hope not: and the high profession you make, the small The appointment for a Conference at sums you respectively have to pay, and the justness | Laurel, Ind., in consequence of being embodied of our claims, induce us thus to hope. Let every one send on his or her subscription immediately and the sum requisite to pay our paper maker, will we fear it is too late for publication. Appointbe gathered. We kindly entreat you to heed ments should always be made distinct from other

#### THE NAPOLEON DYNASTY. It is with pleasuae we acknowledge the receipt

of the new and highly interesting work, with this title; which we cordially recommend to the patronage of our readers, who may feel interested nish, Lamport & Co., Publishers, 8 Park Place, New York, at \$2,50 per copy. Speaking of the work the New York Daily Times remarks: our embarrassment feel interested in this matter. 'In this work we have the Bonaparte dynasty brought together in a family group. Seventeen distinct and well-executed biographies are clus-King of Naples and Spain, for several years a ces this week. much-loved resident of Bordentown, New Jersey; Lucien, Prince of Canino, the poet; Louis, King of Holland, the father of Louis Napoleon, President of France; Queen Hortense, the daughter of Josephine, and the wife of Louis; Jerome, sought his wife amidst the lovely daughters of 'Take Heed.' America, and whose grandson now wears the uniform of the Army of the United States; the sisters of Napoleon, Eliza, grand Duchess of Tuscany, the beautiful Pauline, and Caroline, Queen of Naples, and her husband, the magnifi- Bible truth, I would gladly recall. No allusion cent and dazzling Murat; Eugene, the son of Josephine; the son of Napoleon, the Duke of Reichstadt; and, lastly, Louis Napoleon, the grandson of Josephine, a President by name, but in reality a King. These are the illustrious

The fact is, that no one can, 'by the Holy personages whose memoirs, with excellent por-traits, here surround the life of him on whom the fame and fortune of all mainly depended.

'A strange and wonderful life, indeed, is that central one—the earthly career of the greatest error, does not, I conceive, affect this great military genius of the world, which, in the per. fact. Surely no one can 'by the Holy Ghost' iod of fifty-two years, wrought such changes and oppose the birth or temptation of Christ; the

teresting incidents and details are given, not a distinct echo of the Spirit's teaching on this, known, we presume, to the most industrious as well as on the advent subject. It is written: reader of the annals of the period. The design It is good to be zealously affected always in a of the book-a most felicitous one-is carried good thing. out with great skill; the style is terse but glowing; the typography of the highest order, and the portraits, from original sources-some of them new to us-executed with care and truthfulness. We do not see how it can fail to ac. are direct compliments to the power of Truth; quire a popularity and circulation seldom equal- and the common custom of passing off Truth's led by any biographical production.'

Constancy often contains as much obstinacy as real affection.

THE CATHOLICS IN ENGLAND. - It appears certain that the British Government will rigidly en-

communications if in the same letter: they will not be as likely to be overlooked, or delayed .-See Bro. Linvill's letter.

We hope all our kind patrons will do what they can for us in pecuniary matters now, in these matters. It may be obtained of Cor. for we have depended on them for assistance at this time, and should they not meet our expectations, our disappointment would be great, and our embarrassment severe. We hope all will

The report of the Tent Meeting at Elmira tered around the main figure in the picture .- is encouraging-though Bro. Bywater speaks of The father and mother of Napoleon; his uncle, a deficiency in his receipts to sustain the same. Cardinal Fesch; the lovely Josephine, whom all the world love and admire; the detested and in.

These meetings should be sustained. See his famous Maria Louisa; his brothers, Joseph, notice for a meeting at Addison, which commen-

#### THE WRONG CORRECT.

THE TRUTH WILL STAND OF ITSELF.

Two worthy and well-meaning brethren have the youngest brother, King of Westphalia, who complained of my brief paragraph, May 29-

Amid the hurry of arrangements in leaving,

revolutions in the nations, and consigned so many tens of thousands of mortals to a bloody grave. Born in an Island of the Mediterranean; educated at the public expense; his hand twice with his saints; or the binding of Satan 'a thourejected in marriage, at times so poor that acci. sand years'!

dent saved him from throwing himself into the Why not? Because a witness or 'kingdom Seine; at the first opportunity presented, displaying, at Toulon, the most consummate skill truth' is 'not yea and nay.'

stricken from the roll of the French army; then saving in a moment of overwhelming peril and Christ by 'the Devil' is taught by the Holy despair, the Government of France, by pouring Spirit.

his murderous broadsides through the streets of But the Holy One 'cannot deny Himself.' Paris; elevated to the post of General-in-Chief of Therefore any and every opponent of this docthe Army of the Interior; united in wedlock with the beau iful Josephine; defeating the Austrian trine is, so far, of 'another spirit,' than 'the army at Monte Notie; thus fairly launched in his spirit of Truth'!

victorious course, carrying his resistless eagles Dear brethren, you know that those not in over slaughtered armies and captured countries; the Spirit' of the Advent truth have no patience treading empires under his feet; dispensing with any of us—we 'are so severe'! &c.

and solitary isle, where, after sleeping for a Let me kindly ask our brethren to drink into quarter of a century, his undecayed form re. the spirit of Bible statement, touching the docvisits the country of his adoption, to repose for- trine that I affirmed in my article complained ever on the soil from which, in life and in death, of-let them delight to express their feelings in tion of materials generally known. Many in.

'the words which the Holy Ghost useth;' and then they be as willing to 'endure' if not approve

Deception, hypocrisy, and dissimulation counterfeit for herself is strong testimony in behalf of her intrinsic beauty and excellence.

A faithful man shall abound with blessings.

## HARBINGER AND ADVOCATE

Rome. - A correspondent of the New York Daily Times, writing from Turin, June 28,

by an Italian employed by the Piedmontese some care for health-but shall strive to do what I Government, that they attempted in Rome to poison the French Minister, Mons. De Rayneval. While he was at breakfast, a servant entered the room with coffee and milk. In the meantime, while Mons. De Rayneval was called out on urgent business, some French officers remarked to Madame De Rayneval that the milk had turned yellow, and advised the lady not to taste the suspicious beverage. The Minister return- Saturday? ing, and having been informed of the mysterious appearance of the milk, called his physician, who, after a careful examination, declared that arsenic had been introduced into the milk and sugar, and also into the coffee pot! The waiter was arrested and confessed his guilt—he being one of the members of the political society, Societa Della Morte.

'Thus begins in Rome and in the Roman

#### To Correspondents.

J. L.—The 'Shepherd of the Valley' is published at St. Louis. We do not know the date of the number containing the article you refer to. You will find a somewhat extended notice editor re-asserted and maintained the facts and sentiments of his first article, in a recent number

At Bro. John Lent's,

August, 14, 15.

Cramake, (Bro. Spefford's,)

"16, 17. of the 'Religious Herald,' published at Richmond, Va. The second article is a sufficient refutation of the charge of spuriousness or misrefutation of the charge of spuriousness or misquotation. The ingenuous editor received a Picton, (Bro. Werden's.) "23, The appointments week days, are 7½ P. M. severe rebuke from his bishop for telling so much A word to the brethren - We want you should, family truth.

we have time to review it.

M. E. G.—The article to which you refer, we freely acknowledge was unduly severe—we did not see it until after its publication; when we regretted its severity, but thought not advisually severe severity. able to notice it, unless others should feel grieved this; we must do our every duty—To be Christ like, about it. We think now it will be as well to we must have the spirit of Jesus. Amen.

about it. We think now it will be as well to let it pass, and be more guarded in the future.

Your article is too incorrectly written for publication; and we never make corrections, when as many are necessary as we find in yours. Be assurred that an honest difference in sentiment, is no cause with us, of a breach of christian felmen will see eye to eye, when the Lord will have these papers before the public-will you do bring again Zion.'

#### A Confession.

acknowledge the main truthfulness of your tend to it when we come. reply to my first number on the Sanctuary .-Truth to me is lovely. And as prophecy which has long been dark to my mind, is unfolded to me, it makes the living oracles more precious than fine gold! And my love to the Father and his Son Jesus Christ, my elder brother, is increased in proportion to the light I have upon the blessed word. And often I am led to wonder how it is, that multitudes who profess to love God, dare to take the position that a part of his word is non-essential!

Dear brethren, I read that every word of God is pure, (and I believe it.) Therefore it is essential to my sanctification and eternal redemption Amen. Father! for the sake of Jesus, impress this all-important truth, by thy Spirit upon every Yours loving the whole truth.

Woodstock, Ct. July 13th, 1852. P. S. I had the opportunity of filling my appointment in Scotland, last First Day, and we had a refreshing time. There is a small reming, Friday evening July 24. to continue two weeks nant of Adam's race, who love the whole truth. or longer. A general attendance is solicited. We had the privilege of retiring to our modern Jordan, after the close of our morning service; where I had the opportunity of immersing two willing souls in the name of Jesus Christ, for and hold over two Sundays. the remission of sins. And it was a good time, Whittemore Lake,

# Appointments.

Bro. J. B. Cook. and over Sunday. Brethren there are requested to aid me over from

Long Branch, N. J.—visit friends one week. New York, as health, &c., permit.

New Bedford, Mass.,

Before I close this epistle, I must give you a This will leave me one Sunday and intervening very interesting and most startling piece of time to fill as health may enable me. My old bron news from the Holy See. I have been informed chitis has returned, and I shall be obliged to take

> Bro. O. R. L. Crozier. Sunday, 101 A. M., Aug. 1. 41 P. M. "

Bro. J. N. Loof borough. Sunday, July 25. Will Bro. Durham meet me at the cars at 5 P. M., Sunday, August 1. " 10½ A. M. 8, " 4½ P. M. "

Bro. Wm. and Sr. Mary Ongley. Niagara, C. W., Cross Roads, July 21-23. St. Catharines, States the reign of conspiracies and terror— Will Bro. Shipman get a schoolhouse to meet in? To Bro. Truesdell's, "29. Oakville, (at Bro. Foreman's,) Toronto, and over Sunday, " 31 -August 1. Whitby Village, Brooklyn, (at Bro. Kestur's,) 3,4 Darlington, (at Bro. John Van Ness',) " 7, 8. of that article and also of another in which the Will the brethren get a place for the meeting, &c. Ameliasburgh, (Bro. Chase's,) Milville, (Bro. Whites')

as much as possible, come out and meet us at these E. Everts.—We will publish it as soon as meetings, and get your neighbors to come with you: God grant we may have a good time once M. E. G .- The article to which you refer, more before we meet on Mount Zion: then we

is no cause with us, of a breach of christian fellowship. The time is not far distant when, if and likewise for the Bible Examiner, and the we 'keep the unity of the spirit,' we 'shall come Children's Friend published by Bro. O. R. L. Croto the unity of the faith.' Then the 'watch- zier. The brethren should interest themselves to

We should remember what Paul says to us-1 Cor. ii. 26-as often as ye eat this bread, and drink this cup, ye do show the Lord's death till be come. The Lord's Supper should be attended to; if the BRO. JOSEPH:—It is with great pleasure, that brethren will get those things in order, we will at-

	August	1. 8. 15. 22. 29.
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heart who shall read these few lines. Amen. Northern Onlo, where the brethren there may appoint. They will h Bro. Weethee on the subject, at R. V. Lyon. Rochester, N. Y.

> Tent Meeting in Addison. Bro. J. C. Bywater will commence a Tent Meet-

Tent Meetings in Mich. Ypsilanti, Friday, July 23 -Friday, Aug. 6 -R. v. L. and hold over two Sundays. Tyrone, Liv. co., Mich., Friday, Aug. 20 and hold over two Sandays.

If the brethren concerned desire a change in these appointments, they will inform us. Bro. Ingham from Maine is expected to attend these meetings, and others are invited to be with E. HOYT.

Conference. A Conference will commence at Laurel, Franklin co, Indiana, Friday, July 30.

TSINGER .- It will cost about 75 cents to ore. That will probably be the best way to

The Lord willing, Bro. E. Miller, Jr. and Bro. The Whole No. to which each has paid follows the name. Yates Higgins will commence a meeting on Thursday, August 12 at 2 P. M., to continue over the fol lowing Sunday, in the Indian Creek settlement, Wayne township, Fulion co., Indiana, twelve miles 500; EO Munsee 494; J B Brown 503; Wm D north-west of Logansport, eight miles south of Pleasant Grove, midway between the Michigan and Chicago roads. Ministering and lay brethren are

Sunday, July 25.

Bro. R. V. LYON.

Enfield, Ct., (Jawbuc Society), August 1.

Grove Meeting.

Brimfield, Mass.,

Chateaugay (near Bro. Sheldon's,) commencing on Friday, July 30, and continue over the Sabbath. S Frary 428; D I N cholson 474; A Chaffee 455; BENJAMIN WEBB.

Camp Meeting at Oswego, Ind.

For the brethren-Camp Meeting at Winsted, Ct.

In Winsted, commencing Aug. 30, and to continue 63 cts; Ruth Wakeman 525. \$2 62; J Wright 448. one week or more, upon the same ground occupied 80 cts; Alex Ogsburg 442 \$1,28; Lowis Bean 498,

and those coming by cars or stages, will be accom 458, 62 cts. modated with cheap conveyance to and from the Wun H Marigold 446, \$4,00.

We invite every friend of Jesus, and all who are willing to seek for eternal life through him, to meet with us in the tented grove to worship the God of

Board and horse-keeping on reasonable terms, with an invitation to the poor pilgrims to come and N P Hathaway, L H Chase, U Eston, J Pomeroy, S. G. MATHEWSON, )

HIRAM MUNGER,

A. D. SMITH,

MILES GRANT. Canada Tent Meetings.

If the Lord will, a Tent Meeting will be held in Columbus, C. W., commencing Saturday, July 10, at 71 P. M., and continue over two Sundays. ough will be in attendance and Brn. E.

B. White, J. Bower, H. Haight, and others. This meeting is specially designed as a substitute for a general Camp Meeting. We expect a general gathering of the brethren from Toronto, Newmarket, Maraposa, Leach, Whitby, Cobourg, Clark, Kenyon, Penn Yan, N. Y., has been stopped. J. Market, Maraposa, Leach, Whitey, Country, Clark,
Darlington, &c. All who can, are solicited to come
at the commencement of the meeting, and remain
till its close. Let those who can, br ng tents and
provisions. Those who have not tents will be well

ELI CROSS, Thorndike, Mass., stops his paper and supplied in this respect. This is new ground, and refuses to pay for it! He owes \$4,31. we hope that the meeting will prove conducive to the glory of God, and give new impetus to the cause in Canada. W. SHELDON.

#### BUSINESS ITEMS.

the close of this volume—nearly a year ahead.

A. Marson.—Ira Godfrey's receipt for \$2,00 was cases of this kind.

J. LITSINGER .- Bro. Moffat has not got the books. J. Hooker .-- The dollar you sent last was en tered on book, but by mistake not published: the other we did not understand-have now credited it with the one sent by Bro. Wendell.

B. B. Schenck.-You probably have received your books before this time. We delayed a few Still due for free fist on this volume. . . . . . days, to get some of which we were out. They were sent July 5, by express, to Baldwinsville. A. HITCHCOCK -The receipt is in No. 442 to John Andrews, Jr.

Some faithful 'steward' east of this place As a prominent object of the publication of the HAR-

W. PRATT.—Bro. Moulton's receipt is in No 446.
Those facts are as you relate them: we regret that

One of the Bible is in course of discussion, no other theory on the the bills were sent. At the time we revised our free list, Bro. M.'s name was crased from it by one 3. The plain testimony of the BIBLE and matters of who did not understand our engagements to him: FACT, will ALONE be admitted as EVIDENCE. the bills were sent. We have entered his name observed.

4. The LIGHT DE MONTH OF THE PRINCIPLE OF INTERNAL PR the bills were sent. We have entered his name again frre, and will send him the paper free as long as he will take it. We will return his money, send him its value in books, or dispose of it in any other way he may direct. We will send it free also to D. The send disputant may speak twice on a point, providing the send question.

D. C. T.-You have paid to No. 453.

#### Receipts for the Harbinger.

J Culross 476; A Baker 468; A Winans 468; H Phinney 468; Walter F Fahnestock 454; Beth-uel Lusk 468; David Bellows 462; Win Freeman L Fuller 451; J Witham 468; J D Bunce 416; J P ERASTUS C. ANDRUS. Jacobs 442; Mary Fairchild 461; N Meriam 468; C W Kirkpairick 466; N A Lord 470; H V Davis Grove Meeting.

445; Henry K Boyer 473; Seth Wright 473; G B Whitford 459: J Smith 442; B Arnold 458; J Hop-

D Rollins 476; Wm Fieldhouse 483; A Miller 466 -\$1,00 each. Abel Beebe 498; G G Colvin 506; N T Withing-There will be a Camp Meeting held at Oswego, Woodside 500; Benjamin Woodside 500; T H Ind.—commencing on Friday before the fourth Lord's day in September next. The brethren and Austin 462; Daniel Lorey 451; Myron & Frary others who feel an interest in the truth are invited 402; John Winslow 463; A B Magruder 498; Thankful Adams 456; Mrs D H Caverly 475; Asahel Matson 483; R G Napier 449; Luther Adams 494; J Covell 500; Jas Coons 468; J Hook-

er 465-\$2,00 each. Wm Carter 420, \$1,78; John Tompkinson 448, The Lord willing, a Camp Meeting will be held \$1,08; H A Clum 447, 92 cts; Alvora Perkins 466, \$1,60; Samuel Rowel 447, 25 cis; E Crowel 514, The camp ground is about two miles from the depot, at the terminus of the Naugatuck R. R.;

John Sawyer 401, \$6,00.

LETTERS .-- Ann Case, B B Schenck, J Wilson, A Huchcock, J Hamilton, E & Conklin, J Striker, J Taylor, H Heyes, E Everts, C S Raymond, G F Baker, O B Tenner, G York, H P Sikes, L Adams, W Pratt, A Morgan, D C Tourtellot, E Macomber, E Whitney, W in Bailey, Mrs Coin Read, C F Sweet, A Beach, D Austin, B G St John, S D, W Sheldon, M E Cornell, E Stone, N Bond, J C By-

BOOKS SENT .- J Taylor, A Perkins, John Wright, Ursula Eaton, Lewis Bean, Wm Bailey, L. Adams, T. Fassett, A. Beach.

## Delinquents.

If any mistakes are made under this head, we shall be happy, on being informed of the fact, to correct them,

The Harbinger sent to James Little and G. S.

The postmaster at Johnstown, Wis., informs us that Ebenezer Bullock's paper is not taken from the office. He owes 50 cents.

B. PATTERSON, of Stouffville, C. W., took the The postmaster at Richmond, Va., informs us that the Harbinger sent to Mrs. F. A. Wilson at that office is not called for. We think there his bill twice, and received a letter from a man of his name complaining that he had to pay postage must be some mistake about this, as she has paid to on the letters containing his bills, and denying ever

#### Donations:

TO SEND THE HARBINGER TO THE POOR. Amount to be raised the current year,.....\$332.72

Donations already received on this volume,.... 6.34 FOR BRO. J. C. BYWATER'S TENT MEETINGS.

#### Rules of Discussion.

has sent us \$10,00, \$2,00 as a donation to BINGER is to obtain a correct knowledge of the Scriptures, send the Harbinger to the poor, \$3.00 for Bro.

Bywater's tent meetings, and \$5.00 to a 'sick' and as it is open for the free investigation of all Bible doctrines, to avoid all misunderstanding in the matter, on the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked by the 'sick brother,' as aid has recently been asked b the money inform us for whom the \$5,00 were in- and expect they will observe in their communical 1. None but BIBLE questions can be admitted for dis-

further evidence is presented the second time, or an explanation or correction is necessary.

8. No unkindsexpressions will be admitted. Let these rules be carefully observed, and that misunder-standing and unpleasantness that sometimes arise between writers and the editor, and between themselves, will be

8 cents, single.

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Unless this be done, it is out of our power to make the change.

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Lord's Day and Thursday evening.

Dansville.—Franklin Hall, in Towse's Brick Block,

Talman Block, Buffare Street, Opposite the Arcade. west side of Main street.

Auburn-Advent Hall, over H. G. Vananden's Drug
Store, every Sabbath.

laigua-Atwater Hall, twice every Sunday, and on Tuesday and Friday evenings.

Honeoye - Hazen's Hall, every Sunday.

Geneva-In Sr. Jones' School room, corner of Geneva,

New York-Corner of Grand and Elizabeth streets THE CHILDREN'S FRIEND, ree times on the Sabbath.

Springfield, Mass.—Dwight's Hall. Sanford street, two is published every month at the Advent Harbinger

requested to say at which Hall.

Newark, N. J .- No. 143 Market street. Boston, Mass.—Cochitmate Hall, in Cochitmate Place.

East Boston, Mass.—Meridian street Hall. Worcester, Mass. - Warten Hall, Pearl st., near Main Hartford, Ct .- Old Fellows' Hall, corner of Main and

ratt streets, three times on Sunday, statedly, Providence, R. I .- Amity Hall, entrance No. 12 Eddy street, between Westminster and Broad streets. Preaching three times on the Sabbath. Prayer and conference meetings, Tuesday and Friday evenings.

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hat Blessed Hope, 2 cts Adv't a Pract. Doct'ne, 4 cts exposition Matt. xxiv. 6 cts Adv't a Pract. Doct'ne, 4 cts exposition Matt. xxiv. 6 cts Sec. Adv. Intro. Jubilee 4 cts their charge, until such notice is given.

# Che Advent Harbinger

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from Main street, every Lord's Day. - Also, at office, Rochester, N. Y., by O. R. L. CROZIER. or Strom Stain screet, every Bord's Bay, and of Currier's Hall, Spring street, every Sunday, and educaday evening. Brethren making appointments are unested to sav at which Hall.

ing of the SCRIPTURES.

We hope our friends will interest themselves in getting subscribers for the Children's FRIEND. TERMS -- ALWAYS IN ADVANCE

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From the Church of England Magazine.

Balaam.

BY J. BROAD, M. A.

And Balak said unto Balaam. What hast thou done unto me? ook thee to curse mine enemies; and, behold, thou hast used them altogether,' Num. xxiii. 11.

Aloft on Moab's mountain stood The son of Beor, seer renowned Deep fixed in contemplative mood; Around, his altars, streamed with blood With divinations crowned,

Before him, ranged in fair array, The tents of Israel lay outspread; Like drops of dew at early day, The sons of Jacob thronged the way-

And much the prophet longed to gain The tempting boon of Moab's king, And swept away the wondrous train, With curses deep and voice profane, And dark enchantment's sting.

Yet durst he not for Moab plead-Jehovah hath his will confessed In vain may Balak's victims bleed; No divination can succeed To curse whom God hath blest.

Vain now the seer's prophetic name,
And vain are all his sorcery's charms; Unwillingly his lips proclaim, Not Israel's fall, but Moab's shame And conquest' s dread alarms.

Now heaven unfolds before his gaze Bright glories of the future time— A star from Jacob's seed shall blaze; He sees this sign with deep amaze, And speaks of things sublime.

Yet not that blessed Star could draw To heavenly things his selfish soul: Not all the rapturous scenes he saw Could win his love-a servile awe Alone could him control.

Unhappy seer, himself unblest, While blessing others owned of heaven: Mere type of worldly minds, oppressed By love of gain, who find no rest In what our God hath given.

Great Savior, theme of Balaam's song, Bright morning Star, our souls illume! Break thou the spell of earth, so strong To keep our hearts its gauds among; Our worldly lusts consume.

#### Miscellany.

Original.

#### Letter of a Mute.

THE following letter was writtent to a Congregational minister by a man who is both 'deaf M. E. CORNELL. and dumb.

Mr. C-, Dear Sir:- 1 am informed that you preached one week ago last Sunday from these words: 'The wages of sin is death.' I have been informed also that you said at that time, 'that the Adventists believe that the soul will be annihilated, and it could not be so, for there was no such thing taught in the Bible.' Now I think you must have been at college to learn that what that text reads it does not mean! Well, if you prove the soul to be immortal, then you make the text mean, The wages of sin is immortality-and you may contend logically that 'death is a death that never dies'-and will you say by the same logic, that life is a life that never lives?

I will prove that the souls of the wicked will be annihilated, that is, they will cease to existbe exterminated in being, and not have eternal life in conscious misery. To say the wicked will have an immortal conscious being in hell, is contradicting the Scriptures, for thus saith the Lord, 'The soul that sinneth it shall DIE.'-Ezekiel.

'He which converteth a sinner from error, shall save a soul from death,' &c. Jas. v. 20.

But the wicked shall perish, and the enemies of the Lord shall be as the fat of lambs, they shall consume: into smoke shall they consume away.' Psa. xxxvii. 20.

Again: All the proud, and all they that do wickedly, shall be burned up as stubble in the coming day, and shall not be left, neither root nor branch, saith the Lord of hosts.

Again: John the Baptist says, 'He (Christ) will burn up the chaff with unquenchable fire. 'As therefore the tares are gathered and burned in the fire, so shall it be in the end of this world.' 'And fire shall come down from God

Level to the test war and

out of heaven and DEVOUR them.' . The wicked shall have their part in the lake which burneth with fire and brimstone, which is the second death. The wages of sin, then, is death .-Thus the Scriptures teach the annihilation of the wicked by fire.

You refer to Matt. xxv. 46: 'These shall go away into everlasting punishment,' &c. I believe it is an everlasting punishment-here I agree with you. But we differ on the nature of the punishment. You assume the position that this punishment consists in endless conscious being in misery. But I am willing to let Paul define the nature of the reward for sin. He tells us 'they shall be punished with everlasting destruction from the presence of the Lord and from the glory of his power.' Does this destruction mean preservation? No, never! One is in direct opposition to the other. The penalty of the law is death, and death is not life in misery. The penalty of the law is the sinner's punishment, which is the second death. This punishment will be everlasting in its results, and not in its infliction.

We read of an 'eternal judgment.' Does this prove that the judgment is eternally going on, and never completed? If so, the righteous will never receive their reward. Again, we read of 'eternal redemption,' and I think that you can not believe that the righteous are always being, but are never fully redeemed.

Again: We read of 'eternal salvation.' Surely the saints are not eternally undergoing the process of being saved, but never fully saved .-Hence we are inconsistent to say that 'eternal punishment' means that the wicked are always being punished, but never punished enough! that they never fully receive their wages (which is death), but are always dying, but never dead!

You lay great stress upon the expressions 'for ever and ever,' 'fire is not quenched,' &c. Now I have examined these phrases in the scriptures, and find they have a limited signification when applied to things temporal or corruptible: therefore this fact will militate with force against the idea of a perpetual existence of the wicked in liquid fire. I will refer to instances which show clearly that such terms have a limited mean-

'The fire shall ever be burning upon the altar; it shall never go out.' Is that fire now burning? Certainly nor; yet this language would as forcibly prove that this fire was to be perpetual as in the case of the wicked.

Once more: The prophet Isaiah in describing the great conflagration, says, The pitch and brimstone shall not be quenched night nor day, the smoke thereof shall go up for ever, from generation to generation it shall waste; none shall pass through it for ever and ever.' Isa. xxxiv. 10. And in the next chapter is recorded a promised restitution of the same land; instead of desolation, 'it shall blossom as the rose,' &c. Now if you admit the phrase 'for ever' in this instance to be unlimited, then you must necessarily adopt the conclusion that God's promise will never be verified, for he has promised the same land for an eternal home for his saints, the meek. Is that land now burning? Assuredly nay. Why then contend so tenaciously that the doctrine of perpetual burning is taught in the Scriptures, while similar expressions to those have referred to constitute your only proof?

I ask pardon for making this letter so long. but permit me to add, that I respect you as a man, but I confess that I can not think it is the Gospel you are preaching, although you think

The cause and the honor of Christ will not suffer me to remain silent. I seek for the whole truth, a truth which makes me free. Praise the Lord.

Yours in the Lord, W. B. HEATH. Niles, Mich., March 21, 1852.

UNEASY and ambitious gentility is always spurious. The garment which one has long worn never sits uncomfortably.

HE that giveth to the poor shall not lack.

#### An Extract.

[From a work entitled-'A Letter of the celebrated John Foster to a young minister, on the Duration of Future Punishment.' In speaking of the 'American Tract Society, the author re-

III. Do not the publications of the Society, notwithstanding all the pains already bestowed upon them, require a new and more thorough re-

By this question is not meant, 'Do they not require revision, in order to conform to the standard set up by the individual who addresses you?' but, "Do they not require revision, in order to conform to the general views and feelings of that great body of pious and intelligent clergymen and laymen who are either officers or members of the Society, -of those 'most intelligent and discriminating communities' their 'wide circulation' in which is regarded as 'an evidence of their inestimable value,'-and to take still bolder ground, even of that 'judicious Committee' by whose guaranty they are commended to universal circulation as 'worthy of all confidence'?" But to proceed to particulars, if these views and feelings are to be regarded:-

IV. Do not the publications of the Society abound too much in such expressions as the fol-

A-C. 'The abyss,' 'that abyss of agony,' 'inconceivable agony, 'burnings,' 'everlasting burnings,' 'devouring burnings,' 'that burning of the Almighty's fury,' 'you must turn or burn,' 'cup of misery.'

D, E. 'The damned,' 'damned souls,' 'the spirits of the damned,' 'the cry of the damned,' 'damnation,' the damnation of hell,' 'hell and damnation,' 'eternal damnation,' 'the miseries of damnation,' 'the terrors of damnation, 'damnation with all its horrors,' 'the insufferable pangs of death and damnation,' 'the darkness of hell,' 'the land of darkness,' 'chains of darkness,' 'the darkness visible,' 'the utter darkness which shall never be cheered by one gleam of light,' 'a horrible night of eternal darkness,' 'utter darkness and despair,' 'infinite despair,' 'the tortures of despair,' 'horror and despair inexpressible and eternal,' 'the desperation of the damned,' 'death everlasting,' 'death eternal,' 'the awful deep,' 'the dreadful deep of hell,' 'the depths of hell,' 'everlasting destruction,' 'hell and destruction,' the perfect and eternal destruction of the wick ed,' 'eternal doom,' 'dreadful doom,' direful doom,' 'infernal dungeon,' 'demons,' 'the devil,' 'all the devils in hell,' 'tormenting devils,' 'the victim of devils,' 'prey of devils,' 'the horrible society of the devil, 'dreadful eternity.'

F, G. 'The fire of hell,' 'hell fire,' 'fire and brimstone,' 'flaming fire,' 'consuming fire,' 'devouring fire,' 'quenchless fire,' 'fire unquenchable, 'everlasting fire,' 'eternal fire,' 'billows of fire,' 'tempests of angry fire,' 'the horrid glare of hellish fire,' 'the flames of hell,' 'infernal flames,' 'everlasting flame,' 'undying flames,' 'the livid flame,' 'the burning flame,' 'scorching flames,' the devouring flames of hell,' the everlasting flames of hell,' 'the furnace of hell,' 'the furnace of fire,' 'the furnace of eternal vengeance,' 'great furnace,' 'furnace of the most fierce and raging heat,' 'the gates of the infernal furnace, 'fiends of hell,' 'ever-tormenting fiends,' 'infernal foe,' 'the gulf of sorrow,' 'gulf of perdition.'

H-M. 'Hell,' 'the door of hell,' 'the mouth of hell,' 'the lowest hell,' 'the deepest and most wretched hell,' 'the horrors of hell,' 'the horrors of an eternity in hell,' 'seat of horrors,' 'inconceivable horrors,' 'the punishments of hell,' 'the eternal misery of hell,' 'the terrors of sinners in hell,' 'the heirs of hell,' 'the members of the corporation of hell' (!!!), 'the burning lake,' 'that lake of fire, 'weltering in the lake of fire,' the myriads of the lost,' 'the miseries of the lost,' 'the sufferings of the lost,' 'the millions of the lost wailing in utter despair, 'gloomy mansions,' 'the misery of the damned,' 'the sinner's misery,' 'place of misery,' 'eternal misery,' 'everlasting. remediless misery,' 'endless misery in fire,' 'the

N-R. 'Eternal night,' 'endless pain,' 'the pains of hell,' 'the plagues of hell,' 'the sorrows of perdition,' 'endless perdition,' 'perdition and damnation,' 'dread waves of perditions,' 'the pit,' 'the bottomless pit,' 'the pit of perdition,' 'that pit of despair,' 'the pit of fire and darkness,' 'the prison of the lost,' 'dismal prison,' 'this flaming prison,' 'the horrors of the hellish prison,' 'the prisoner of hell,' 'endless punishment,' 'future ruin,' 'horrid ruin.'

S, T. 'Spirits in hell,' 'infernal spirits,' 'the infernal spirits that toss and howl in agony,' 'the pile of Tophet,' 'the deep and devouring gulf of Tophet,' 'torment,' 'place of torment,' 'state of torment,' 'the tormented captives,' 'tormented with devils for ever,' 'tormented with the devils in eternal fire,' 'the dreadful forms of hellish tortormentors,' 'eternal torment,' 'full and everlasting torment,' 'endless torments,' 'the damned's torment,' 'everlasting torments of the damned,' bed of torments,' 'torments in hell,' 'hell-torments,' 'fruitless cries in torment and desperation,' 'burning torments of hell for ages and ages.'

But, methinks, I hear you cry, 'Hold! enough!' although several letters of the alphabet still remain, and the quotations on the previous letters might be greatly multiplied. Enough, however, has been quoted, I think, to show how rich the literature which you publish in a particular class of expressions. It is true that the elements of these expressions are found in the Scriptures;although, why they are found there, and what they mean there, it would be out of place here to discuss. But I think that you can not yourselves but be struck with the patience, firmness of nerve, and ingenuity, with which, in some of your books, these elements have been multiplied and combined, as it were in an infernal Kaleidoscope, so as to present images of variegated, picturesque, and transcendent horror. Some of these combinations are quite master-pieces in

To obtain a just impression of the frequency with which some of these expressions are repeated in works which you publish, you must read for yourselves; unless, perchance, as some have counted how often the words 'and' and 'the' occur in the Bible, so others would count how often less harmless words occur in your publications. But even then, the impression from the mere numbers would be faint in comparison with that which you would gain from actual

WAR .- Voltaire thus expresses himself on the subject of war: 'A hundred thousand mad animals, whose heads are covered with hats, advance to kill or be killed by the like number of their fellow-mortals, covered with turbans. By this strange procedure they want, at best, to decide whether a tract of land, to which none of them lays any claim, shall belong to a certain man whom they call Sultan, or to another whom they call Czar, neither of whom ever saw, or will see, the spot so furiously contested for; and very few of those creatures, who thus murually butcher each other, ever beheld the animal for whom they cut each other's throats! From time immemorial this has been the way of mankind almost over all the earth. What an excess of madness is this! And how deservedly might a Superior Being crush to atoms this earthly ball, the bloody nest of such ridiculous murderers.'

THE ARMIES OF EUROPE. - A late London letter says: 'We have very good authority for stating that in 1851 there were no fewer than 2,773.833 men under arms in Europe as regular soldiers, and if to this number be added the various corps of volunteers, national guards, &c., the aggregate would swell up to 3,000,000—the population of Europe was then estimated at 227,403,000. According to the usual ratio of calculation, one person out of every twenty of the adult and able male population of Europe was at that time a soldier. Besides this immense army, there was an aggregate fleet of 2,763 vessels. carrying 44,105 guns, and manned by at least 150,000 seamen. We can not compare these figures with any previous statements, but we feel warranted in asserting that never, since the commencement of the peace movement, did the misery that shall never know one moment's face of Europe present so belligerent an appearance.

ADVOCATE.

"BEHOLD, I COME QUICKLY: AND MY REWARD IS WITH ME, TO GIVE EVERY MAN ACCORDING AS HIS WORK SHALL BE."

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## Doetru.

Original. Hope. BY S. BATCHELOR.

Hope, when the morning breaketh, When beam the heavens with light; Yea, trust no mean foundation; The vanity of sight. Hope, through the day defending, Yea, trusting in the right,

For oh! an earthly morning,

At last must see a night!

Hope, when in health rejoicing, Then make thine anchor fast; The calm is no assurance. The gale comes flying past. Should thou then, in affliction, He never will permit thee, To fall beneath the rod.

Hope, when friends do cluster round thee, When prosperous is thy way, And all things falsely promise No change, but better day! Then trust the God of Jazob, A shelter from the storm, A hope when refuge faileth, An everlasting morn.

Hope, when hope is shining brightly. When signs help on thy way; And falter not when perils Bespeak a better day:-When loud the cry is raised, That every vision fails, When taunts, and loud revilings, The pilgrims way assail.

Hope now, when God is moving, And kings fu fil the word, In these their last endeavors, To draw and bathe the sword Oh! blessed hope before us, The host have Jordan crossed, Their Savior King among them Hopein fruition lost.

Pownal, Vt

(From the English Literalist.)

HOPE THAT IS IN HIM.

# A Millenarian's Answer

And it shall come to pass in that day, that the Lord shall punish the host of the high ones that are on high, and the kings of the earth upon the earth. Then the moon shall be confounded, and the sun ashamed, when the Lord of Hosts shall reign in Mount Zion, and in Jerusalem, and before his ancients gloriously.—Isaiah

EVERY one at all conversant with this subject knows that there are two other and different views of it taken by great and good men. The most modern, and at present the most general opinion is, that the gospel now preached, will under the divine blessing continue to spread throughout the world until all nations are brought to believe and obey it. This happy state they believe will last a thousand years, after which there will be a falling off, and Christ will come the foundation of all t a second time, raise all the dead, both righteous and wicked at once: the general judgment will then take place and the world be burned up and dissolved. Many who maintain this scheme contend that the Jews will never be restored to Palestine, but will be incorporated with the Christian church. They likewise in general

that in this professing church there will be some false and some true professors. The parables of more or less erroneous.

cast into the sea,' 'the wise and foolish virgins,' are all full to the point.

The question is this: Is the parable of the sower intended to be applicable to the church in all ages? If so, what sort of a Millenium or spiritual reign would this be? How could the 'earth be filled with the knowledge of the Lord,' if three out of four who heard the word heard it to no profit? Concerning the other parables mentioned, I need not ask the question; for the great Teacher has set this point at rest in his interpretations, by bringing down these parables to the end of the world, viz., age or dispensation. The same divine Preacher tells us that few are the travelers in the narrow way, that his flock is 'a little flock,' that 'many are called his servants;' 'he will whet his glittering sword;' and few are chosen.' Matt. xxii. 14. The promises, the precepts, the warnings, and encouragements, all turn upon this hinge; that those to whom they are directed are few and afflicted; and I hesitate not to say that a great for under the Gospel dispensation. But the word of God intimates that when the earth shall be filled with the Redeemer's glory, and Satan will be another dispensation, in which the perof Christ, and of his saints under him, shall render a written revelation less necessary. Rev. xx. 4-6; xxi. 24; Psa. lxxii. 4-7; Isa xi. 1-9: xxxii. 1; xxxiii. 6, 17, 22; Jer. xxxi. 31-34.-No; in that sacred light all its glories will be ship!" unfolded, and its mysteries unravelled. 1 Cor. xiii. 9-12.

2. The liberties which are taken with the Scriptures, in order to make them agree with this scheme, is a very strong objection against it. Many parts of God's word are overlooked are evidently literal.

3. This scheme generally leaves out or else elation; a right understanding of which has been called 'the master-key of the prophecies.' I mean God's designs respecting, and his promises to, the Jewish nation.\* The scepticism of the church concerning these purposes and prom-

Mr. Thorp lays it down as 'one of the grand principles of scriptural exposition, that the Abraha Jews and Gentiles.' Before this sentiment is rejected, let the scriptures quoted below be carefully studied.

The three grand dispensations which God proposed to introduce into the world after the patriarchal were, the Ceremonial, the Gospel, and the Millenial dispensations. That the first was an effect of God's covenant with Abraham, I need not stay to prove. That the second is, I inferfrom Luke i. 72; Acts iii. 25; Rom. iv. 16-18; Gal. iii. 6-18; Heb. vi. 13-13. That the third will be, appears plain from Isa. li. 1-3, and Micah vii. 16-20; both these scriptures evidently refer to Israel's glory in the latdeny the first resurrection of the saints, and the personal presence of Christ upon earth.

Many objections might be raised against this scheme. I will name a few. 1. The language of the New Testament leads to a conclusion that universality is not a characteristic of the Gospel dispensation. The parables of our the Gospel dispensation. The parables of our setting down with Abraham, I saac and Jacob, &c. Lord generally teach two things: that there will adways be a world and a professing church, and that in this professing church there will be some our views concerning the dispensations of God must be

the sower,' the tares and the wheat,' the net ises of God is truly wonderful—it quite equals reign. Look to Ps. lxxi. 17, 19. (This psalm can that of the Jews towards the Gentiles when the not be applied to a personal reign, separate from gospel was first preached among the latter .-Truly the apostle's warning word has been dure for ever; his name shall be continued as mostly disregarded, (Rom. xi. 20,) and the Gentiles have become 'high-minded,' and have 'boasted themselves against the natural branches,' but 'God is able to graft them into their own olive tree.' 'The foolish nation' (which is the name Moses gives the Gentiles) by which 'God ing this is for ever? and how could David say angered his people' (Rom x. 19,) 'have behaved his prayers were ended, that this was all he dethemselves strangly,' have proved themselves to be 'a nation void of counsel;' and have not been low? But David was better taught, as his last wise 'to consider their latter end;' or the close of their dispensation. Deut. xxxii. 27-29. What then? Why, the Lord will repent himself for 'and make his arrows drunk with blood;' 'he will render vengeance to his adversaries,' and will be merciful (mark this) to his land and to his people. This is the song of Moses, (Rev. xv. 3,) in which is wrapped up the destinies of Israei, part of the New Testament would be inapplicable and the doom of their oppressors. This is 'the to such a state of things as many look forward day of vengeance' which is to follow upon 'the acceptable year of the Lord,' (see Isaiah lxi. 1-3,) and then the rest of the verses in this chap- throne to set up another. In Psa. cxlv. 11-13, ter and Deut. xxxiii. 26-29 compared together. shall be hindered from deceiving the nations, it show the dignity and blessedness of Israel's re- kingdom,' Thy kingdom is an everlasting kingstored tribes. O that we did but consider that 'an dom.' Now if this sets forth only Christ's spiritsonal presence and the righteous administration acceptable year' must have an end! Who knows but the last ands are now dropping! and then the door will be shut. The angel of mercy has wisdom which we now possess shall be neglected. a state are we to 'give an account of our steward-

4. This scheme takes away the holiness-producing doctrine of 'a first,' 'a better,' resurrection from the dead. It leaves the saints' bodies to remain with those of the wicked; and gives the ground to exhort, 'to watch and pray always, that we may stand before the Son of man.'opposes one of the great subjects of divine rev- Thus dropping Paul's stimulating principle,

> The second view taken of this subject is, that there will be both a spiritual and personal reign. a considerable time, during which truth will conflagration, and the rest before. prevail among Jews and Gentiles; and the second will last a thousand years.

Against this view of the subject I object-

1. That the Scripture will not bear out such a distinction; and those who attempt on such compass the saints' camp around. It is surely principles to explain the prophecies, speak in a incongruous to apply this to the risen wicked, very uncertain manner, as to what the word of when we have no account of their resurrection God means. The same promise or prophecy is until ver. 12, after this army is destroyed. The the personal reign; and not unfrequently part of nations before Satan was loosed. They are in time. I will mention a few passages of Scripture which those who hold this sentiment I know these scriptures have been fulfilled in the spiritual Again, why must Satan be let loose to deceive

a spiritual: see vers. 8-10.) 'His name shall enlong as the sun; and men shall be blessed in him, all nations shall call him blessed; and blessed be his glorious name for ever, and let the whole earth be filled with his glory.' What room is there for a personal reign to succeed this; seesired, if there was a more glorious state to folwords [2 Sam. xxiii. 1-7] testify. These 'last words' contain a similar strain of prophecy to this psalm, and both show that the Redeemer's reign on earth, and the nation's blessedness, are synchronical. Look at Psa. lxv. 6: 'Thy throne, O God, is for ever and ever; the scepter of thy kingdom is a right scepter.' The Millenarian opposers of Christ's pre-millenial advent would say, This kingdom is the Redeemer's spiritual kingdom, and would quote vers. 3, 4, 9, 12, 16, to prove it. Well, but this throne is to be for ever and ever,' whereas you take down this we read, 'They shall speak of the glory of thy ual reign, what room is there for a personal one after it? The 1xth of saiah can not refer to an abstract personal reign. See vers. 3, 9, 12,paid the Gentile nations a long visit; (Acts xv. It must not be divided, for it evidently refers to 14;) who knows but that even now his wings one time, and yet we read, 'The sun shall be no Not that the revelation of unspeakable love and are spread for flight? Alas, for us; for in what more thy light by day, neither for brightness shall the moon give light unto thee; but the Lord shall be unto thee an everlasting light, and thy God thy glory.' Ver. 19. The same things are spoken of the New Jerusalem, [Rev. xxi. 23,] which are applied to the personal reign. What room then, I ask again, does Isaiah lx. leave for them no pre-eminence in the morning as the a personal reign? and yet it can not be inter-Scripture doth. Psa. xlix. 14. It accounts not preted to mean a personal reign, unless that we and left out; other parts are wrested (not to say the saints 'worthy to obtain the resurrection allow that the personal and spiritual are syncontradicted) by being spiritualized, when they from the dead,' (Luke xxi. 36,) and ceases on chronical; and indeed this is the only way to get over this and hundreds of similar difficulties .-For I might ask the same 'hard questions' concerning Isaiah xxiv. 23; xxv.; xxxv.; liv.; lxii.; (Phil. iii. 11,) no marvel we lack his devoted Jer. xxxi.; and Ezek. xxxiv.; xxxvii., and

2. I object, because this scheme separates what God hath joined together; God joins to-That the first will be on the earth in its present gether the saints' reign on earth, the nation's state, and the second after the conflagration, and happiness, creation's blessedness, and Israel's be restricted to the risen saints. The first will glory; but this scheme puts the first after the

3. Because on this principle no consistent interpretation can be given of Rev. xx. 7-10.-The nations [ver. 8] are made out to be the wicked dead; who being raised from their graves, often applied, first to the spiritual and then to phraseology of ver. 8, infers the existence of the a paragraph is applied to the first, and part to the four quarters of the earth, he goes forth to second, when the whole evidently refers to one deceive them, and they are not deceived until then. It is equally beside the mark to talk of his deceiving those who were already lost; we will acknowledge refer to the spiritual reign; - read indeed of some 'believing a lie that they and I just ask them whether they can with any might be damned,' but not of any being deceived consistency contend for a personal reign after afterward [alas! they are undeceived then.]-

those whose spirits were kept in prison until the power is fast drying up; the three forms of evil -and that heart which believes, the things con- you really desire to say, with Paul, 'My con' judgment of the great day? Our Lord says, that are busily employed; and the nations are pre- tained in the page of prophetic promise. Look versation is in heaven, from whence also I look they that have done evil shall come forth [not | paring for and expecting some great conflict. | for instance at those seven promises made to the for the Savior.' If not, if the subject be an unto fight or be deceived, but to be fought against While these signs are before us, blessed is he overcomer. Rev. ii. and iii. The conflicting welcome theme, if it be not hoped for, prayed

use to deny this charge, or to equivocate; this is lenium. the language of both these schemes, and it is this Now then, behold the consequences of separat- God hath revealed? Is it not desirable to know up treasures of wrath for the last days!' Then that has constrained me to abandon them as quite ing what God hath joined together. Man will 'the signs of the times,' that 'you may be hid in shall the rust of those riches which ought to have untenable. The great point I contend for is that not allow Scripture to be its own interpreter; the day of the Lord's fierce anger,' 'escape the been lain out for God and his poor saints, 'eat the coming of Christ is before the Millenium; the figures God hath used are not to be our things that shall come to pass, and stand before their flesh as it were fire, nor shall all their past as this is a matter of much importance, I will a guides; and it comes to pass that the very same the Son of Man? Yes, it is of great importance; professions nor many prayers deliver them. O little further enter into it; still having recourse word, spoken with relation to the same person, and one reason why the church of Christ is fall- my fellow-professors, let us pray that we may to the method of parallels, comparing those pas- by the same writer, and in the same book, is en into such a deep slumber, is because she has be believers in the words of Jesus, 'Not every sages one with another which speak of the advent made to signify two different events, separated in a great measure ceased to meditate upon, and one that saith unto me Lord, Lord, shall enter of Christ: by this method, and a careful examin- from each other by the long period of a thousand her ministers have ceased to proclaim, the into the kingdom of heaven, but he that doeth ation of the figures used, we shall best ascertain the station which that important event occupies. There are three expressions used which shall be our guides: Christ is said 'to come with the clouds of heaven,' 'like a thief,' and 'in flaming fire.' Now the argument is simply this: If we find the sacred Scriptures using these figures in some sassages which all acknowledge refer to a personal coming, is it not reasonable to conclude that in other passages where the same figures are used with reference to an advent before the Millenium, that it is the same avent noticed with in the station which that important event occupies.

Not to swell these remarks further, I think it is evident that the Scripture speaks of a personal coming before the Millenium, and if it does, those two schemes I have been opposing fall to swallow up in victory, even death.

Oh! if we did but really believe his declaration, the prosperity of the Jews, and the conversion of the nations, are synchronical, and are all connected with the Lord's coming. We need only 'consider the light in which these are used with reference to an advent before the Millenium, and if it does, those two schemes I have been opposing fall to the ground; and it is proved that the first resurrection, the prosperity of the Jews, and the conversion of the nations, are synchronical, and are all connected with the Lord's coming. We need only 'consider the light in which these are used with reference to an advent before the Millenium, that it is the same avent pointed out. ation of the figures used, we shall best ascertain years. Compare Rev. i. 7, and Rev. xiv. 14. awakening words of Jesus, 'Behold! I come!'— the will of my Father that is in heaven.'

This figure is used to set forth our Lord's on the same principle as God's word, and which, thou expect to stand before the Son of man in to view in this prophecy. second coming. 2 Pet. iii. 10; 1 Thess. v. 2.— without presuming to fix dates, rouses to action peace? And on rising in the morning, My

1. David states that there is a set time to fa-This is allowed, but Matt. xxiv. 42-44 and Rev. and to hope, from the very uncertainty of the Lord may come ere the evening shades are vor Zion, or for it to be built up. xvi. 15 must not thus be interpreted. I will awfully-important event it dwells upon? stretched out—O may I abide in him, that when we shall have reached this set this warning word. The Euphrates or Turkish themselves. Blessed is that eye which looks upon earthly feelings? In short—Can you say or do How is this work to be done?

d undeceived] to the resurrection of damna that heareth his Lord's kind warning word and soul who believes them may well with courage for-if buying and selling, building and plant-

Besides these objections, which are in a 3. The third figure used is that of flaming pense of reward. neasure peculiar to each of these hypotheses, fire; that Christ's second and personal coming is Let none say that this subject, which engrosses dence hast thou that thy end will not be destruchere is one still more conclusive, which may be thus spoken of, 2 Thess. i. 8, and 2 Pet. iii. 7 so large a portion of God's word, is of little im- tion, seeing the great bent of thy heart is to urged against them both, and that is, they both testify; and Isaiah lxvi. 15, 16; Joel iii. 30-32, portance. Let no one say it concerns not me; mind earthly things? No wonder that this agree in saying we are sure that Christ will not and Dan, vii. 9-14, speak of a similar terrible I trouble not my head about prophecy. Does theme is unwelcome to such characters. But come again for several hundred years. It is no manifestation, which will be followed by a Mil- not the glory of Christ concern you? Will you ah, how will they tremble when they believe and

need only consider the light in which these are used with reference to an advent before the Millenium, that it is the same event pointed out; even a personal coming, unless indeed some better reason can be shown why they must not be so applied, than their not corresponding [when thus interpreted] with any scheme or system of man's. Or in other words, is it right to apply to make them correspond with our method or principles of interpretation? A few quotations may perhaps better show the propriety and force of this method of arguing.

need only consider the light in which these Scriptures place the subject of the Lord's coming, Millenium, that it is the same event pointed out; to be convinced that other schemes differ greatly from the world of God. How continually did out Lord and his apselles dwell on Christ's advent, its suddenness and certainty, on judgment thus interpreted] with any scheme or system of man's. Or in other words, is it right to apply the same expressions sometimes to a figurative and sometimes to a personal coming; obviously to make them correspond with our method or principles of interpretation? A few quotations may perhaps better show the propriety and force of this method of arguing.

need only 'consider the light in which these Scriptures place the subject of the Lord's coming, to be convinced that other schemes differ greatly from the world would appear as nothing, and our souls would be swallowed up in eternal things. But alse! 'while the Bridegroom tarries, we slumber to come, and the resurrection of the saints! It is surprising how little use we make of that the world would appear as nothing, and our souls would be swallowed up in eternal things. But alse! 'while the Bridegroom tarries, we slumber and sleep;' and many say, 'Where is the promise of his coming?' He has given us signs the method of Jesus Christ.' Only this I would say, I gome the most, and the most part of the Christ in sonly a part of the Christ in sonly a part of the Christ on the world would appear as nothing, and our

to this one point. Consider a moment the use centive to watchfulness. Death is not God's or- around you, your heart's cry will be, 'Come, 1. Christ is said to come 'in the clouds of made of this subject by inspired writers. Are dinance for promoting watchfulness and afford- Lord Jesus.' heaven; so said the heavenly messenger [Acts we told to be watchful?—It is because we know ing consolation so much as Christ's coming.—
i. 11;] so said our Lord [Matt. xxvi. 64;] and not when the Master cometh. Are we told to Death is called 'an enemy,' 'the last enemy,' so said his servant. Rev. i. 7. These passages be patient?—The argument is, the coming of and he is to be destroyed; and though to die is evidently refer to Christ's second and personal the Lord draweth nigh.' Are we warned from gain' to God's people, yet no thanks to death for coming. Now look at Dan. vii. 13, 14: 'I saw grudging against one another?—Why! 'The that. The dead in the Lord are blessed, but in the night visions, and beheld one like unto Judge standeth before the door.' Is our mode-death is not blessed. O no, it is sin's deadly the Son of man came with the clouds of heaven,' ration to be known unto all men?—It is because blossom; but 'blessed and holy is he that hath and 'there was given unto him a kingdom.' This 'the Lord is at hand.' Are we commanded to part in the first resurrection.' The grave is a and 'there was given unto him a kingdom.' This kingdom is under the whole heaven. Ver. 23; abide in Christ?—It is 'that we may have confidence and not be ashamed before him at his see the Son of man coming in the clouds of heaven with power and glory.' Now would not any unprejudiced person consider that these thief.' Does the apostle desire to make the ment are always represented as looking forward that the Sanctuary spoken of in the text, is Palesscriptures refer to the same event? But if you saints stable in mind? he beseeches them 'by not so much to the day of death, as to the day that the Sanctuary spoken of in the text, is Palesadmit this, you must admit that Christ comes be- the coming of Christ and by our gathering unto of Christ's coming and the resurrection mornfore the Millenium; for Daniel speaks of his setting up a kingdom which shall include all nations ii. 11-13; 2 Tim. iv. 6-8; 1 Thess. i. 9, and soul fashioned like unto Christ's; and not like unto Christ's; and like unto Christ's tions, [ver. 14,] and Matthew plainly informs us, 10; Col. iii. 2-4; 2 Thess. i. 3-10; iii. 5; in merely the enjoyment of the separate state, while I Am, that it [Palestine] shall be cleansed, or reespecially when studied in connexion with Luke short, the best stimulus to duty, the most supthe body was mouldering in the grave. If we deemed. 'Zion shall be redeemed with judgment.' xxi, 24-27, that there is no Millenium, no time porting cordials in trouble, and the choicest food of peace and blessedness before his coming; but of peace and blessedness be wars and tribulations such as never were before, in his word from this subject. Persuade your about whatever other means we may substitute. Thou shalt arise and have mercy upon Zion: and then [not some hundred years after this trib- selves that most certainly Christ will not come in the room thereof; and it is obvious to every [Mount Zion] for the time to favor her, yea, ulation] 'shall they see the Son of man coming in a cloud with power and great glory.' Well then, Daniel is made to prophesy of a spiritual coming to set up a kingdom, and Christ must mean no more than a figurative coming to destroy Jerusalem. Is this consistent?

In the room thereof; and it is obvious to every one that the subject of death makes little good impression on any of us. It does very little towards weaning us from the world, or causing us to realize eternal things. O that we all thought when lying down on our beds, My Lord troy Jerusalem. Is this consistent?

In the room thereof; and it is obvious to every one that the subject of death makes little good impression on any of us. It does very little towards weaning us from the world, or causing us to realize eternal things. O that we all thought when lying down on our beds, My Lord troy Jerusalem. Is this consistent? hand? And does not that scheme at least de- may come ere the dawn of the morning; my Lord] shall appear in his glory Psa. cii. 13. 2. The next figure is that of a thief.— serve consideration, which professes to proceed soul, art thou prepared to welcome him; dost Reader! Two important truths, are brought

only touch upon Rev. xvi. 15: Behold I come Let no one say that the things we have been he shall appear I may have confidence, and not time; the Lord will appear in his glory, to do as a thief, blessed is he that watcheth,' &c. — discussing are vain and unprofitable speculations; be ashamed before him at his coming.' This connection evidently refers to the same for they are consolatory and practical truths, and I solemnly ask every soul who reads this is advertised for they are consolatory and practical truths, and I solemnly ask every soul who reads this is advertised for these numbers of Christian in this coming.

Where is this set time to be found?

Answer: Dan. viii. 14. And he said unto This connection evidently refers to the same for they are consolatory and practical rituins, and time and events as Rev. xix. 11-21 and Matt. their adaptation for these purposes lies in this, tract—Is the second coming of Christ an influential subject on your heart? Doth it give birth that a distinct, definite, and important object and ential subject on your heart? Doth it give birth then shall the sanctuary be cleansed. Consedestroy his enemies; and if our eyes were but event are placed before the eye of faith and hope, to holy fear and joyful hope? Doth it lift up quently when the 2300 days [years] end, we may rightly opened, we should see those very things instead of those vague and indefinite ideas about from self, spur on to obedience and diligence? expect the Lord will come to redeem his people, fulfilling which are found in connection with eternal things with which most persons content Doth it counteract your covetous, worldly, and build up Zion! Amen.

press on his way having respect to the recoming, working and hoarding, be the great con-

not trouble yourselves to seek to understand all feel that all their painstaking has been to 'heap

cerns of thy heart—then, professor, what evi-

(Concluded next week.)

#### Communications.

## The Sanctuary Cleansed.

HOW CLEANSED: THE STATE THAT IT SHALL BE IN,

the snare; for the windows from on high are But upon Mount Zion shall be deliverance, 20, 21. open, and the foundations of the earth do shake. and there shall be holiness; and the house of Ja- Again: Acts xv. 16, 17. After this [after How long are they to reign with him, pre-

pit, and shall be shut up in the prison, and after spoken it.

the valley of Hamon-Gog.

And seven months shall the house of Israel be ess the cities of the south. burying them, that they may cleanse the land. And saviors shall come up on Mount Zion defeated! Yea, all the people of the land shall bury them; to judge the Mount of Esau; and the kingdom The prophet tells us how this is to be done. Psa. lix. 13, 14.

a part is executing these awful judgments!—

Psa. cxlix. 6-9; Rev. ii. 26, 27; xix. 11-18.

Again: And in this mountain [Mount Zion]

Again: And in this mountain [Mount Zion]

Again, Rev. xx. 5. But the rest of the dead,

of the covering cast over all the people, and the and all the saints with thee.

rebuke of his people shall be taken away from off all the earth: for the Lord hath SPOKEN IT. And it shall be said in that day, Lo, this is our God; we have waited for him, and he will save us: this is the Lord; we have waited for him, we will be glad and rejoice in his salvation. And it shall come to pass in that day, him, we will be glad and rejoice in his salvation. The save us: the save u

voice from Jerusalem; and the heavens and the shall be one day unto the Lord, not day nor night: thousand years, in order to reign this period of gather them together to battle: the number of voice from Jerusalem; and the heavens and the earth shall be one day unto the Lord, not day nor night:

earth shall shake: but the Lord shall be the hope of his people, and the strength of the children shall be light. And it shall be in that day, that of ISRAEL. Joel iii. 16. When is this to living waters shall go out from Jerusalem; [See ture. For we all know, that dead men are to-final doom take place?

is just east of Jerusalem,] for there will I sit to But in the new creation there will be none]. - host in a lifeless state.

earth is ripe: come get you down; for the press many,] and his name one. great. So we know that I am the Lord your land. Reader, I pray thee to listen while he reign belongs to the Age to come.

up out of the midst of the pit shall be taken in the LORD dwelleth in Zion! Joel iii. 12-21. house of the Lord of hosts.' Zech. xiv. 1-11, thrones, shall judge [Rule] the twelve tribes of

\* And it shall come to pass cob shall possess their possessions, [Palestine] what?] Evidently after he [the Lord,] has taken vious to the wicked being raised, to meet their in that day, that the Lord shall punish [Heb. and the house of Jacob shall be a fire, and the out of the Gentiles, a people for his name; ac. final doom? visit upon the host of the high ones that are on house of Joseph a flame, and the house of Isaac cording to the 14th verse I [the Lord] will And they lived and reigned with Christ a high, and the kings of the earth upon the earth. for stubble, and they shall kindle in them, and return, [his return is his second coming,] and Where are the wicked during this period o. And they [Gog and his army] shall be gath- devour them; and there shall not be any remain- build the tabernacle of David, which is fallen time? That is, those who are dead when the ered together, as prisoners are gathered in the ing of the house of Esa u; for the Lord hath down; and I [Christ] will build again the ruins Lord comes, and all who are slain in the great

And it shall come to pass in that day, that I and they shall possess the fields of Ephraim; is called. [The left of the nations.] rael, the valley of the passengers on the east of possess Gilead. And the captivity of this host, the tabernacle of David, was a literal one: and may not be: and let them know that God rulet the sea. \* \* And there shall they bury of the children of Israel shall possess that of the that it is literally fallen down! And it must be in Jacob unto the ends of the earth. Gog and all his multitude: and they shall call it Cananites, even unto Zarephath; and the capthe valley of Hamon Gog tivity of Jerusalem, which is shall poss- and expected King, shall return to take the the morning of the thousand years, and let

employment, passing through the land to bury shall worship before thee. For the kingdom tions with sapphires. And I will make thy his army, described by Ezek. xxxviii. and xxxix. with the passengers those that remain upon the face of the earth, to cleanse it: After the end of nations. Psa. xxii. 27, 28. Behold the day and all thy borders of pleasant stones. And all seven months shall they search: and the passenof the Lord cometh, and thy spoil shall be dithy children shall be taught of the Lord; and
the pit, and shall be shut up in the prison, (grave)

by it, till the buriers buried it in the valley of lem to battle. . Then shall the Lord go shall be far from oppression; for thou shall not led. And also the name of the city shall be Hamo- Jerusalem] and fight against those nations. near thee. nah. Thus SHALL THEY CLEANSE \* \* See Rev. xix. 11-19; Isa. lxiii. 1-6. Again: Isa. xxxiii. 20-24. Look upon Zion, the earth. THE LAND! Ezek. xxxix. 11-16. Reader, And his feet [Christ's] shall stand in that day the city of our solemnities: thine eyes shall see And the slain of the Lord shall be in that day

is full, the fats overflow; for their wickedness is Now the prophet goes on and bounds out the appear with him in glory. Therefore this surrection!

have washed away the filth of the daughter of then [an adverb of time] shall Jerusalem be plain from Giba to Rimmon south of Jerusalem: Reader, listen to it: Blessed and holy is he that Zion, and shall have purged the blood of Jerusa- holy, and there shall no stranger pass through her and it shall be lifted up, and inhabited in her hath part in the first resurrection: on such the lem from the midst thereof of the spirit of burn- any more. And it shall come to pass in that day place, from Benjamin's gate unto the place of second death hath no power, but they shall be that the mountains shall drop down new wine, the first gate, unto the corner gate, and from the priests of God and of Christ, and shall reign And the Lord will create upon every dwelling and hills shall flow with milk, and all the rivers tower of Hananeel unto the kings wine press. Where are they to place of Mount Zion, and upon her assemblies, of Judah shall flow with waters, and a fountain And men shall dwell in it, and there shall be no reign? a cloud and smoke by day, and the shining of a shall come forth of the house of the Lord, more utter destruction; but Jerusalem shall be Then [please read Isa. xxiv. 21, 22,] the flaming fire by night: for upon all the glory and shall water the valley of Shittim. safely inhabited. \* \* In that day shall there moon shall be confounded, and the sun ashamed, shall be a defense. And there shall be a taber- Reader, Mark! Egypt at this time shall be a be upon the bells [bridles] of the horses, HOLI- when the Lord of hosts shall reign in Mount nacle for a shadow in the day time from the desolation, and Edom shall be a desolate wilder. NESS UNTO THE LORD; and the pots Zion, and in Jerusalem, and before his ancients heat, and for a place of refuge, and for a covert ness, for the violence against the children of Ju- in the Lord's house shall be like the bowls be- gloriously. dah, because they have shed innocent blood in fore the altar. Yea, every pot in Jerusalem and Who are they [the immortal saints] to reign Fear and the pit, and the snare, are upon thee, their land. But Judah [while Egypt and Edom in Judah snall be holiness unto the Lord of hosts; over? Jesus answered, Indeed, I say to you, O inhabitants of the earth! And it shall come lay desolate, ] shall dwell forever, and Jerusa- and all they that sacrifice shall come, and take that at the Renovation, when the Son of man to pass, that he who fleeth from the noise of the lem from generation to generation. For I will of them, and seethe therein: and in that day shall be seated on his glorious throne, [David's], fear shall fall into the pit; and he that cometh cleanse their blood that I have not cleansed; for there shall be no more the Canaanite in the you my followers, sitting also upon twelve

thereof, and I will set it up: that the residue of battle?

gers that pass through the land, when any seeth such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, then shall be set up a sign such a man's bones, the same such as th

please read the xxxviii. and xxxix. of Ezekiel, [when he gathers all nations against Jerusalem] Jerusalem a quiet habitation, a tabernacle that from one end of the earth even unto the oth also Rev. xix. 11-21; xiv. 19, 20; Joel iii. 13; upon the Mount of Olives which is before Jer-shall not be taken down, not one of the stakes neither gathered, nor buried; they shall be Isa. lxiii. 1-6, and you will have a description usalem on the east, and the Mount of Olives thereof shall ever be removed, neither shall any dung upon the ground. Jer. xxv. 25, 33. of the battle which is to be fought, after the Lord shall cleave in the midst thereof towards the of the cords thereof be broken. But there the The wicked spoken of in this text, are not comes and gathers his saints, before the land is east and towards the west, and there shall be a glorious Lord will be unto us a place of broad the same that Isaiah and Ezekiel bring to view. cleansed.

And it is quite clear, that the saints will take

And it is quite clear, that the saints will take

And it is quite clear, that the saints will take

with oars, neither shall gallant ship pass therewhen the great battle of Armageddon shall be

Ezek. xlvii.] half of them towards the hinder sea: tally disqualified to reign; from the fact, that Reader, listen to it! And they went up on

Answer: Isa. iv. 4-6. When the Lord shall God, dwelling in Zion, my holy mountain: shall shall be turned as a 3. He pronounces a blessing upon them.-

Israel. Matt. xix. 28; Campbell's Trans.

many days [1000 years Rev. xx. 5.] shall they be visited. Isa. xxiv. 17-22.

Like sheep they are laid in the grave; death shall feed on them; and the upright shall have dominion over them in the morning. Psa.

will give unto Gog a place there of graves in Is- and the fields of Samaria and Benjamin shall Now every intelligent reader, will admit that Consume in wrath, consume them, that they

throne of David! Or the purpose of God will be them make a noise like a dog, and go round about the city. Where the saints are dwelling.

and it shall be to them a renown the day that I shall be the Lords. Obd. 17-21. And all the Isa. lviii. 11-14. O thou afflicted, tossed with Lord shall punish the host of the high ones that ends of the world shall remember and turn unto tempest, and not comforted, behold, I will lay are on high, and the kings of the earth upon the And they shall sever out men of continual the Lord: and all the kindreds of the nations thy stones with fair colors, and lay thy founda- earth. Here the prophet brings to view Gog and

forth, [at the time he gathers all nations against fear: and from terror; for it shall not come shall go forth from nation to nation, and a great

shall the Lord of hosts make unto all people a unto Azal: yea, ye shall flee, like as ye fled from am sick: for the people that dwell therein shall lived as the witness testifies, and now they are feast of fat things, a feast of wines on the lees well refined.

And he will destroy in this mountain the feast of wines on the lees well king of Judah: [compare this with Rev. vi. 14-king of Judah: [compar And he will destroy in this mountain the face 17] and the Lord my God [Christ] shall come, And I saw thrones, and they sat upon them, Again, the testimony is immutable, that a portion of the covering cast over all the people, and the vail that is spread over all nations.

He will swallow up death in victory; and the rebuke of his people shall be taken away from place when he gathers all nations against Jeru.

It must be evident to every unbiassed mind, that this is Christ's second coming: and it takes place when he gathers all nations against Jeru.

And I saw the souls [persons] of them that were beheaded for the witness of Jesus, and for the word of God, and which had not worshiped the vord of God, and which had not worshiped the to Israel, and cleanses Palestine, and builds up

of Olives, and takes possession of Palestine,] spoken of in this text, is connected by a copulago out to deceive the nations which are in the The Lord shall roar out of Zion, and utter his that the light shall not be clear nor dark; but it tive conjunction—therefore, they must live a four quarters of the earth, Gog and Magog, to

Answer: Let the heathen be wakened, and in summer and in winter shall it be. [Here we they do not know any thing! Amen. the breadth of the earth, and compassed the come up to the valley of Jehosaphat; [this place have summer and winter after the Lord comes. Mark! John in the first place, saw this mighty and fire came down from God out of heaven and devoured them. Awful to reflect upon!judge all the heathen round about. And the Lord shall be king over all the earth: in 2. He saw them in a resurrected state, living O my Father! grant for the sake of Jesus, that Put ye in the sickle, for the harvest of the that day shall there be one Lord, [we have now living and reigning with Christ. When Christ both writer and reader might feel the importance of living and reigning with Christ. who is our life shall appear, then, shall ye also the Word, that we may have part in the first re-

Woodstock, Ct. July, 1852.

SPEAK THE TRUTH IN LOVE.'-PAUL.

ROCHESTER, SATURDAY, JULY 31, 1852.

#### THE HARBINGER.

tion, and without preliminaries we will say, that in furnished. Will they do this? We kindly request the Harbinger, or by private letter, as you see fit. Step, by the promptings of a spirit which is hostile to the spirit of Christ. Love is a prominent fruit conducting the business of our office we have ne it of them. cessarily fallen in debt, in round numbers, thirteen hundred dollars, more than half of which is for paper on which the Harbinger is printed. This debt has been contracted-

come involved in debt on their account.

took all the books then on hand, the amount of stead of living a hundred years even. which was large, counting them all as cash in Again: the Word says—'they lived and reigned.' gement to the pernicious doctrines he has embraced, of their condemnatory spirit, for their practice is, to carry on our regular business.

3. By referring to our free list, it will be seen that theory is incorrect.

to remove her maladies, but as yet, she is under the

the case beyond a cure? We think there is a period of a thousand years can be called a time of we ask why was this great change wrought in so about this matter, this glorying in their deceivings.

3. Embracing the past and present volumes of that it may make you pure, free and joyful.

would afford us material aid.

binger of two thousand two hundred and fifty-six.

Deducting the odd hundreds for free subscribers and exchanges, leaves two thousand, which at \$2,00 per volume, would be \$4000. We will suppose that \$500 have been paid on this sum, which would leave \$3,500, which according to our terms, should have been paid to this volume of the Advent Herald last week, that 'Weethee and it week, that 'Weethee are returned west some weeks since, where he was en gaged during its last season in the making of maple sugar volume, would be \$4000. We will suppose that \$500 have been paid on this sum, which would leave \$3,500, which according to our terms, should have been paid on this volume of the Advent Herald last week, that 'Weethee returned west some weeks since, where he was en gaged during its last season in the making of maple sugar'! Bro. Weethee did make maple sugar only one week. But supposing he did make maple sugar only one week. But supposing he did make maple sugar only one week. But supposing he did make maple sugar in Ohio, during 'its season'! What of that? So did Paul make tents! O tempora! O mores!

Menceforth teach it—but other circumstances, and opposing influences, it seems, soon caused him to decide differently, as his letter shows.

2. He could not have been guided by the truth of the Bible can be understood. The mystical principle deceived him, as it has thousands of other honest, but uninformed minds. This is evident from honest, but uninformed minds. Harbinger. If our patrons would each pay what

decide what they will do to change the nature of them? Do not begin to think what others probably may do, nor what you cannot, but what you ought and will try to do in the case. If you owe on past Harbinger accounts, try and pay—but if you cannot pay all, pay a part, and if you really can pay nothing, freely tell us so, and we will forgive the decide what they will do to change the nature of the start and concerned, that Bro. Cook will transact any business that they may be disposed to do with him on the Harbinger or Children's friend.

So do is not yea and nay, or does not yea and had he fully believed that God says what he means and means what he says, or that his plain the word of God is not yea and had he year. As is in Adam all die. As is

understanding concerning the same, when you obtained the books: this is all we ask in this case. Do you feel free in aiding in the benevolent work of sending the Harbinger to the worthy poor? discharge your duty in this respect according as God has prospered you. Have you not paid for the present volume of the paper, try to do so now. In a same, and shall not circulate any more hooks on the communication interences, the fearth perversions, the mystified expositions, wild, metaphysical and vain ramblings, foolish dreams, and mesmeric influences of those who practice such things. By these strange things, in these perilous times, they influence, but not of the truth, for he same, and shall not circulate any more hooks on was led to take his best rates without investigation. Since the publication of the last week's Harbinger, we have made an examination of the condition
of our financial matters, and deem it our duty to
report to our readers the result of our investigareport to our readers the result of our investiga
was an emphasize the importance of the 'Phird Angel's and shall not circulate any more books on the Life and Death question, or Age to come, &c.

What shall I do with the books? Shall I leave them with Eld. Seymour, or E. Hoyt, or L. H.
Chase? Please inform me immediately, through

#### REIGNING WITH CHRIST.

THE remarks of R. V. Lyon on the reign of the saints with Christ a thousand years, which may be 1. In consequence of certain subscribers not pay- found in his article on the sanctuary, which we pub- it is right that the brethren in Michigan, and other partaken more of the spirit of Christ, and instead ing for the Harbinger. We have reposed confi- lish this week, are worthy of the special considera- places, where our young and inexperienced and undence in their honesty and ability to pay; they tion of those who hold to the thousand years' reign guarded, yet honest brother, Cornell, is known, them more than he formerly did. But instead of have, however, disappointed us, until we have be of Christ in the past. The inspired word says should understand his position, and that they may this, he loses all his love for them, so that he can they 'lived'-how long?-a 'thousand years.' Then be put on their guard against the deceptive snares no longer call them brethren! Surely we have not 2. While Bro. E. R. Pinney was associated with they could not die during that time. But the theory in which, in an unguarded moment, he has been se learned Christ. us in the Book Department, we purchased and sold that places the thousand years in the past, makes taken. We wish the brother well, and would do Should Bro. Cornell say that he does still love on credit, books, tracts, &c. When we dissolved that period a time of great persecution and martyr nothing aside from truth and the spirit of christian and fellowship his former brethren, then we partnership, we assumed all these accounts, and dom of the saints, when they died by millions, in- kindness in reference to his case, and hope while would assure him that he is not yet in full sympathy

hand, at a discount on the books and accounts in How long were they to reign? A thousand years, they will treat him with kindness and forbearance, seal over to eternal damnation all who do not emour favor, of only five per cent. We depended on Has a single individual christian in any sense and spare no reasonable pains to save him from the brace their wild vagaries about the 'mark of the these outstanding accounts, to aid us in paying our reigned this length of time? No. Neither have company debts, and what we were to pay Bro.

Has a single individual christian in any sense reigned this length of time? No. Neither have they suffered as long, for no one has lived a thought of the power they suffered as long, for no one has lived a thought of the power they suffered as long, for no one has lived a thought of the power they suffered as long, for no one has lived a thought of the power they will be a suffered as long, for no one has lived a thought of the power they be considered as long, for no one has lived a thought of the power they be considered as long, for no one has lived a thought of the power they be considered as long, for no one has lived a thought of the power they be considered as long, for no one has lived a thought of the power they are the power they are the power they are the power they are the power than the power they are the power they are the power than the power they are the power they are the power they are the power than the power than the power they are the power they are the power than the Pinney, all of which amounted to about five hundred sand years. To say they reign in death, when the excited mind of our hasty brother, by the power In conclusion, we cannot refrain from showing dollars. A large quantity of the books are yet on death reigns over them, is putting darkness for of truth and sound reason, because he is not in a the striking contrast between the case of Bro. Corhand, and but little has been collected on these ac light. To say they reigned in the aggregate, is condition to listen to either: he has not been rea-nell and Bro. R. V. Lyon, Bro. W. Sheldon, and counts. Still we have had these company debts, not true, for in this sense they were trodden down soned into the belief of his present error, hence he others we might name. The one rejects very and Bro. Pinney to pay, which has taken several to death by the terrible beast into whose hands they cannot be reasoned out of it, until he can be induced many of the most glorious and fundamental dochundred dollars out of the money we needed to were given, not for a thousand, but twelve hundred to calmly pause in his fearful course, and shall trines and precious promises of the Bible, under the

eral hundred dollars, in furnishing the Harbinger
Who? Those who 'lived'—the 'blessed and holy'—by the spirit of error, is evident from the fact that tion, embrace those very doctrines and precious by the spirit of error, is evident from the fact that tion, embrace those very doctrines and precious the endearing appellation of brother, he cannot now the endearing appellation of brother, he cannot now the endearing appellation of brother, he cannot now the endearing appellation of brother. come kings and priests.' Then it could not be the apply to his old and tried brethren, as will be seen justify the step they have taken. See Bro. R. V. 4. The long illness of my greatly afflicted wife, has dead—and besides, the dead could not reign, from by looking at his renunciation! Whereas in a Lyon's article in this week's Harbinger, on the necessarily been attended with considerable ex- the fact that they know not anything. Who were letter from him received June 28th, only eleven days sanctuary, as evidence of the correctness of this pense, as we have spared no pains in endeavoring these resurrected, living kings and priests to reign previous to the date of his renunciation, he addresswith? Christ, their Melchisedec King and Priest. es us and Bro. Crozier in his usual friendly man profit by it, and mony others.

All these things have combined to produce our Have they thus reigned for a thousand years? If ner, 'Bro. Marsh' and 'Bro. Crozier,' sent a re-All these things have combined to produce our present embarrassments; and the next inquiry befor us is, Is there a remedy for these evils? or is the case beyond a cure? We think there is a remedy. And—

1. We have recently sent bills of account of the Harbinger, to the amount of about fifteen hundred dollars: this is what is due on past volumes. We have collected not over two hundred dollars of this sum, leaving now our due thirteen hundred dollars.

Let each as may what he over he was a thousand years can be called a time of 'reigning with Christ,' the whole time of six thousand years of suffering and death can. But they have not yet 'reigned with Christ,' in any sense, for they are not yet 'with' him, but are in their graves, under the reign of death, and scattered over this vent of Christ, the Kingdom, the Age to come, the corrunt world, under the reign of the received. Let each one pay what he or she owes of this sum, corrupt world, under the reign of the powers of Mystery Solved, &c. &c., and find them all so er-Let each one pay what he or she owes of this sum, and the evil is at once removed, our debts will be paid, and we shall be free and happy to continue to publish the glad tidings of the kingdom at hand.

2. Not having looked over our book accounts sufficiently definite, to determine precisely how they stand, we cannot tell how much is our due on them but we feel safe in saving that it is it is to the same brief excited moments, did he find during the same brief excited moments, did he find during the same brief excited moments, did he find during the same brief excited moments, did he find during the same brief excited moments, did he find during the same brief excited moments, did he find sufficient cause for withdrawing his christian fellowship from his former brethren? Every understanding person will unhesitatingly answer, he made no such examination, and had no new cause for the wicked have a resurrection?

3. Will that be to life?

4. Will that be to life?

5. If so, is there any necessity of their having another punishment?

6. Is there any scripture to prove the wicked will have life by a resurrection?

7. Does not the Bible plainly teach two resurrences. they stand, we cannot tell how much is our due on them, but we feel safe in saying, that it is two hourself will continue at thousand years, and then run on from them, but we feel safe in saying, that it is two hourself will continue at thousand years, and then run on from them, but we feel safe in saying, that it is two hourself will continue at thousand years, and then run on from them, but we feel safe in saying, that it is two hourself will continue at thousand years, and then run on from them, but we feel safe in saying, that it is two hourself will continue at thousand years, and then run on from them, but we feel safe in saying, that it is two hourself will continue at thousand years, and then run on from them, but we feel safe in saying, that it is two hourself will be at thousand years, and then run on from them, but we feel safe in saying, that it is two hourself will be at thousand years, and then run on from them, but we feel safe in saying, that it is two hourself will be at thousand years, and then run on from them, but we feel safe in saying, that it is two hourself will be at thousand years, and then run on from them, but we feel safe in saying, that it is two hourself will be at thousand years, and then run on from them, but we feel safe in saying, that it is two hourself will be at thousand years, and then run on from them, but we feel safe in saying, that it is two hourself will be at thousand years, and then run on from them, but we feel safe in saying the safe in sayin owes of this sum, it would do much toward meeting our present wants.

Of ages to come. O how much more glorious and harmonious is truth than error! Receive the truth,

4. We have books of various kinds, now on hand, listened with much attention to the deeply interest.

May last, that Bro. Cornell was opposed to the docworth, on a rough estimate, two hundred dollars. ing discourses delivered. He has been spending trine of the Age to come, but on hearing Bro. Storrs' Christ, for it embraces his millenial reign: he is to Would the friends of the cause purchase these, it several weeks past among the churches east of this, last discourse and expects to visit a number more, west. Widely heartily embraced the doctrine, and said he should Hence the age of judgment will only have com-5. We now print, weekly, an edition of the Har- different, are these facts from the malicious state- henceforth teach it—but other circumstances, and menced at his coming.

Plymouth, Mich. July 9th, 1852.

REMARKS.

our brethren will give no countenance nor encour- with his new associates, he does not fully partake

This is evident from the history of his late hasty any other means, than the righteous.

WM. J. GREENLEAD.

his statement, in direct contradiction to the plain 6. They that have done evil, unto the resurrecthey owe of this large sum, or pay for their BRO. J. B. Cook is now on a tour among the Word, that the 'law,' 'engraven on the tables of tion of damnation.' John v. 29. paper in advance, our pecuniary difficulties would be effectually removed.

Will our patrons candidly look at these facts, and decide what they will do to change the nature of decide what they will do to change the nature of cook is now on a tour among the paper in advance, our pecuniary difficulties would be effectually removed.

Word, that the 'law,' 'engraven on the tables of those of the paper in advance, our pecuniary difficulties would be effectually removed.

Churches east. We need not exhort his old and the stone' 'is all-binding now,' of which Paul says it is abolished' 'is done away.' 2 Cor. iii. 13, 14.

Will our patrons candidly look at these facts, and decide what they will do to change the nature of this; but we will just say to all concerned, that Bro. I can be seen to the principle that the word of God is not 'yea and nay,' or does not the stone' is all-binding now,' of which Paul says it is abolished' 'is done away.' 2 Cor. iii. 13, 14.

Had our unguarded brother acted on the principle that the word of God is not 'yea and nay,' or does not the stone' is all-binding now,' of which Paul says it is abolished' 'is done away.' 2 Cor. iii. 13, 14.

Had our unguarded brother acted on the principle that the word of God is not 'yea and nay,' or does not the stone' is all-binding now,' of which Paul says it is done' is all-binding now,' of which Paul says it is done away.' 2 Cor. iii. 13, 14.

Had our unguarded brother acted on the principle that the word of God is not 'yea and nay,' or does not the paul says it is abolished' is abolished' is abolished of the case of the paul says it is abolished' is abolished the case of the paul says it is abolished.' I can be seen that the word of done away.' 2 Cor. iii. 13, 14.

Cook is now on a tour says.' 15. No. Word, that the 'law,' 'engraven on the law,' 'eng

The Harbinger & Advocate. debt. If you owe for books, do what you can in BRO. M. E. CORNELL'S RENUNCIATION. ceived and ensnared by the unqualified assumptions. settling up the account, according to our mutual ELD. MARSH:-I hasten to inform you that I the dogmatical and unlawful inferences, the fearful

M. E. CORNELL. of the spirit of Christ: the greater degree of that spirit the possessor has, the greater will be his love for his brethren. Hence, if Bro. Cornell had We give this renunciation of the truth, because received an increase of true light, he would have

beast,' 'the third angel's message,' 'the seventh

and sixty years. Hence the thousand-years-past let reason again assume her throne, and once more excitement of the moment, and plunges headlong direct his steps in the right way. That our un. into the grossest absurdities, without assigning a we have been incurring an annual expense of sev- Once more: 'They lived and reigned with Christ.' fortune brother has been led away from the truth, reason!—while the others after patient investiga-

#### QUESTIONS

FOR ANY, OR, ALL OF THE BRETHREN.

1. Will judgment take place at the coming of

8. Did all mankind lose life through Adam? 9. Will any have life again through Christ, by

Climax, Mich., June 20, 1852.

inst. They were of a very interesting character, exhibiting a high order of talent on the part of the students, and of other speakers from abroad; the that they appreciate the privilege of having such an as their bonds of union. If they would dispense institution in their midst.

were those of Thursday forenoon, though we were a harmonious christianity-a unity of faith, fellowthe graduating class in the Theological Seminary This speaker also stated that Christianity conquerconnected with the University, and of an address to ed the civilized world in 300 years, and mounted The speakers said many very good things, and said | yielding to the cross saved the world from impendthem well: we should prefer, in our brief notice, to ing ruin; also that Christianity is now marching tell what they said that pleased us, rather than forth to complete the conquest of the world. Now what displeased us, if in that way we could do what conquest did Christianity gain when she as our duty. But, though it is not so agreeable, cended the throne of the Cesars? Was not that yet it is more profitable, to learn our faults than the very time when she began to enter the wilderto be praised; to discover an error we have im ness? Was not that act of secularizing Christianbibed and are propagating, than to be flattered ity the first step in the illicit wedlock between for the truth we have. In listening to the ad- Babylon and the beast? Was not that the source dresses of these young men, who have ust com- of that system of things which a few years after. pleted their studies for the Gospel Ministry and are developed itself into the huge proportions of the now going forth, professedly, to proclaim the un. 'Man or Sin?' If this 'conquest' is now to be 'comsearchable riches of Christ-we realized more sen. pleted,' we shall have Christendom Romanized! sibly than ever before the all pervading and pervert- And that will be a similar salvation of the world ing power of the doctrine of the natural immortality to that which the Barbarians effected by yielding of the soul, in the prevalent theology of our times. to the cross. This speaker made another excellent Almost every speaker seemed to regard a bold as. remark, viz.: 'that there is no true spiritual union sertion of that doctrine, in some form, as the cure. without spiritual freedom,' and that there is no est proof he could give of his orthodoxy.

Heb. ii. If death is the perfecter of our mental oral. faculties, it deserves a better fate than destruction, and a better master than the devil. If in the state tion of Moral Government to the ultimate good of of death the mental faculties are developed in perfection, they must suffer irreparably when death is 'eternal punishment makes the goodness of God destroyed-better far that men be always dead. He appear questionable.' On this subject Mr. Harwho murders his fellow is his benefactor, and the mon fell into the common mistake of misrepresentdevil, who has the power of death and wields it, is ing (without intention no doubt) those of whom he the greatest benefactor of all! But let us hear the was speaking. A speaker or writer gains nothing Scriptures forther. THE DEAD PRAISE with candid persons by first making a theory for NOT THE LORD.' Ps. cxv. 17. 'IN DEATH his opponent and then combating it. If Mr. Har-6. His breath goeth forth, he returneth to his care decline of extract particularly and that it is earth; INTHAT VERY DAY his thoughts PER. not incompatible with the goodness of God; but everlasting death is the everlasting punishmen 7. When subscribers remove, let us know immediately. perfection where there is no knowledge of God ble, in explaining what this eternal punishment is, penalty, or severest punishment, known to hums

the highest motive that can be presented to the languages can express that idea. in despair, says, let him then believe that he is im- recollect them. immortality is an object hoped for at the same time able to conclude that it does not die when the body do well, will not live forever. It will avail nothing very good address on the 'Resurrection of the

SPECIMENS OF POPULAR THEOLOGY. that the person hoping for it has it in possession. THE exercises of Commencement week of the Perhaps Paul had not thought of this subject when

very commendable zeal and flattering success that gious Influence.' He stated and elaborated the through whose instrumentality this new University union is Iruth.' This is andoubtedly true. Christhas been originated and sustained thus far; and the endom is divided up into a multitude of inharmoni-The exercises in which we felt most interested, place, we might witness the beautiful spectacle of spiritual union in Popery, because there is no spiri-The first speaker, Mr. Campbell, after asserting | tual freedom there: theirs is a 'constrained union.' that the 'mind is immortal,' added, that 'death per. By 'spiritual freedom,' we understood him to mean, fects its faculties.' If it is true, that death perfects the liberty to read, believe and obey the Bible, each the feculties of the mind, death is, if not the greatest, one of the greatest friends of man. But what If this was his meaning, he will have to extend the law, he will be entitled to release from sufferchanged. say the Scriptures? 'The last ENEMY that shall area of spiritual bondage far beyond the acknowlbe destroyed is DEATH' ! 1 Cor. xv. 26. Christ- edged jurisdiction of the Pope-far enough to emlans are all their in etime subject to bondage through brace all those religious societies that exclude or fear of death, and Christ, at his coming, will de. reject from their fellowship all who chance to unliver them from this object of terror, and destroy derstand and believe more of the Bible than haphim that hath the power of death, that is, the DEVIL. | pens to be taught in their creeds, either written or

The fifth speaker, Mr. Harmon, on the Rela-

human mind. This is undoubtedly true. Hence The seventh speaker, Mr. Livermore, had for his lamation is eternal life, or immortalily through die, shall he live again? He stated that this is a describing man perplexed and overwhelmed with to make an attempt to prove the soul immortal.-

mortal, and it rouses his energies to great and per- 1. He argued, Since we have no consciousness

does obut lives on; or, as he stated it again, as we to say that God did not use the proper term here; do not know that our life ends at death, we should that he meant eternal happiness. If he had meant University of Rochester closed on Thursday the 15th he asked the question—'What a man seeth, why confess that this does not appear to us very logical. piness. But he said ETERNAL LIFE: therefore he Let us apply the principle. We do not know, from meant ETERNAL LIFE! observation, that the soul of the horse dies when 5. Toward the close of his address, Mr. Liver-

his body does: hence it is reasonable to conclude more concluded an argument with these words, 'We have marked and crowned so far the efforts of those fact, that 'the grand and essential element of all that it does not die, but is immortal.' Now the soul is immortal.' Now the soul is immortal. is true of every living creature. Therefore, ac- how easy it is for men to reason themselves into a cording to Mr. Livermore's theology and logic, every full persuasion of what they want to believe. In deep interest taken in it by our citizens, showing ous sects by their erroneous creeds, which they use insect, and every fish, and every fish every f existed or ever will exist, has an immortal soul! erce; but by a process of reasoning, without one with these creeds and take God's word in their | Life begun in any creature, can never be terminated! particle of Bible proof, it becomes emphatic know-Immortality is inevitable upon the mere accident of ledge. If our memory serves us, he did not quote life. We think this conclusion is legitimate from one text that speaks of immortality, except that one better pleased with almost every other exercise of the week than with them. Those exercises con.

ship and action on the part of all the disciples of Jesus; for God's word is the truth, and is therefore not, will he acknowledge this part of his argument not because he did not wish to use Scripture on sisted chiefly of eleven addresses by members of the only possible basis of true spiritual union. — to be valueless? But again: would not observation that occasion, for he did several times refer to the lead us to precisely the opposite conclusion from Scriptures on other points. Why, then, did he not that drawn by Mr. Livermore? One day we see a use the texts on immortality? Evidently because the graduating class by Prof. T. J. Conant, D. D. the throne of the Cesars; and that the Barbarians man hale and healthy, full of life and vigor: the he thought they would not help him. He could same day we admire a noble tree, spreading abroad bring immortality to light more to his own satisfacits verdant foliage; also a spirited and beautiful tion by abstract reasoning and texts of Scripture horse, apparently proud to display his graceful fig. that do not speak of the subject, than by those ure. The next day we see the man a corpse; the texts that speak upon it directly. Let us look at a tree prostrated by the ax; and the horse a carcass. few texts, beginning with the one from which he Now suppose we had never heard anything to the took his subject. In 2 Tim. i. 10 Paul tells as that contrary, would we not believe that life had become Jesus Christ has brought life and immortality to as really extinct in the man as in the tree or the light through the gospel. If he brought immorhorse? The analogy of all nature goes against the tality to light, it was in obscurity before, and could idea of the survival and escape of the soul at the not be properly understood: hence, the endless speculations and conflicting theories of the heathen 2. Again: Mr. Livermore remarked, that 'the philosophers. Human reason was inadequate to law of justice assures to man the immortality of discover the true doctrine of immortality. The the soul.' How?-we ask. Probably he meant on New Testament is the only means by which we the hypothesis of 'satisfaction.' It is argued, that can come to a correct understanding of it. What man broke an infinite law, and that he must there- does it say? It tells us that God will render eternal fore suffer an infinite penalty. But how can finite life to them who by patiene continuance in wellman render an equivalent to the infinite God? It is doing, seek for glory, and honor, and immortality, impossible! But suppose, by enduring pain, he can Rom. ii. 7. Immortality is sought for by the chrisrender satisfaction to the violated law; there must, tian; hence, he does not possess it. He will put it in that case, come a time when the law will be on at the resurrection. satisfied: hence, the sinner's misery will not be 1 Cor. xv. 51-55. 'Behold, I show you a mys-

endless. Moreover, when he shall have satisfied tery. We shall not all sleep, but we shall all be

ing. This, of course, applies to every condemned In a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, at the person: therefore, if, on the hypothesis of satisfac- last trump: for the trumpet shall sound, and the tion,' the law of justice assures to man the immor- dead shall be raised incorruptible, and we shall be

'For this corruptible must put on incorruption 3. But Mr. Livermore thought the doctrine of and this mortal must put on immortality.

iteral destruction involved the absurdity of the So when this corruptible shall have put on ineverlasting punishment of-nothing?" If the pen- corruption, and this mortal shall have put on imalty of the law were pain, this absurdity would mortality, then shall be brought to pass the saying exist; but, as it is not, but to the privation of life, that is written, Death is swallowed up in victory.

exist; but, as it is not, but is the protocon of eje, that is written, Death is awarded as it is not, but is the protocon of eje, that is written, Death is awarded as it is not exist. 'O death, where is the protocon of the same is death,' 'Who shall be punished with evertant.'

O death, where is the protocon of the same is death, where is the same of the same enveloped is death, it is death,' destruction.' In other ate slip may be enclosed in the same enveloped.

O death, where is the same of the same enveloped is the same enveloped.

O death, where is the same of the same enveloped is the same enveloped.

O death, where is the same enveloped is the same enveloped in the same enveloped.

O death, where is the same of the same enveloped is the same enveloped.

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O death, where is the same enveloped is the same enveloped in the same enveloped in the same enveloped in the same enveloped.

O death, where is the same enveloped in the same envelope passages we find it expressed by 'perish,' 'consume marked as such.

'devour,' 'burned up, so as not to be left, root not 4. Be carefulto write all names of persons and places branch, 'be as though they had not been,' &c. Trlainly and distinctly.

5. In all cases, give the name of the post-office, county,

THERE IS NO REMEMBRANCE of thee?

THING. . . Also their love, and the intended to meet: for those to whom their envy, is now PERISHED?! Eccl. ix. 5, the doctrine of 'eternal punishment,' and that it is the doctrine of 'eternal punishment,' and that it is mortality and deprives him is faired state. When a townor village, 2 called by one name, and obedience; the sinner, by unbelief and discound the post-office, county, but the sinner, by unbelief and discound the post-office by another, be sure to give the name of dience, forfeits this promised blessing, and the lat's post-office.

Thinks the doctrine of 'eternal punishment,' and that it is mortality and deprives him is faired state. When a townor village, 2 called by one name, by unbelief and discount the post-office by another, be sure to give the name of dience, forfeits this promised blessing, and the lat's punishment, and the total state. The loss that the single transport is the single transport in the doctrine of 'eternal punishment,' and that it is and obdience; the sinner, by unbelief and discount the post-office by another, be sure to give the name of the post-office, county, but the conditions eternal life to man upon his faired state. When a townor village, 2 called by one name, but the sinner, by unbelief and discount the post-office by another, be sure to give the name of the post-office.

Thinks the doctrine of the county, is and the total transport to the sinner, by unbelief and discount the post-office by another, be sure to give the name of the town the sinner, by unbelief and discount the sinner that the s

ISH!' Ps. cxlvi. 4. Is that the way to perfect they do not believe that the Bible teaches the dcc-the faculties of the mind, to deprive it of all its trine of 'eternal torture,' nor that that doctrine can difficulty in understanding death to be a punishmer are charge, until such notice is given. the faculties of the mind, to deprive it of all its trine of 'eternal torture,' nor that that doctrine can difficulty in understanding death to be a punishment, the discontinue, le thoughts, its love, its memory? Is that mental be reconciled with the divine goodness. The Bi-

nor of anything else, and where it is impossible to distinguishes it by the terms destruction, death, law. When the murderer is hung by the neck ti praise him? Certainly there is an error somewhere: perish, consume, devour, burn up, &c., all of which he is dead, is he not punished? He forfeited h either this speaker is wrong, or the Bible is; for convey the idea of an absolute extinction of life. | life; the law took it from him; it threatened r they are in direct contradiction, -and as his theo. Now if the penalty is more (as it is claimed) than more; it asks no more. So the divine law demand BIBLE ADVOCATE logy contradicts the Bible it could not have been these words, in which it is revealed, obviously ex- the sinner's life. No commutation to any amount relocation rel derived from the Bible, but must be of human in. press, there is a manifest want of goodness in of suffering will answer. So long as the sinn an 'exotic,' which is transplanted to its 'native languages in which these revelations were made executed upon him. The unquenchable fire much

vention. The same speaker spoke of the mind as making such a revelation of the penalty. The lives, in any condition whatever, the penalty is no Joseph Marsh, Editor and Proprietor.

skies' at death. This looks very much like the old heathen doctrine of the pre-existence and transmigration of souls. If the souls of men are born in the skies, they have a different and distinct creation from their bodies which are born on earth.

He also remarked that the hope of immortality is

He also remarked that the hope of immortality is

| And vanish occurrence and transmisting the souls of men are born in the skies, they have a different and distinct creation from their bodies which are born on earth.

He also remarked that the hope of immortality is

| And vanish occurrence and transmisting the soul and body, in gehenna.'

| A. Mr. Livermore then remarked upon the 'ringle copy, one year occurrence as to express the idea of 'eternal torture'; but those terms are not employed; instead of them those torms are used which express an absolute and etermal existence.' No one whix copies, one year, to one address one year, to one will at some time and in some way, get release

from his misery. And certainly the prospect HE CHILDREN'S FRIEND, we see the fitness of making this motive so prominent in the gospel: the burden of the gospel procinent in the gospel: the burden of the gospel procinent in the gospel: the burden of the gospel procinent in the gospel: the burden of the gospel procinent in the gospel: the burden of the gospel procinent in the gospel: the burden of the gospel procinent in the gospel: the burden of the gospel procinent in the gospel: the burden of the gospel procinent in the gospel: the burden of the gospel procinent in the persecuted for his faith, and, in the weakness of hits object is, to instruct and benefit the

exercise wan of ciothes.

Jesus Christ. But how strange that this same speaker, after uttering a few more sentences, and give what he considered a solution of it, or rather hope of eternal life, exempt from temptations and practice, preached long and tediously on Chrisinfirmities, is in the highest degree reviving. Eter- tianity—the only safeguard of National Union.'the cares and dangers of life and about to give up We will notice his main positions, as near as we | nal life is set forth in the Scriptures as the reward Legree, in 'Uncle Tom's Cabin,' could not have deof well-doing. How inconsistent such a promise, sired a better advocate of the 'peculiar institution' if all men, regardless of conduct, are to live for- than he.

severing effort. Now we cannot understand how that the soul dies with the body, it is more reason- ever! This promise implies that those who do not The last speaker, Mr. D. Whitaker, gave us a

and over Sunday,

and over Sunday 22.

Whitby Village, Brooklyn, (at Bro. Kestur's,)

Darlington, (at Bro. John Van Ness',) " 7, 8.

Cobourg, Will the brethren get a place for the meeting, &c.

At Bro. John Lent's,

Cramake, (Bro. Spafford's,)

August, 14, 15.

16, 17.

The appointments week days, are 72 P. M.

Bro. Jonathan Wilson.

Tent Meeting in Addison.

ng, Friday evening July 24, to continue two weeks

longer. A general attendance is solicited.

Tent Meetings in Mich.

ents, they will inform us.

Grove Meeting.

d hold over two Sundays.

Whittemore Lake, ad hold over two Sunday

Seneca Falls,

" August 1.

" Oct.

Friday, July 23 -

Enfield, Ct., (Jawbuc Society),

New Bedford, Mass.,

Bro. J. B. Cook.

Body.' We were glad to hear him bring out on "THE END OF NEEDHAM. - Well, Mr. Needthat occasion, that much-neglected subject.—
His piece was well written, and contained more good sense and sound Bible doctrine than any of the others. He brought out, in a very clear and forcible manner, Paul's argument in 1 Cor. ventists. I despise the very name of Second Adxv., stating and proving that Paul rested the vent. They are a rowdy set'-referring we supentire hope of the church upon the resurrection pose to his associates during the last two years, of the body.

The speaking closed with an able address to vent Herald for July 24. that was destitute of it. We must, however, 1852, he says:-

there being no others for him now to leave; and speaking with an evident loss of temper."-Ad-

the graduating class, by T. J. Conant, D. D., This slur at the 'Abolitionists' appears with an Professor of Hebrew and of Biblical Criticism ill grace in a paper whose editor has repeatedly and Interpretation. He made some excellent proclaimed his solemn purpose to 'stand by the remarks on the importance to the church of the slave as long as he could get a peck of corn a indwelling of the Holy Spirit in the human heart, week to live on. As to Bro. Needham, we This, he said, was the vital principle; and no deem it no more than justice to let him speak for matter how soon any religious body dissolved himself. In a letter dated Providence, June 14,

confess our surprise at the use he made of one BRO. MARSH:—As for me, I have now done text of Scripture. He stated to the class with my duty. I am a man beset with infirmity like considerable emphasis, that there was one principle of action above all others that he wished to impress upon their minds: that was, 'Occupy an honest purpose to do the will of God. I have exposed corruption, so that all who have a de-TILL I COME,' whether it should be at the close sire to see, can see; and all who have no affiniof a life of three score years, or of one less pro- ties for corruption, may loathe and turn from it. tracted. He thus distinctly applied this passage I have suffered in every way that malice and to death. We would here respectfully ask Dr. hate could reach me. 1 became an Advent be-Conant if that text will bear this construction.

It reads, with its connection, as follows: Our last with the connection as follows: Our last with the connection as follows: Our last what shall I say now? I am hated, malignals? Lord was near Jerusalem, and because some ed, my way of usefulness hedged up, and my thought the kingdom of God should immediately means of support cut off-not entirely-but so appear, 'He said therefore, a certain nobleman seriously diminished that I live in continual pri-

servants, delivered them ten pounds, and said where I can be useful and be supported. I unto them, 'Occupy till I come.' Luke xix. think it is the hand of God, I shall embrace the unto them, 'Occupy till I come.' Luke XIX.

11-13. That the 'nobleman' in this passage
was intended to represent Jesus Christ, there
can be no doubt. Certainly, death was not going
away to receive for himself a kingdom and to that died after that, and is long suspicion. I go where I hope to be weated as a was formula of these men and christian, but the hate of these men and christian are the hate of again open for me to labor as formerly, I hope

> By a subsequent letter from Bro. Needham, destitute fugitives from slavery. He expects a salary sufficient to support his family, and will preach occasionally, as his other business will allow. We bid him a hearty 'God speed' in his truly christian work.

#### To Correspondents.

WM. A. M.-We have made no 'acknowladgment that Eld. Himes has cleared himsel from all the charges alleged against him in v. 12, will be thankfully received: Weethee's paniphlet, except one. He has not done it. He has never been tried on those charges, except before the Chardon Street Church. The issue in the late trial at Providence was not made on those charges at all.

F. W .- A brother who is well informed in the case, says it is extremely doubtful about obtaining such a situation. Should we hear of one, we will give notice of the same.

A correspondent inquires:- 'Are the seven ast plagues in Rev. xvi. events to take place in To J. LEWIS, Jersey City, N. J.—Will Bro. the days of the voice of the seventh angel? and has J. Lewis please answer the letters I have written the sixth angel poured out his vial upon the great to him: or if not received, will he please inform river Euphrates?

Bro. Lewis also owes \$4,55 on the Har- The mind may be overburdened; like the of the few brethren that requested him to come binger. We would be glad to have him pay it body, it is strengthened more by the warmth of and preach the word in this place. We had a where Bro. T. Finn may appoint. exercise than of clothes.

# HARBINGER AND ADVOCATE.

#### Questions for Bro. Sheldon.

Bro. Marsh:-I wish to propound a few question to our dear brother, W. Sheldon. He says, if we repent, God is faithful to forgive our sins—there is no delay in the matter until after

in the covenant, or those termed aliens? Again: He says, We receive remission of

sins by faith at the moment we repent in sincer- faction. ity, before baptism.

and verse for this assertion? 3d query. Were Paul's sins remitted by re- for by their fruits they are known. ceiving the Holy Ghost, and by repentance, be- I hear from different persons that the truth his sins?

Again: Bro. S. says, For after Cornelius had received the remission of sins by faith, he was

4th query. Where shall we find the chapter 1852, writes: and verse for this assertion?

eight souls, were saved by water.'

'The like figure were unto even baptism,

doth also now save us by the resurrection of

Query. Does baptism save us in figure or in fact from sin?

Rom. vi. 17: 'You were the servants of sin: but you have obeyed from the heart that form age. servants of righteousness.'

or in figure?

Query. Are we the sons of God by adoption

according to the gospel, in fact, or in figure? Gal. iii. 27: 'For as many of you as have been baptized into Christ, have put on Christ.' Query. Have we put on Christ in fact, or in

Ver. 29: 'And if you be Christ's, then are you Abraham's seed and heirs according to the

Query. Are we heirs in fact, or in figure? A scriptural answer to these queries from our very highly esteemed brother in the Lord, would be very gratifying to me, as well as to very many of our dear brethren and sisters, who are diligently seeking after truth. L. H. CHASE.

#### Questions.

ing questions through the Harbinger, on James Chauncey, Athens co., O.

1. Is the testifying before a proper officer, in obedience to the laws of our land, swearing 'by heaven, or by the earth, or by any other oath??

3. If not, what does the expression 'swear not, neither by heaven, neither by the earth, neither by any oath' mean?

# Correspondence.

discourses, delivered here by Bro. Crawford of truth. Fredonia, N. Y., to the comfort and edification

while he gave us the literal interpretation of the Word of Life. I believe he has given general satisfaction. A few oppose, of course, on the Daniel, and his vision of the four beasts in the 1st query. Does this language apply to those 7th chapter, the beast of John also, with seven heads and ten horns, &c. The three discourses on the prophecies I think gave universal satis-

The last evening he spoke on the Rapping 2d query. Where shall we find the chapter Spirits, which gave some restless ones a disposition to manifest what kind of spirit they were of,

fore baptism? If they were, why was he com- has gained ground, and that the meeting has had manded to arise and be baptized, and wash away a good influence. Praise the Lord. May the truth prevail.

Hartford, Ohio, July, 1852.

BRO. M. BATCHELOR, Pownal, Vt., June 24,

Were it not for the blessed hope I should

5th query. Was not Cornelius directed to send sink, but it cheers my fainting spirits by the for Peter, in order that he might hear words way. I had a good time in Connecticut for whereby he and his house might be saved .- about ten days; visited five places, and preached Where is the evidence that he was saved until seven times. It cheered my heart to see some he obeyed the words spoken?-which were, I of the old veterans for the truth, who still recommand you to be baptized in the name of the joiced in hope. Found some who had been but a short time in the way, but had learned much in 1 Peter says, (iii. 20), 'Wherein few, that is, that short time. It is easy to learn if we have a believing and teachable spirit. It would be Query. Were they saved in figure or in sweet to meet all the redeemed in glory, and learn by sight what we now view by faith.-Lord hasten it.

## Obituary.

"Them which sleepin Jesus will God bring with him." Fell asleep in Jesus at his residence in Westerloo, on the 17th ult, Bro. Seneca Jones, in the 58th year of his

He died of the slow palsy, after an illness of about ten (or figure) of doctrine which was delivered you. days, though he had suffered much for several months pre-Being then made free from sin, you become the vious with pain in the head. He embraced the doctrine of the Advent taught by Bro. Burnham in '43, and remain-Query. Were they made free from sin in fact Having his senses to the last, he made arrangements for his funeral, requesting Elder J. P. Teats to preach on the 1 John iii. 2: 'Beloved, now are we the sons occasion, who delivered an able and appropriate discourse

from Heb, xi. 9, 10. Sleep on a while, dear brother, sleep, Though death hath caused thy friends to weep! Thou wilt come forth from 'neath the ground, When the last trump shall joyful sound.

Till then we'll wait, our change to to come. 'Tis then we'll join that happy throng; No more to weep, no more to stray-For that blest time we'll weekly pray.

## Appointments.

Sunday, August 8and continue eight or ten days. The brethren are cordially invited to attend.

Bro. J. P. Weethee.

Deavertown, O., Sunday August 8. (Dr. Reeves will meet me at Zanesville, Satur-Sunday August 8. day morning and convey me to the place.) Chauncey and Millfield, Sunday, Aug. 15. Persons wishing my labors will write me at

#### Bro. Thomas Garbutt.

Clarkson,	pi dalda Aug	gust 10.
Rochester,	Sunday,	22.
Victor.	A SUPERIOR CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON	24.
Palmyra,	ing to consider t	" 26.
Canandaigua,	Sunday,	" 29.
Geneva, Geneva	ba evan voda .es	" 31.
Seneca Falls,		tem. 2.
Auburn,	Sunday,	" 5.
I have left a space bet	ween each of m	y appoint

J. M. Judson. ments, as the brethren will notice, for the purpose of paying some attention to the circulation of our books and papers in new places. It is my design to pay more attention to this part of our labor than formerly: I feel confident there is much good ground yet unsown, we cannot expect to reap where we do not sow. Though I do not expect the spread of truth to become universal; I do think there BRO. MARSH:-We have just had a series of are many honest souls who have never heard the

Bro. E. C. Cowles.

Geneva, Sunday, August 8-Sunday, August 22.

Camp Meeting at Oswego, Ind. There will be a Camp Meeting held at Oswego, ad.—commencing on Friday before the fourth Lord's day in September next. The brethren and others who feel an interest in the truth are invited August 8 & 15.

The Lord willing, a Camp Meeting will be held

For the brethren- ovods D. R. WILLARD. This will leave me one Sunday and intervening time to fill as health may enable me. My old bron-Camp Meeting at Winsted, Ct. chitis has returned, and I shall be obliged to take

some care for health-but shall strive to do what I in Winsted, commencing Aug. 30, and to continue J. B. C. one week or more, upon the same ground occupied Bro. O. R. L. Crozier. The camp ground is about two miles from the Sunday, 10½ A. M., Aug. 1. 4½ P. M. " depot, at the terminus of the Naugatuck R. R.; and those coming by cars or stages, will be accom modated with cheap conveyance to and from the

Bro. J. N. Loof borough. We invite every friend of Jesus, and all who are Sunday, August 1. willing to seek for eternal life through him, to meet " 10½ A. M. 8. " 4½ P. M. " with us in the tented grove to worship the God of

Board and horse-keeping on reasonable terms, Bro. Wm. and Sr. Mary Ongley. with an invitation to the poor pilgrims to come and eat without money and without price. July 31 -August 1.

S. G. MATHEWSON, HIRAM MUNGER, A. D. SMITH, MILES GRANT.

#### BUSINESS ITEMS.

Dr. A. D .- You say you send one dollar for 'Wil-Cramake, (Bro. Spanoro's,)
Ameliasburgh, (Bro. Chase's,)
Milville, (Bro. Whites')

10, 17,
18, 19.
William Balley. Is it for him? We have nothing to show that the other dollar, you speak of, was received, but have credited it.

L. ADAMS, of Waterbury, Ct.—It was another A word to the brethren —We want you should, person of your name for whom we inquired. We as much as possible, come out and meet us at these have been informed. Thank you, however, for this, meetings, and get your neighbors to come with you; God grant we may have a good time once more before we meet on Mount Zion: then we our last No.

shall see Jesus, yes, that Jesus, who suffered and died E. Horr.—Bro. Williams sent your banner to for us: then he will be our King. We should ask Detroit within ten days from the time you left here. ourselves, Shall I be there? Yes, we may, if we believe and obey the Word. Much is implied in this; we must do our every duty—To be Christ like, we must have the spirit of Jesus. Amen.

Detroit within ten days from the time you left here.

A. N. Seymour.—A bundle was sent you to Wayne Depot, July 26, containing 26 Bibles and 4. Testaments.

N. B. We shall have some tracts to give away B. D. Bigglow.—Dr. Thomas' Elpis Israel is to the poor. We hope you will have something to give to aid the Tract Fund. We shall have hymn books and other works for sale.

B. D. BIGELOW.—Dr. Inomas Lipis Israel is two dollars, besides the postage. As we have none, and as your money was not sufficient, we send you the Six Sermons and Are to Come, and credit the We hope those brethren in arrears will pay up their dues on the Harbinger, and try and get others to subscribe for it. We send you the Six Sermons and Age to Come, and credit the balance on Harbinger.

#### Receipts for the Harbinger.

to subscribe for it. We will attend to it for you, and likewise for the Bible Examiner, and the Children's Friend published by Bro. O. R. L. Crozier. The brethren should interest themselves to The Whole No. to which each has paid follows the name. have these papers before the public-will you do David B Salter 472, William E Huber 442, C H

We should remember what Paul says to us-1 Olivia West 439, P Hitchcock 468, L Norton 481, We should remember what Paul says to us—1
Cor. ii. 26—as often as ye eat this bread, and drink
this cup, ye do show the Lord's death till he come.
The Lord's Supper should be attended to; if the
brethren will get those things in order, we will attend to it when we come.

W. O.

Olivia West 439, P Hitchcock 468, L Norton 481,
H Orr 469, William W White 469, L Weethee
468, Martin Roberts 475—\$1,00 each.
S W Rogers 498, James Bailey 453, A H Eggleston 452, Daniel Puterbaugh 468, William H
Holmes 461, H H Dicknson 468, Mrs William

Paleston 459, P Carter 473, Andrew S Paters 489.

Robertson 458, B Carter 473, Andrew S Peters 489, Sarah Hovey 508, P Risdorph 476—\$2,00 each, Horace Pike 486, Sarah J Craft 494—\$3,00 each. William H Rogers 488, 96 cents; Wm H Bennett 406, 84 cents; F B Scott 485, 66 cents; R Wendell 483, 30 cents; P H Bouk 550, 90 cents; B D Bigelow 492, \$1,70.

LETTERS.—H Jones, J Wilson, J Wendell, L E Bates, R Buttolph, E Hoyt, W Hodgman, B Patter-son, W E Peters, C A Curtis, Wm H Simmons, F B Hann, B D Bigelow.

Books Sent .-- Wm H Rogers, H Pike, R Wen-Bro. J. C. Bywater will commence a Tent Meet- dell, B D Bigelow.

#### Delinquents.

If any mistakes are made under this head, we shall be happy, on being informed of the fact, to correct them,

JOSEPH CLARK, Hamilton, C. W., 'refuses' his Friday, Aug. 6 - paper, after taking it without paying a cent, till he wes \$5,90. Upon what principle of moral hon-Tyrone, Liv. co., Mich., Friday, Aug. 20 — esty a man can refuse or neglect to pay such a debt, we cannot understand.

#### Rules of Discussion.

ese meetings, and others are invited to be with

E. HOYT.

As a prominent object of the publication of the Scripting of the S As a prominent object of the publication of the HARand as it is open for the free investigation of all Bible rines, to avoid all misunderstanding in the matter, or Grove Meeting.

he Lord willing, Bro. E. Miller, Jr. and Bro. es Higgins will commence a meeting on ThursAugust 12 at 2 p. M., to continue over the folnday, in the Indian Creek settlement,

The township, Fulton co., Indiana, twelve miles of the Bible is incourse of discussion, no other theory on the asant Grove, midway between the Michigan and Ministering and Law brothers are

sant Grove, midway between the Michigan and ago roads. Ministering and lay brethren are FACT, will alone be admitted as EVIDENCE.

4. The LITERAL principle of interpretation must be 5. Objections against a writer's sentiments, must be

based on some plain passage of Scripture, fact, or facts.

6. Only two disputants can be heard at the same time, ateaugay (near Bro. Sheldon's,) commencing on iday, July 30, and continue over the Sabbath.

on the same question.

7. Each disputant may speak twice on a point, providing further evidence is presented the second time, or an explanation. BENJAMIN WEBB. nation or correction is necessary.

ADVOCATE.

8. No unkind expressions will be admitted. Let these rules be carefully observed, and that misunder standing and unpleasantness that sometimes arise between vriters and the editor, and between themselves, will be avoided, lengthy metaphysical litigations will be shunned, and the investigation of the Bible will be both interesting and profitable, and will result in obtaining a more correct knowledge of the truth.

## Books for Sale at this Office.

of the Dead, but by Evil Demons, or Devils. By John C. Bywater, a Minister of the Gospel. \$15,00 per Carbundred; 20 cents single. Weight 3 oz.

The Millenia Harp: a new collection of Scriptural Hymns Original and Selected, for Social and Family Worship, adapted to the wants of all Christians. By Marsh & Pinney. 511 pages. Price 50 cts. in morocco; 40 in sheep. Weight 10 oz.

Wilson on the Prophecies.—The Book of Inheritance and Witness of the Prophets, respecting Ephraim, and the Raising Up of Israel. By J. Wilson, Eng. 63.

The Immateriality of the Soul: or, Man entirely depend-

weight 10 oz. Paper, 50 cents; weight 6 oz. Abridged,

dred; 6 cents, single. Weight I oz.

the Purpose of God in Creating the World; his Plan for its Redemption from the Curse, and the time for its accomplishment. By E. R. Pinney. \$5 per hundred; & cents, single. gle: ont; or, Reconciliation by Christ. E. Mil. revised and corrected.

pp., 25 cents.

Dialogues on Fut. Punishment. By W G Moncrieff. 15 cts
Prof. Whiting's Translation of the New Testament. 75 cts
Battle of Armageddon. By J. P. Weethee. 38 cts
Character of the Son of God. By Henry Grew. 19 cts
Is Man Immortal? Discus. betw. Jones & Turner. 15 cts

Tracts

3. When you send names of new subscribe, s, let them be marked as such.

4. Be careful to write all names of persons and places
plainly and distinctly.

5. In alleases, give the name of the post-office, county, and state. When a townor village x called by one name, and the post-office by another, be sure to give the name of the post-office.

Tracts.

The Gospel Hope. By George Storrs. \$1,50 per hundred: 3 cents single.

Second Death, 60ctsa100 The Present Age, - 3 cts Can You Believe? 38ctsa 100 It Hasteth Greatly, That Blessed Hope, 2 cts The Savior Nigh, - 2 cts Exposition Matt. xxiv. 6 cts Adv'ta Pract. Doct'ne, 4 cts Otherwise, their research will continue to be sent and the post-office by another, be sure to give the name of the post-office.

6. When the direction of a paper is to be changed, do not forget to name the office to which it has been sent. Unless this be done, it is out of our power to make the change.

7. When subscribers remove, let us know immediately. That Blessed Hope, 2 cts
Exposition Matt. xxiv. 6 cts
First PrinciplesSecAdv 4 cts
The Sabbath, - 6 cts
Miller's Apology, - 4 cts
Future Punishment, 3 cts
Atonement - - 4 cts
Tracts for Children 10 cts

#### Second Advent Meetings.

Rochester-Irving Hall, Buffalo street, three times every BIBLE ADVOCATE Lord's Day and Thursday evening.

Dansville.—Franklin Hall, in Towse's Brick Block,

Auburn-Advent Hall, over H. G. Vananden's Drug tore, every Sabbath. Atwater Hull, twice every Sunday, and o

Tuesday and Friday evenings.

Honeoye — Hazen's Hall, every Sunday.

Geneva — In Sr. Jones' School room, corner of Geneva, Dswego, N. Y .- Academy Hall, once in two weeks on

Manlius—Advent Hall, every Sunday.
Victor—One held twice on the Sabbath in Advent Hall. Liverpool-Temperance Hall, every Sunday, and Wed-

springfield, Mass.—Dwight's Hall. Sanford street, two equested to say at which Hall.

Newark, N. J.—No. 143 Market street.
Boston, Mass.—Cochituate Hall, in Cochituate Place.
East Boston, Mass.—Meridian street Hall,

Worcester, Mass.—Meridian street Hall,
Worcester, Mass.—Warren Hall, Pearl st., near Main
Hartford, Ct.—Odd Fellows' Hall, corner of Main and
Pratt streets, three times on Sunday, statedly.
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street, between Westminster and Broad streets. Preaching three times on the Sabbath. Prayer and conference
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Wilson on the Prophecies.—The Book of Inheritance and Winess of the Prophets, respecting Ephraim, and the Raising Up of Israel, By I. Wilson, Eng. 63.

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To Agents and Correspondents.

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Joseph Marsh, Editor and Proprietor. TERMS-IN ADVANCE. Single copy, one year ..... \$200.

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LT All communications for the Advent Harbinger should be ad dressed, post-paid,—JOSEPH MARSH, Rochester, N. Y. sday evenings.

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is published every month at the Advent Harbinger orsfrom Main street, every Lord's Day.— Also, at o. Currier's Hall, Spring street, every Sunday, and ednesday evening. Brethren making appointments are and especially to help them to a correct understand. and especially to help them to a correct understand ing of the SCRIPTURES.

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getting subscribers for the CHILDREN'S FRIEND. TERMS-ALWAYS IN ADVANCE

Postage added on those sent to Canada. Address, pre-paid, O. R.L. CROZIER, Rochester, N. Y.

F. B. HAHN. Let the wise answer. Canandaigua, N. Y., July 26, 1852.

of no is

went into a far country to receive for himself a kingdom, and to return. And he called his ten

The way now seems to open for me to go

return. Neither will death thus call his ser- as can be found on earth, and some as mean, vants to an account, rewarding some and punish- self-conceited, proud, self confident, and corrupt, ing others. Surely, no one can pretend that as can be found elsewhere. By the latter, I am death is appointed to judge the world. The coming here is one, not many: if it refers to takes away my strength, and then if I do not apdeath, it must have been fulfilled at the death of pear as if all was right, perhaps it will excite

to do it. I have written this, that you might

know my whereabouts, if you had any suspicion about my movements. G. NEEDHAM. Yours in hope, as

and from other persons, we have learned that he has received a commission from the 'Canadian Refuge Home Society,' and that he is going to devote his time, for the present, mainly to the noble work of pleading the cause of the poor

A critical and scriptural answer to the follow-

2. If so, how can a christian thus testify?

New London, Ohio.

FROM BRO. G. W. BUSHNELL.

good time, good audiences, and good attention, Liverpool,

If the brethren concerned desire a change in these Bro. Ingham from Maine is expected to attend

THOMAS GARBUTT.

Bro. I. E. Jones will hold a Grove Meeting in on the same question.

834,18

Grove Meeting.

From the Pittsburg Daily Commercial Journal. 'All Thy Works Shall Praise Thee.

BY H. GILLMORE.

Thus sang the bard in olden time, With heart replete with holy fire, That all might join in strains sublime Of praise to the Eternal Sire.

Let earth and heaven unite their lays; All grades and forms that live and move, Send forth their joyous notes of praise To Him who reigns enthroned above.

The spicy groves, in sunny climes, That send their fragrance all abroad; The blooming flowers, and fruitful vines, Speak forth their goodness of our God.

Electric glories of the north, Volcanic fires that stream amain, Like living messengers go forth, To tell the wonders of His Name.

The cloud-capped mount, the desert plain, The flowing stream, the genial shower, The foaming bidows of the main, Declare the greatness of His power.

The thunder's crash, the lightning's glare, In terror spread the news abroad, That all in earth and sea, and air, Must own the majesty of God.

The trembling earth obeys his voice, The stormy winds fulfil his word; The islands of the sea rejoice. All—all proclaim the mighty Lord.

The stars that shine like glit'ring gems, Or distant 'piles of crystal light,' Exhaustless shed their golden beams— And stamp his glory on the night.

Ten thousand suns, through boundless space, And systems that o'er systems rise. Reveal the glories of his grace, And shout His praise along the skies.

Above, beneath, and all around, His works announce His wond'rous skill, And teach this truth-broad and profound-That nature serves His sovereign will.

Then while all nature bends befere The influence of his mighty hand, Let man his Maker's love adore, And ever bow to llis command.

#### Selected.

#### An Early Resurrection Promised to Messiah.

BY WILLIAM GLEN MONCRIEFF, SCOTLAND.

"For thou wilt not leave my soul in hell, neither wilt thou suffer thine Holy One to see corruption."

In the second chapter of Acts, the Apostle Peter, in his memorable sermon, applies the prediction, of which the above verse forms a part, to Messiah, the exalted Savior of the world. No time, therefore, need be occupied in determining for whom were the words in the text provided, or who was not to be left in hell, what Holy One was not to see corruption, since a more satisfactory explanation could not be desired by any reasonable mind than the one contained in the discourse referred to. At once, then, we may proceed to their exposition, and, by the help of God, endeavor to open up their meaning with clearness and as much brevity as is consistent with a proper development of their

contents. I. Observe, the text is a reason for the feelings and hope expressed in the preceding verse. flesh also shall rest in hope. Why? 'For thou be left in hell-neither shalt thou see corrupwilt not leave my soul in hell,' &c. The whole tion'-it contains a Divine testimony to the passage may be thrown into the promise form and character of Messiah as the 'Holy One;' and read thus: 'Thy,' says Jehovah to his Messiah, 'thy hence when he applies the designation to himheart shall be glad, and thy glory shall rejoice; self, he simply uses the terms that were provided thy flesh also shall rest in hope, for thy soul will for him; his Father styles him his 'Holy One,' not be left in hell, thou wilt not be suffered to see corruption.' Such was the prophetic promise prepared for Messiah, and trusting to the faith- as a plea why the promise should be realized in fulness of his Father, in due time he took it up, we doubt not, in faith, and made it his consolation while advancing toward the cross and the tomb. Then it assumed the form expressive of Messiah's unwavering confidence in it as a faithful saying, and this, in anticipation of his certainly employing it so as to express his conviction of its truth, is the shape it has in the prophetic record, 'My heart is glad, and my glory rejoiceth; my flesh also shall rest in hope, for thou wilt not leave my soul,' &c.

II. 'My soul' (nepheshi) is a Hebrewism for me. Thou wilt not leave me in hell, is the form of the language when divested of its Oriental idiom. Of such a mode of expressing the idea of personality, there are a multitude of examples in the Old and New Testament. For instance: Gen. xxxiv. 8. 'The soul of my son Schechem,' i. e., my son Schechem. Psa. xxxiv. 22, 'The Lord redeemeth the soul of his servants,' 1. e., the Lord redeemeth his servants. Prov. x. 3, The Lord will not suffer the soul of the righteous to famish,' i. e., the Lord will not suffer the righteous to famish. Ezek. xviii. 4, 'All souls are mine, as the soul of the Father, so also the soul of the Son is mine, the soul that sinneth it shall die;' or simply thus: 'All are mine, as the Father, so also the Son is mine, he that sinneth shall die.'

Not unfrequently have our translators omitted the nepheshi, commonly rendered soul, and given a simple utterance of its force, or the idea of personality, as we have done after the scripture quotations just made. In illustration of this statement, we may refer to such passages as these:-Gen. xiv. 21, 'And the king of Sodom said unto Abraham, give me the persons,' (margin, 'souls.') Josh. xxiii. 11, 'Take good heed, therefore, unto yourselves, (margin, your souls.) Judges xvi. 30, 'And Samson said, Let me die,' (margin, let my soul die ) 1 Chron. v. 21, 'And they took - of men an hundred thousand,' (margin, they took of 'souls of men.') Job xxxvi. 14, 'They die in youth,' (margin, their soul dieth.) Jer. xxxvii. 9, 'Deceive not yourselves,' (margin, your souls.) 2 Cor. xii. 15, I will very gladly spend and be spent for you,' (margin, your souls.)

'Thou wilt not leave my soul,' then, is clearly me, or thou wilt not leave thy Messiah in hell, &c. As the verse is constructed on the parallel principle, which is often illustrated by the Hebrew poems, it is also apparent that there is in the second division of the passage some terms that repeat and explain certain words in the first. The terms in the first member of the verse we allude to, are 'my soul,' and the words that are parallel to them are clearly thine Holy One; and since this is the case, we may read the verse thus: 'Thou wilt not leave me, thy Holy One, in hell, thou wilt not suffer me, thine Holy One, to see corruption.' The soul of Jehovah's Holy One just means Jehovah's Holy One himself, who was not to remain in hell, who was not to see corruption. Likewise, let it be remarked, that the second form, 'thine Holy one,' not merely parallels the first 'my soul' or me, but adds to its fulness by way of explanation, or by disclosing the perfection of Messiah's character. He is not merely Jehovah's One-the one dear to him; he is the 'Holy One,' which manifests the Redeemer's character and faithfulness in his office as the revealer of God and the Savior of

Viewing the text as a premise, the form in which it would originally exist in the Divine mind, and would be thrown upon the intellect of the prophet, into which shape we have already converted it above, thy heart shall be glad-thy glory shall rejoice-thy soul shall not and therefore he so describes himself, and tacitly, as we may say, employs the acknowledged fact his experience. In the character of the Messiah, the epithet 'Holy One' was perfectly illustrated, for he was 'holy, harmless, undefiled, and separate from sinners;' spotless was his life, and in the end, even Judas, who was most intimately acquainted with him, who had been, as we say, admitted behind the scenes, had no other declaration than this concerning his Master whom he betrayed, I have sinned in that I have betrayed innocent blood.' It would appear then that the phrase 'Holy One' is not to be understood of

comparative perfection in character; on the contrary, it unquestionably denotes absolute plain and its hills and palms. He was that beloved Son in whom his Father was well pleased, as was intimated by voices from the eternal throne, by the intense and incomprehensibly intimate fellowship he enjoyed with his Father, by the astonishing prodigies at his crucifixion, by his resurrection from the grave, and his exaltation to the right hand of the Majesty on high, far above all principalities and powers, and might and dominion, and every name that is named .-In virtue of his sinlessness could he die for the unjust; in virtue of needing no salvation himself, could he become the Redeemer of a lost world.

III. His soul, he, the 'Holy One' of God, was not to be left in hell, neither was he to see cor-

The term rendered 'hell' is sheol in the Hebrew, and in applying this prediction to Jesus Christ, and demonstrating its accomplishment in him, the Apostle Peter uses hadou, a part of the Greek word hades, which is proven by this very fact to be the Greek synonym for the Hebrew sheel. Sheel signifies the state of the dead, or a dead state, the grave, a deep pit. Frequently is it rendered grave in the Old Testament, as Psa. vi. 5, 'In the grave (sheel) who shall give thee thanks?' Psa. xxx. 3, 'O Lord, thou hast brought up my soul (or me) from the grave,' (sheol.) Psa. xxxi. 17, 'Let them (the wicked) be silent as the grave,' [sheol.] Psa. lxxxix. 48, 'Shall he deliver his soul [himself] from the hand of the grave,' [sheol.] Prov. i, 12, 'Let us swallow them up alive in the grave,' [sheol.] Prov. xxx. 16, 'The grave,' [sheol.] Eccl. ix. 10, There is no work, nor device, &c., in the grave, [sheol,] whither thou goest.' See also Song of Sol. viii. 6; Isa. xxxviii. 10; and Rev. xx. 13, 'Death and hell [hades, margin, grave,] delivered up the dead which were in them.'-When a dead man is in sheol, he is of course in his grave, but the term sheol is more comprehensive or generic than the word grave as usually employed. All the dead are in sheel, or in a dead state; hades has the dead, not the living, in it, as is demonstrated by Rev. xx. 13, Death and hades delivered up the dead which were in them.' Each dead man is in his grave, or keher, in the Hebrew tongue. Sheol, or hades, clasps all graves-it, like a large realm, receives the congregation of the dead, and in its silent, dark and noisome enclosure they slumber on and moulder into dust. When one goes into sheel, the poetic Hebrew mind pictures him as going into this obscure domain, which is just a state, presented under the imagery of a place, for sheol is no more a real place than death is a real being. They personfied death as we do ourselves when for instance we speak of the monster death, of his coming, of his relentlessness, neaning only thereby that men expire under an unavoidable appointment; the dead go into sheol-they are with the dead-they are like them-they are asleep and corrupting in the dust. Inasmuch as dead men are buried or covered from the sight, it is quite correct to say of all the dead that they are in hell even, only let the true force of the English term be carefully understood. Hell is a part of the Anglo-Saxon verb helan, to hele, or hell, heel, hill, shell, hulk, shovel, whole, wold, welt, heal, sheal, shield, shawl, i. e., cover up. -English Truth-Seeker, No. 5, p. 377. Hell, then, is a place covered up, and when men are in sheel, they are hidden from view; they are, as the Geeks said, in hades, the unseen, from a, not, and ideni, to see. The import of hell is very perceptible in the word healing, When a wound is closing, we say it is healing; when fully repaired, we say it has healed, it is now covered out of view. Thus it is quite correct to call each grave a hell, for there a corpse is hid, so that hell may stand generically for all graves and for the state of all in them, or specifi- the wisest, always the safest for every one, cally for a grave, and the state of the dead being any and all circumstances.

by whom it is tenanted. Do we not speak of a grave, and of the grave? So we may discourse completeness, holiness, in him who appear- of hell and of a hell, [hole is twin to hell;] of ed as the example and redeemer of our sheel, and of a sheel, though the Hebrews never race. He towered above all human beings as seem to have used the term except in a generic the cloud-touching mountain rises above the or comprehensive manner, [as we use the word grave in the expression the grave,] though the principles of language might fully have authorized them taking such a course.

When the Messiah entered sheol, he was hid, silent, praiseless and at rest; he was in the state and of course in the place where corruption is seen or undergone. Now this brings us to note the second parallelism that seems to be in the verse. The first was between the 'my soul' or the me, and the 'Holy One;' the example remaining to be considered is found in the words 'in hell' and 'see corruption.' Let them be placed thus-

Thou wilt not leave me in HELL;

Neither wilt thou suffer thine Holy One to SEE CORRUPTION.

To be in sheol, or in the state of the dead, is not necessarily to see corruption; it is, however, certainly to be where in all ordinary cases it is seen or undergone, and where no one is long without suffering decomposition. Lazarus, for instance, was in sheel, and he had been so long in a condition of death in the tomb, that his sister thought corruption must at the date of her conversation with our Lord, have had a commencement; she said, 'Lord, by this time he stinketh, for he hath been dead [buried?] four days.' John xi. 39. The soul of Messiah, or Messiah himself, could die then; for he did expire on the cross; could see corruption since he needed to be preserved from it, and the words before us are the promise that he would. Had the verse ran, Thou wilt not suffer me to see sheel, the meaning would have been, thou wilt not permit me to die; had it been only, thou wilt not leave me in sheol, the sense would have been, thou wilt give me a resurrection, without at all intimating when it would be effected; and as it stands, we learn that Messiah was to die, for he was to enter sheel, and also that he would be soon resurrected, since he was not in sheel even to see corruption. The whole verse, then, is equivalent to a declaration that Messiah should have a very early resurrection; one before corruption had commenced, which in the climate of Judea was commenced much sooner than with us, in consequence of its warmer temperature, which is universally known to accelerate the process of decay and resolution. From the gospels we discover that Messiah expected such a restoration to life, as we read in Matt. xx. 18, 19. 'The chief priests and - scribes shall condemn him to death, and shall deliver him to the Gentiles to mock and to scourge and to crucify him, and the third day he shall rise again.' Matt. xii. 40, 'For as Jonah was three days and three nights in the whale's belly, so shall the Son of man be three days and three nights in the heart of the earth.' on the morning of the day, in spite of every effort by his foes, he awoke from the sleep of death, and came forth the spoiler of the grave.

"And did he rise?
Hear, O ye nations, hear it, O ye dead!
He rose, he rose! and burst the bars of death."

From the sepulcher he issued forth to die no more; death has no more dominion over himhe ever liveth to make intercession for us .-'With long life'-length of days-'will I satisfy him, and show him my salvation.'-Bible Exam

RECEIPT FOR A HAPPY Home. - Six things says Hamilton, are requisite to create a happy home. Integrity must be the architect, al tidiness the upholsterer. It must be warmed by affection, and lighted up with cheerfulness, and industry must be the ventilator, renewing the by day; while over all, as a protecting canople and glory, nothing will suffice except the blest ing of God.

THE open, bold, honest truth, is alway